

# Academia Sinica at the ATLAS Experiment

AAC Meeting

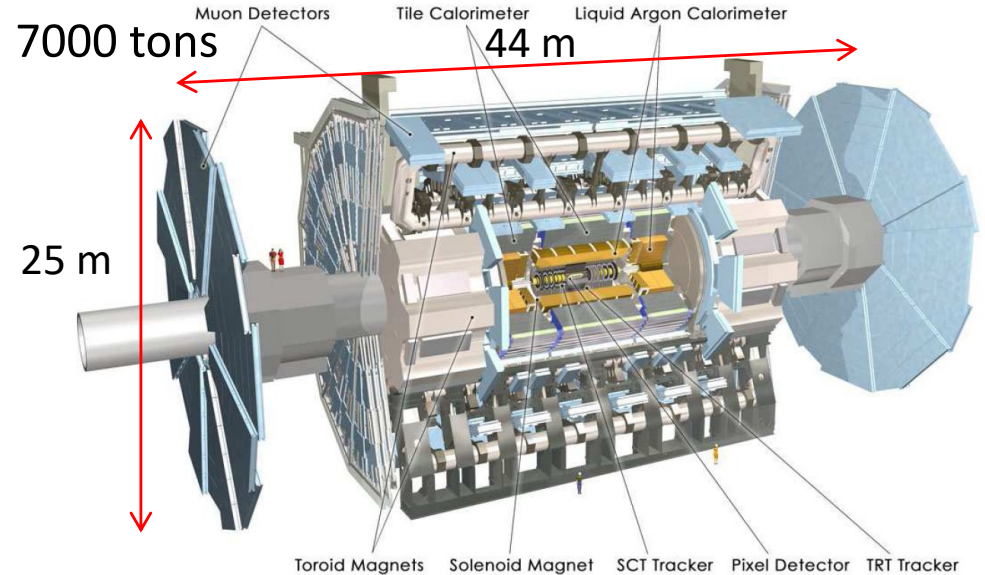
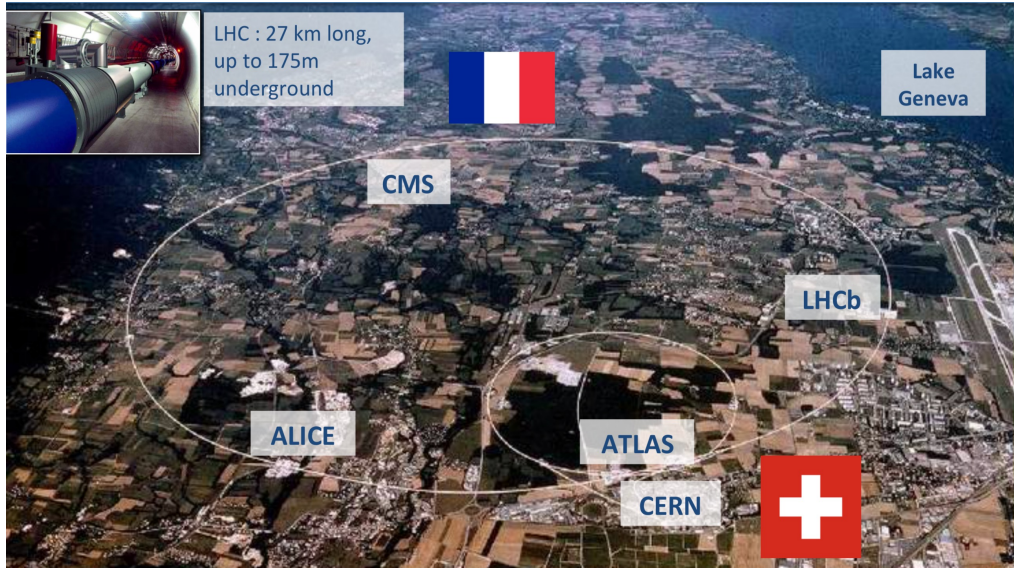
June 2025

Song-Ming Wang

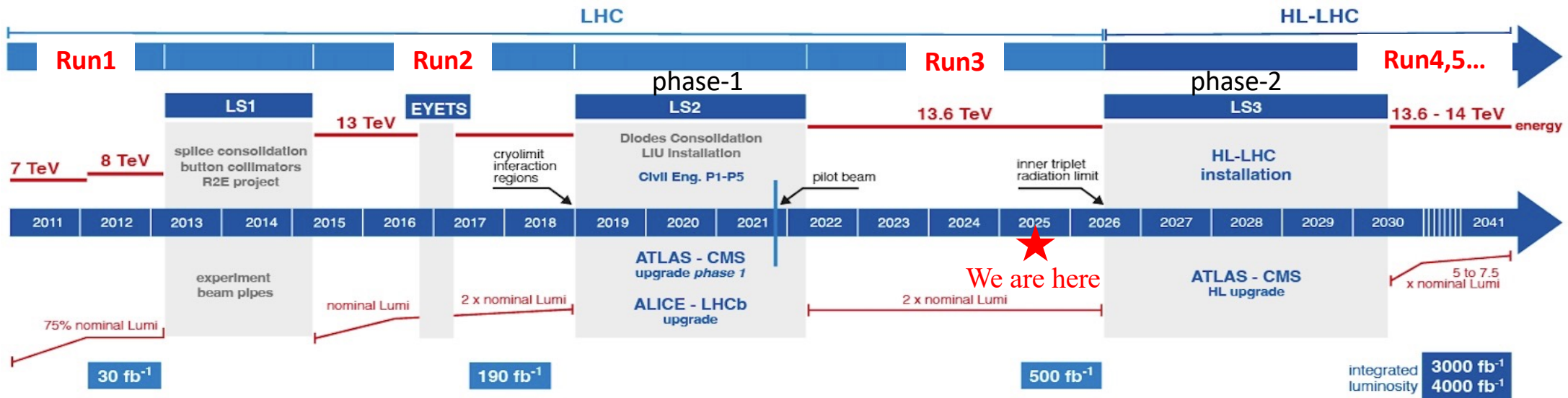
On behalf of the AS/ATLAS group



# ATLAS Experiment



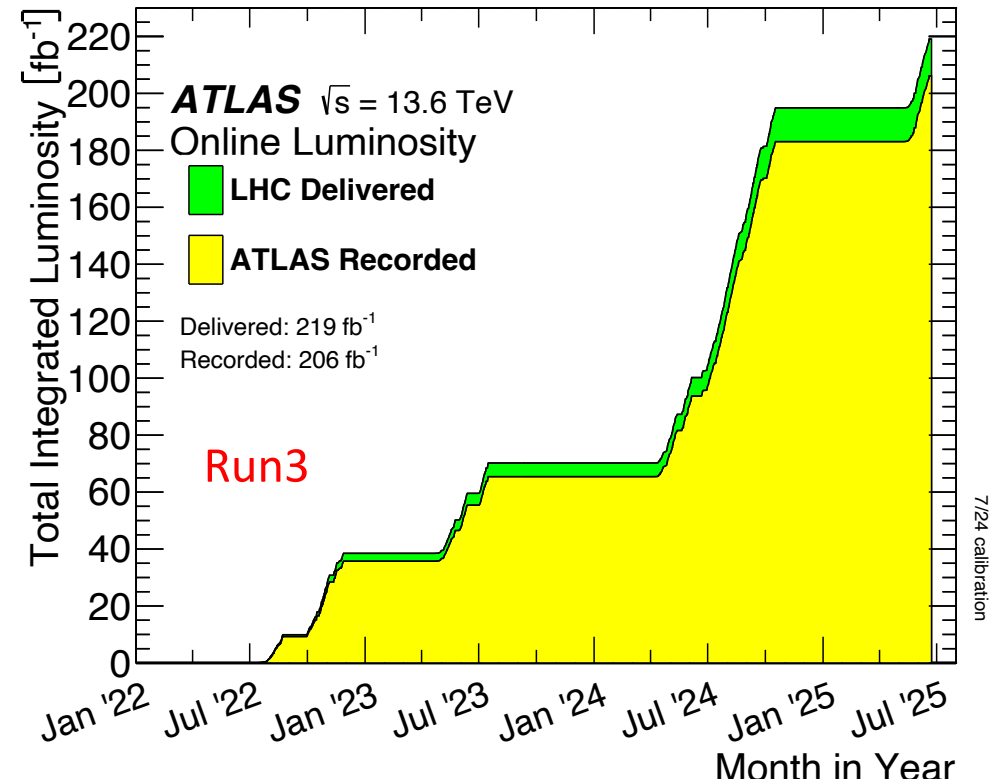
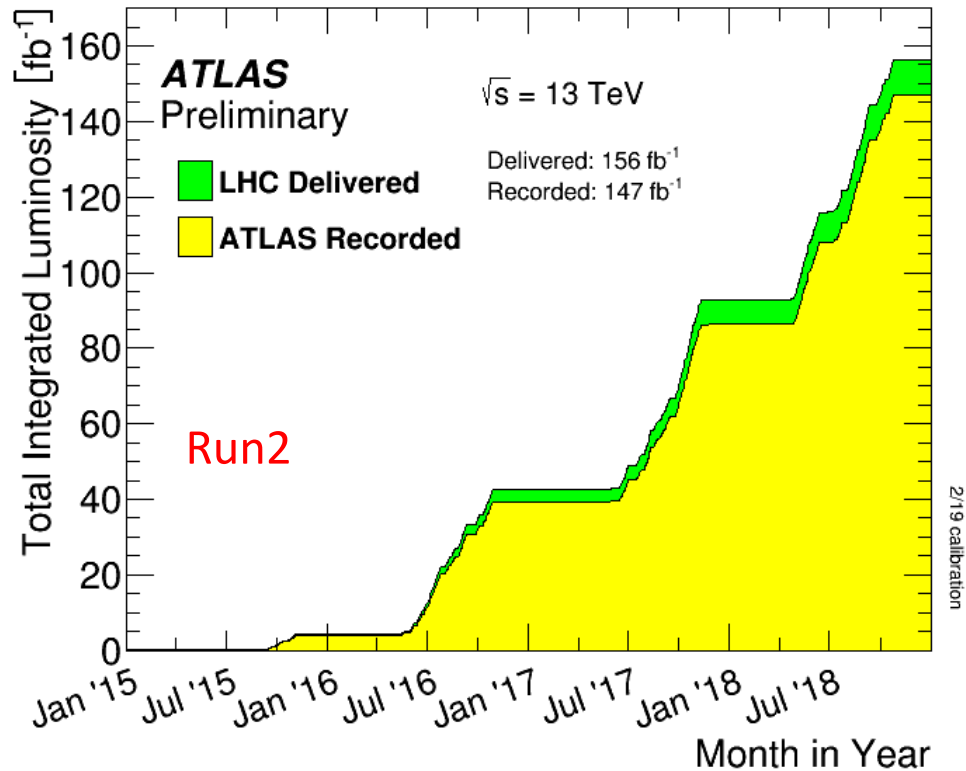
- ATLAS collaboration: ~3000 physicists



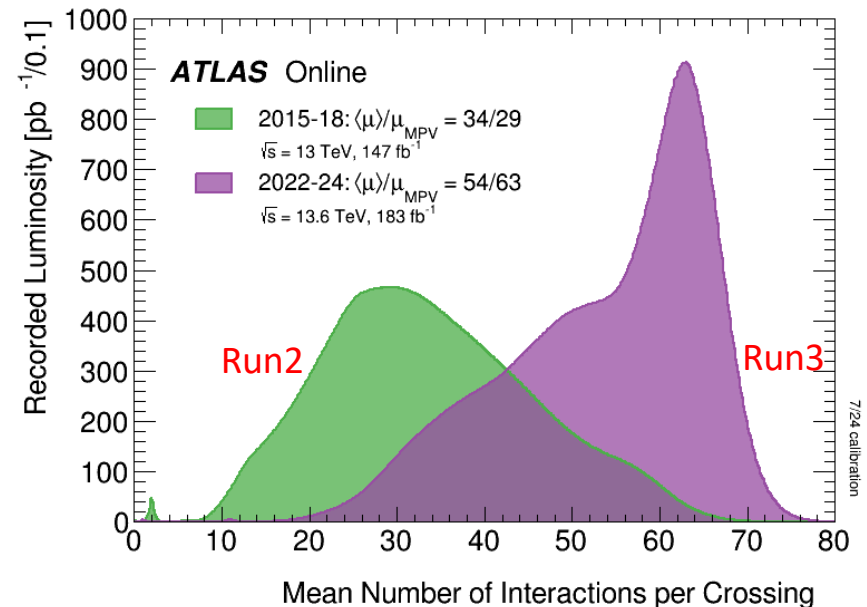
- First pp collision on Nov 23rd 2009
- Commissioning run in 2010
- Run1: 2011-2012 (  $\sqrt{s}=7,8$  TeV )

- Run2: 2015-2018 (  $\sqrt{s}=13$  TeV )
- Run3: 2022-2026 (June) (  $\sqrt{s}=13.6$  TeV )

# ATLAS Run2 & Run3



- **Run2:**
  - Recorded 147 fb<sup>-1</sup>, ~140 fb<sup>-1</sup> good for physics
- **Run3:**
  - Recorded lumi already exceeded Run2
  - One more year of data taking!
  - Expected data size ~2X Run2
  - Average pileup ~60% higher than Run2

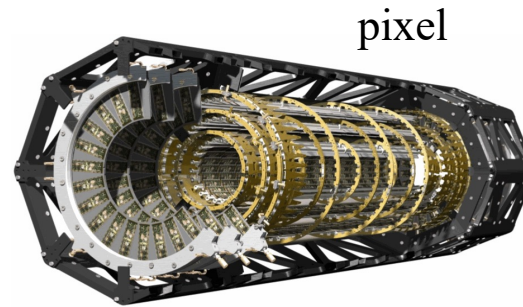




# AS in ATLAS During Early Years

- Academia Sinica joined ATLAS in 2000
  - Participated in detector construction
  - setup Tier-1,2 centers at ASGC, provide distributed computing service for ATLAS
  - Conduct detector performance studies with testbeam and early pp collision data

**Hardware :** Tier-1,2 centers at ASGC

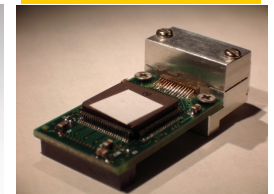


pixel

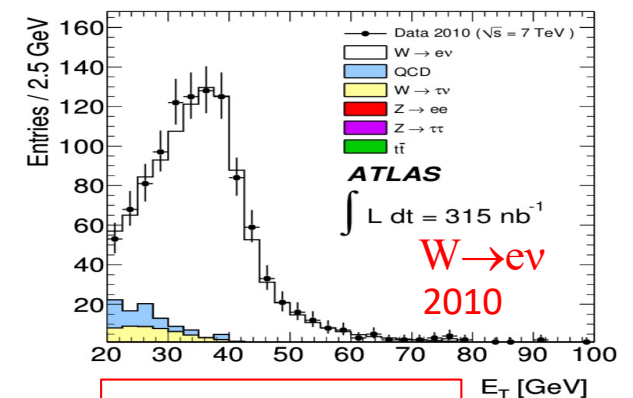
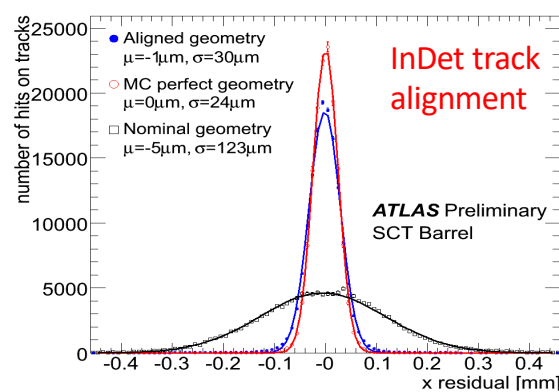
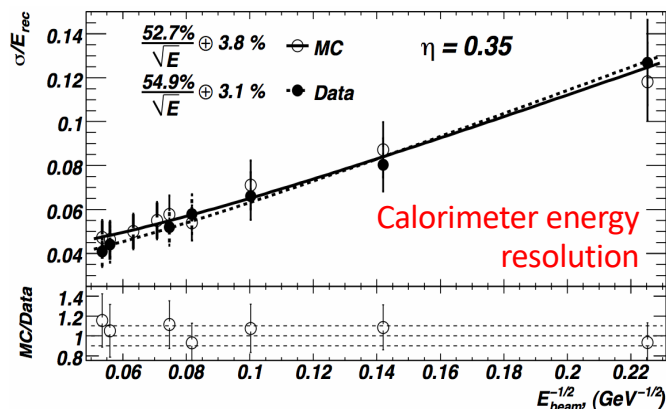
RX module



TX module



- Optical readout modules for Pixel, SCT, LAr
- Covering ~98% of all ATLAS readout channels



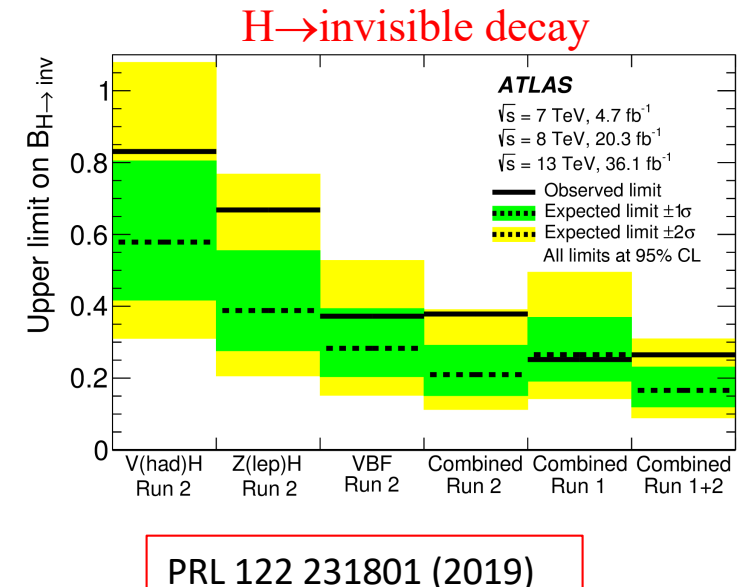
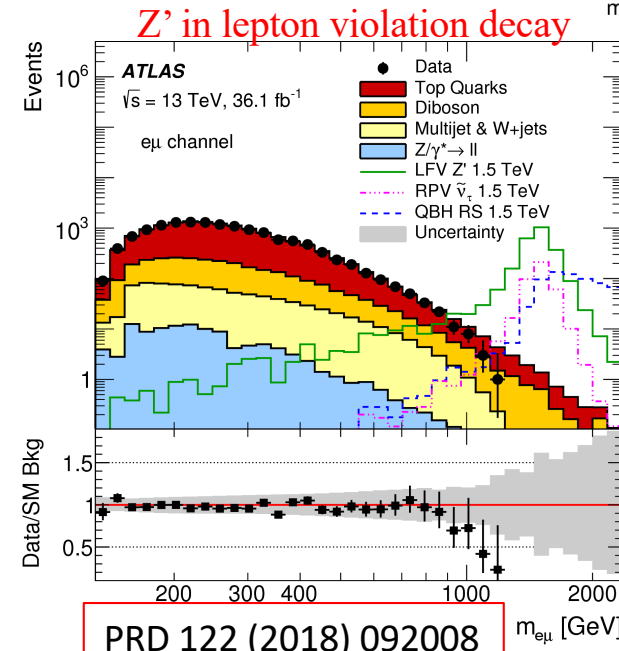
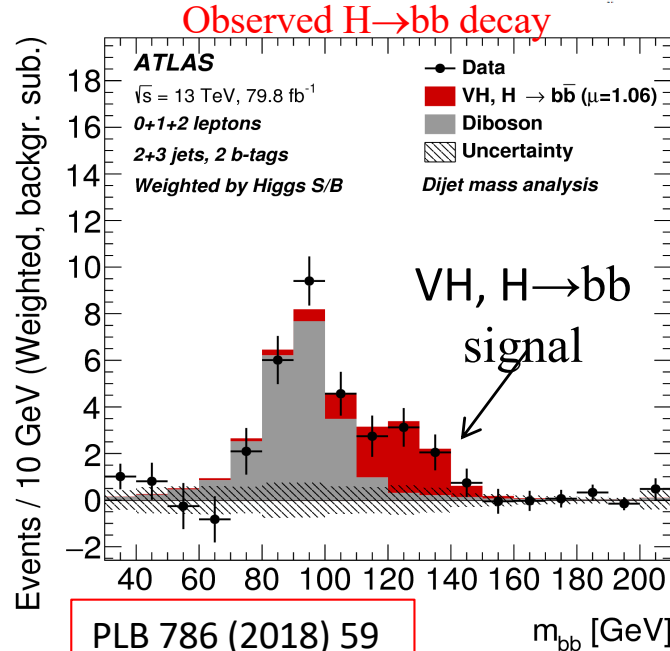
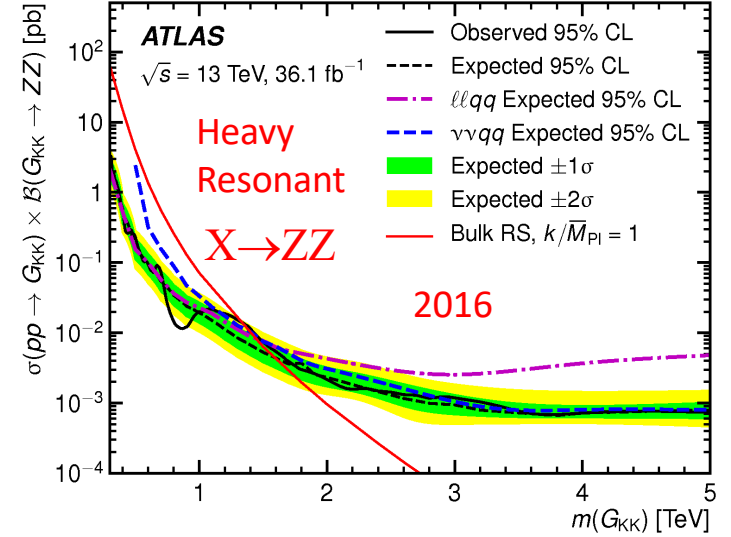
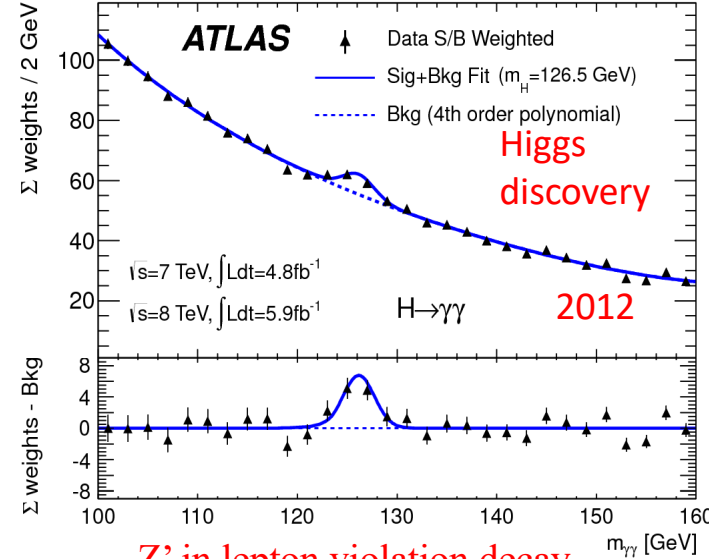
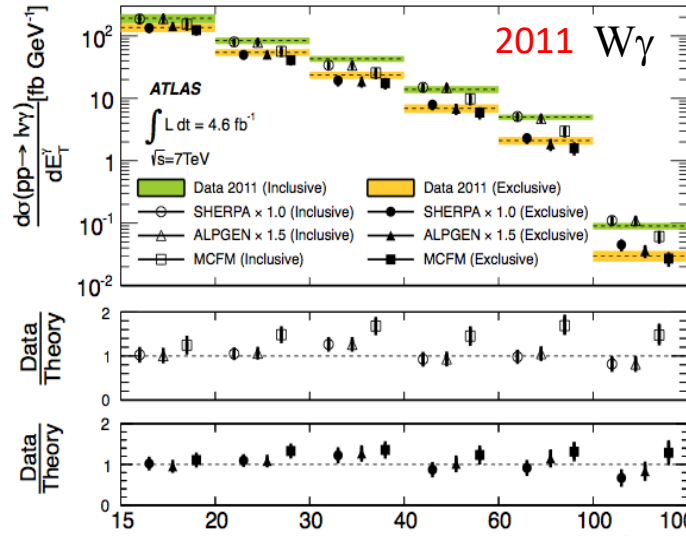
JHEP 12 (2010) 060



# AS in ATLAS During Early Years

## •Data analyses

- Performed Standard Model measurements, contributed to the Higgs boson discovery, and new physics searches



PLB 786 (2018) 59

PRD 122 (2018) 092008

PRL 122 231801 (2019)

## Current AS Members in ATLAS



Suen Hou



Yun-Ju Lu



Yi Yang  
(New faculty  
joined in 2024)



Pu-Kai Wang (postdoc), Roger Bing-Hong Pan  
(research assistant), David Ta-Yu Chen (PhD student),  
Kuan-Yu Huang, Guang Ting Chen (master students)



Ijaz Ahmad (PhD student)

(Left to Right): Salah-Eddine Dahbi (postdoc),  
Song-Ming Wang, Kiran Farman (PhD student),  
Shahzad Ali (PhD student, graduated in 2024)

# Highlights of AS in ATLAS in the Last Five Years

## Data Analyses



# Dark Matter Search in 2HDM extension models



- Collaborated with UMich and USTC on SM boson (Z), Di-boson (ZZ) final state measurements, and SUSY searches
- Recently: Search dark matter production in association with a Higgs boson
- Dark matter un-detected, and assume

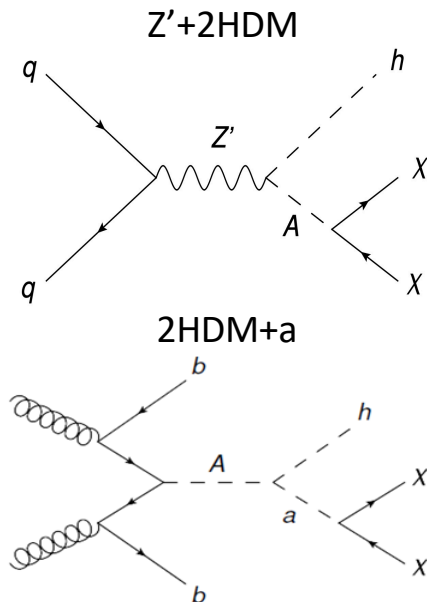
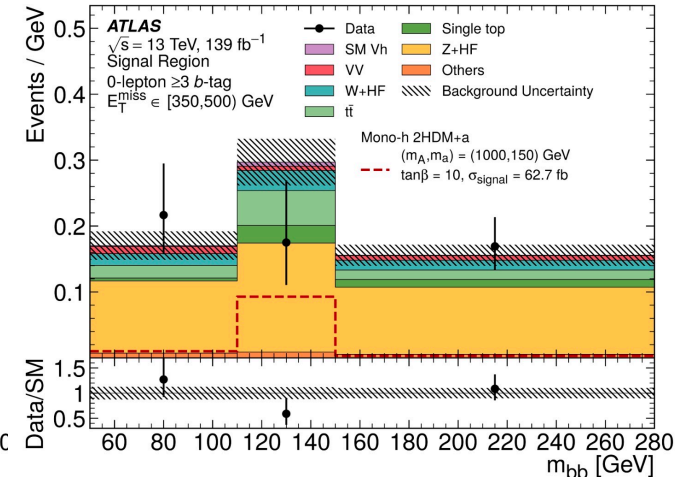
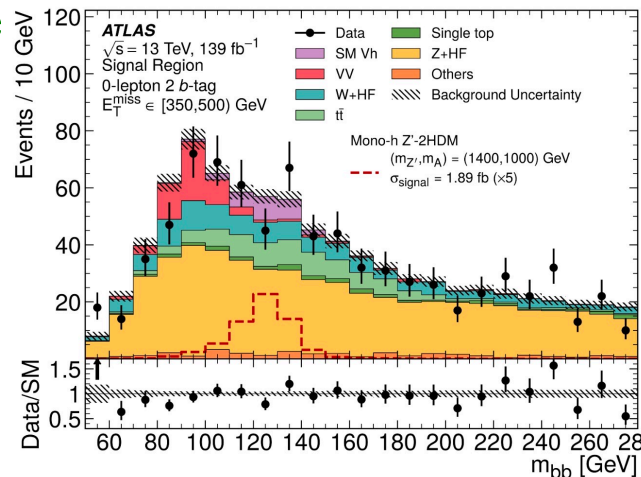
$H \rightarrow bb$  decay

JHEP 11 (2021) 209

- Missing  $E_T + \geq 2b$ -jets signature
- Data consistent with SM
- Interpret results in  $Z' + 2\text{HDM}$  and  $2\text{HDM}+a$  benchmark models
- Group member was convenor for  $2\text{HDM}+a$  topic

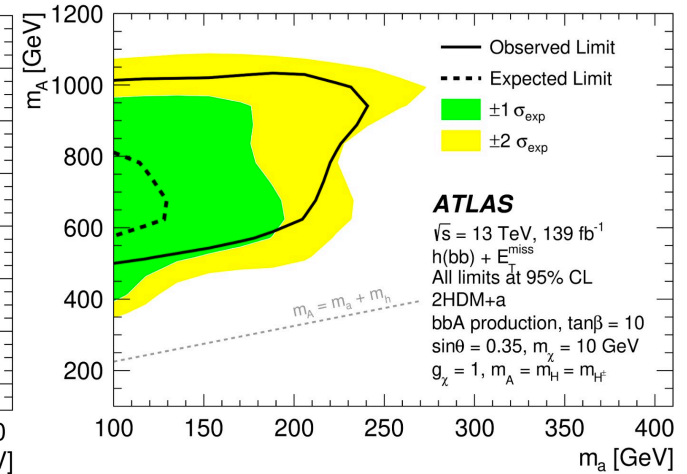
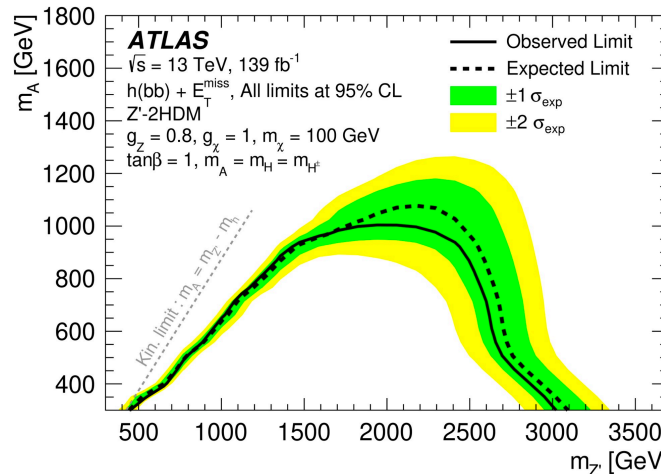
2bjets,  $350 < \text{MET} < 500$  GeV

3bjets,  $350 < \text{MET} < 500$  GeV



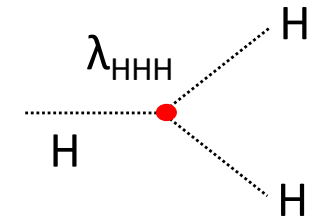
$Z' + 2\text{HDM}$

$2\text{HDM} + a$



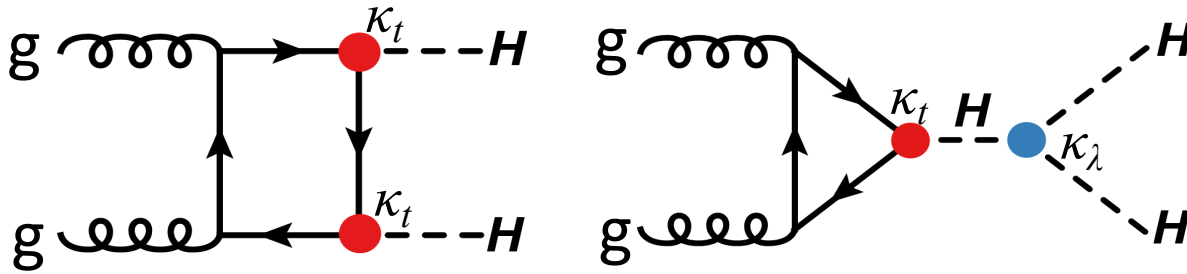
# Higgs Boson Pair Production

- Higgs pair production provides direct measurement of Higgs boson self-coupling  $\lambda_{HHH}$ 
  - Determine the shape of the Higgs potential, connected to phase of early universe from unbroken to broken electroweak symmetry
- HH pair produced predominantly through gluon fusion (ggF)

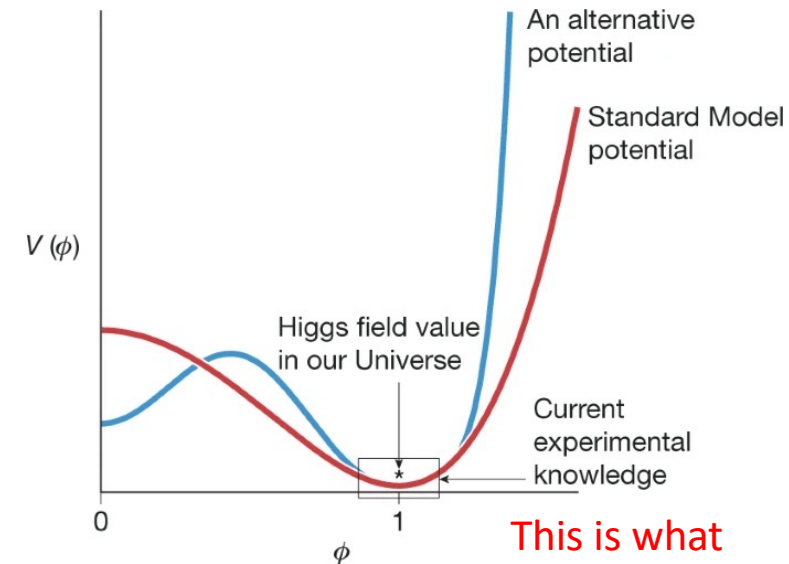
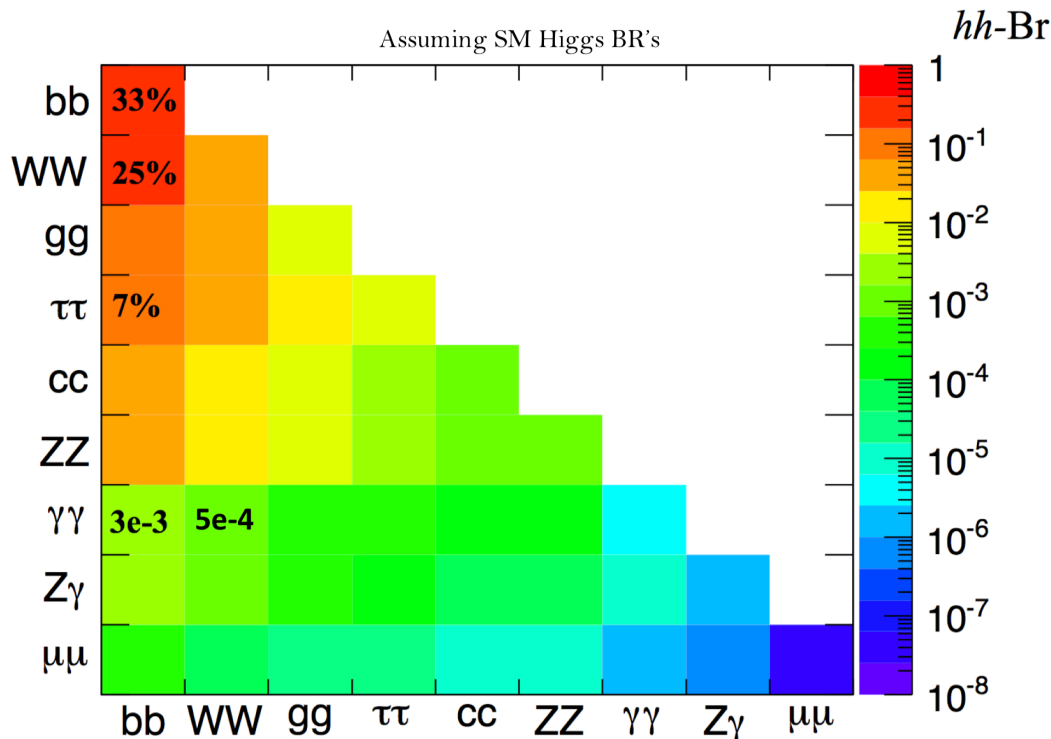


$$\kappa_\lambda = \frac{\lambda_{HHH}}{\lambda_{HHH}^{SM}}$$

(SM:=1, BSM:  $\neq 1$ )



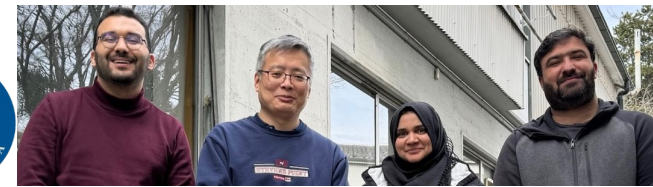
Assuming SM Higgs BR's



## Most sensitive channels :

- $HH \rightarrow bbbb$  : highest BR ( $\sim 33\%$ ), large BG from multi-jets
- $HH \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma$  : clean, but small BR ( $\sim 0.3\%$ )
- $HH \rightarrow bb\tau\tau$  : moderate BG and BR ( $\sim 7\%$ )

# HH→bbττ Search

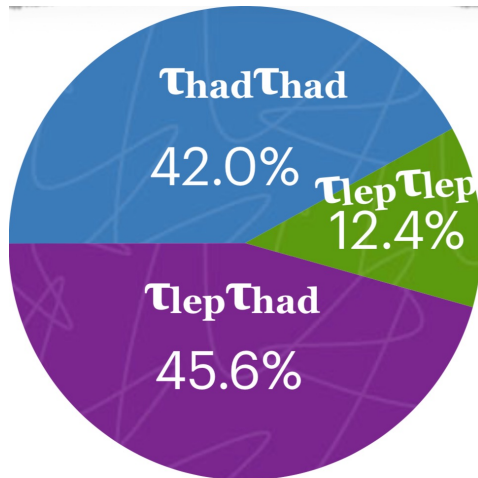


## • Tau decay:

- ~35% leptonic decay (e,  $\mu$  + neutrinos)
- ~65% hadronic decay

## • Select di-tau decays :

- $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ ,  $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$  (opposite charged)

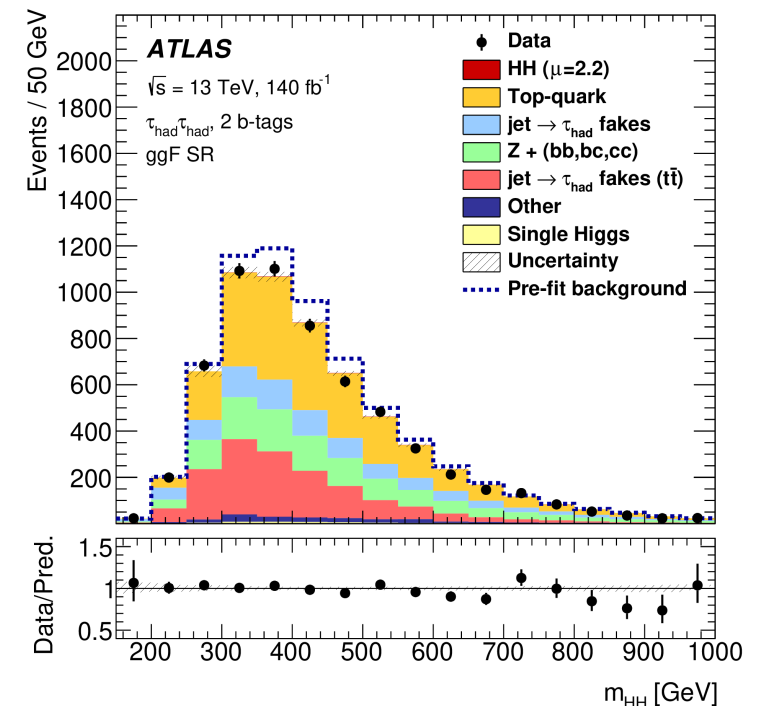
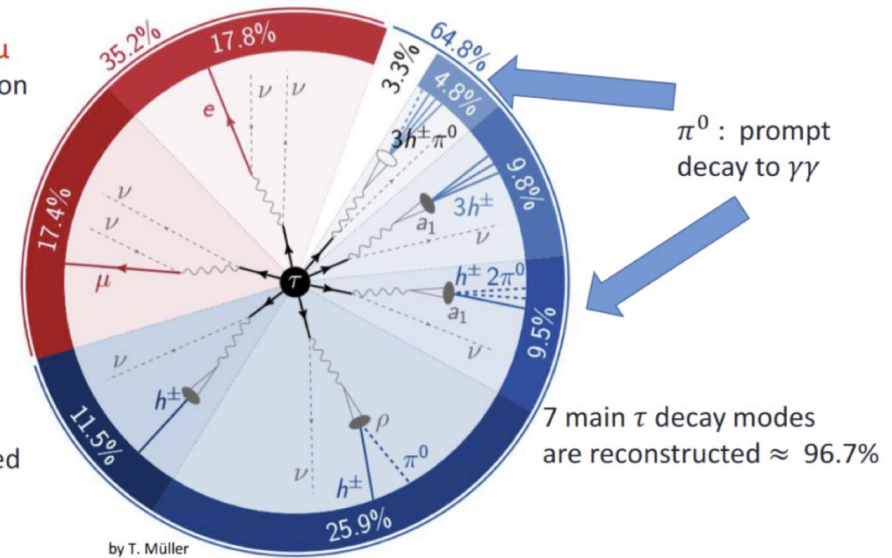


## • Main background:

- true  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  : ttbar, Z+jets, single Higgs
- fake  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  : jets faking as tau in ttbar and multi-jet
- Estimate jet faking tau rates in control regions

Standard e/ $\mu$  reconstruction for leptonic decays

$h^\pm$  : charged pion/kaon

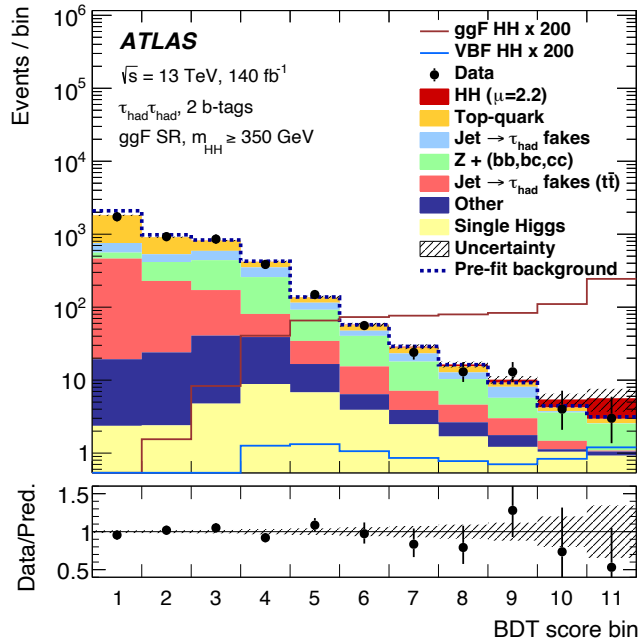




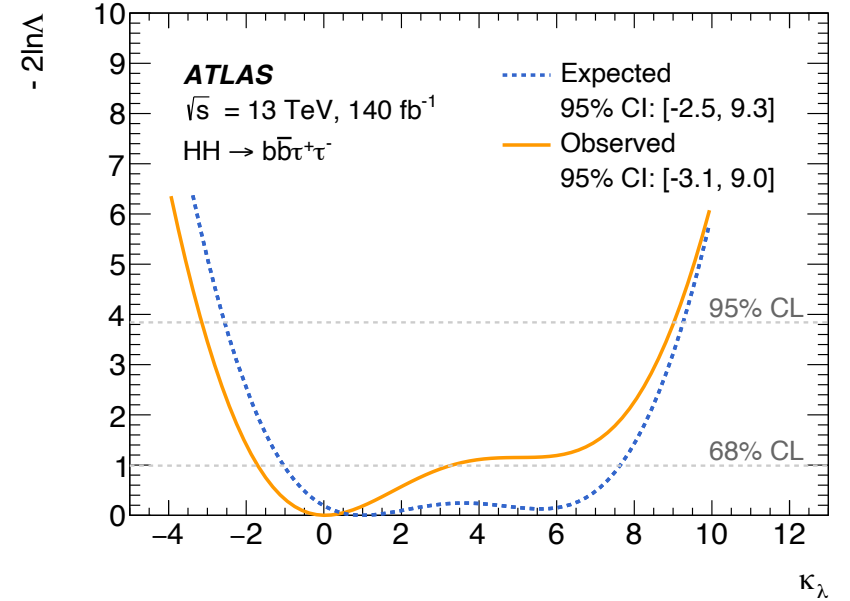
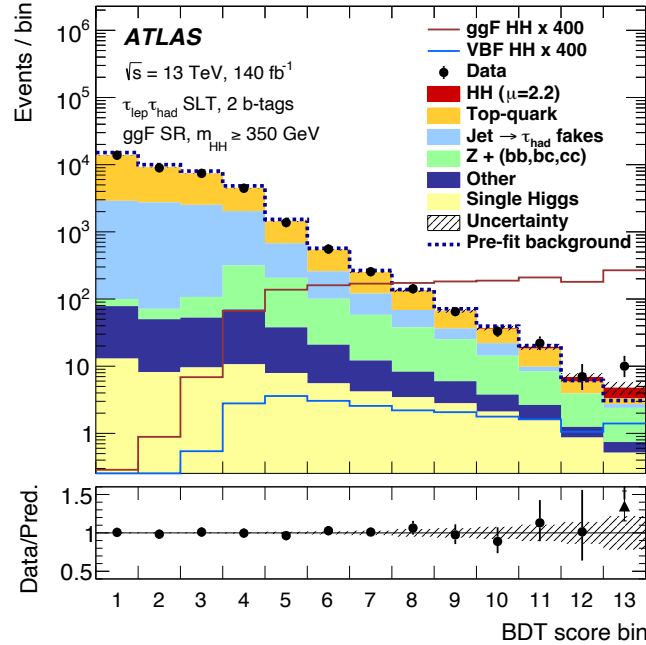
# HH→bbττ Search

- Re-analyzed full Run2 data sample, introduced new improvements
  - Optimized event classification to enhance sensitivity to  $\kappa_\lambda$
  - Improved machine learning training to increase sensitivity to SM HH production

hadhad, ggF, high mHH



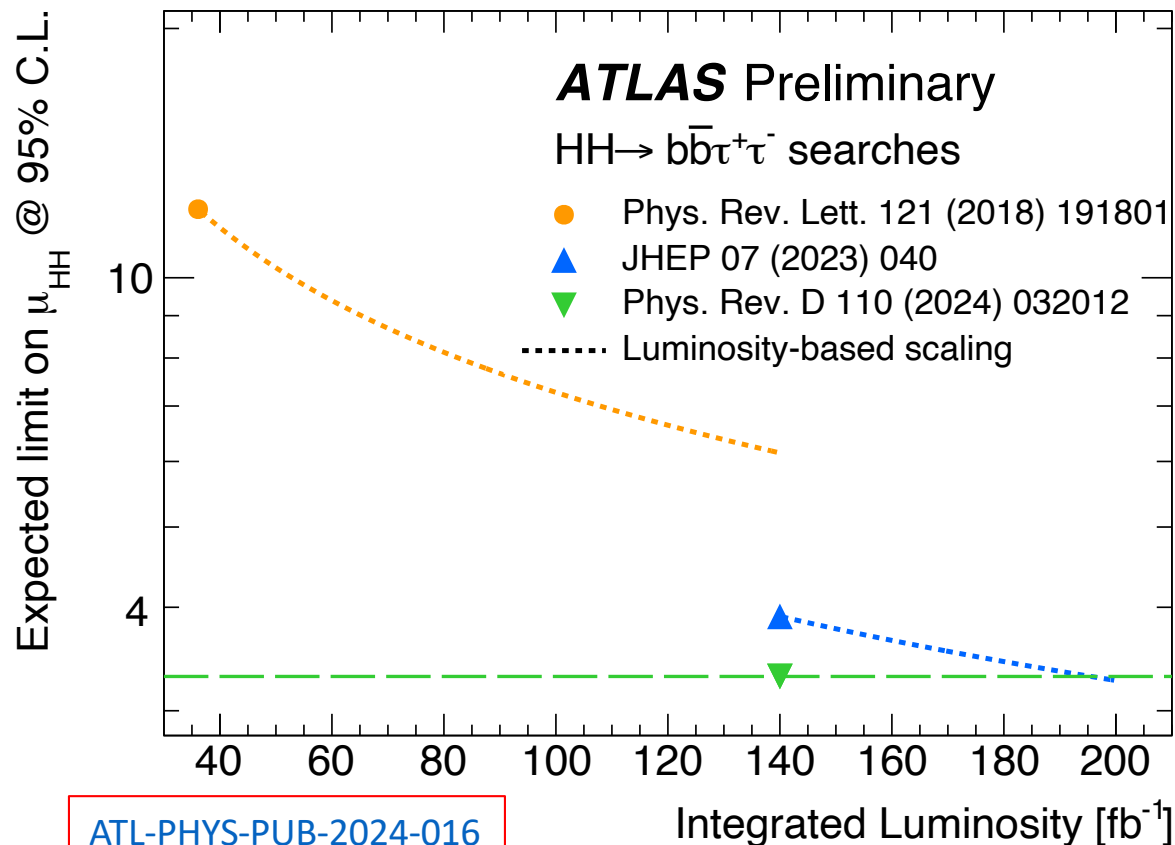
lephad, ggF, high mHH



- Do not observe significant excess in data over background prediction
- Set upper limit on HH production rate at 95% CL:
  - Observed (expected) : 5.9 (3.9) times the SM prediction
- $\kappa_\lambda$  constrained at 95% CL interval:
  - [-3.2, 9.1] ( [-2.5, 9.2] )

# HH→bbττ Search

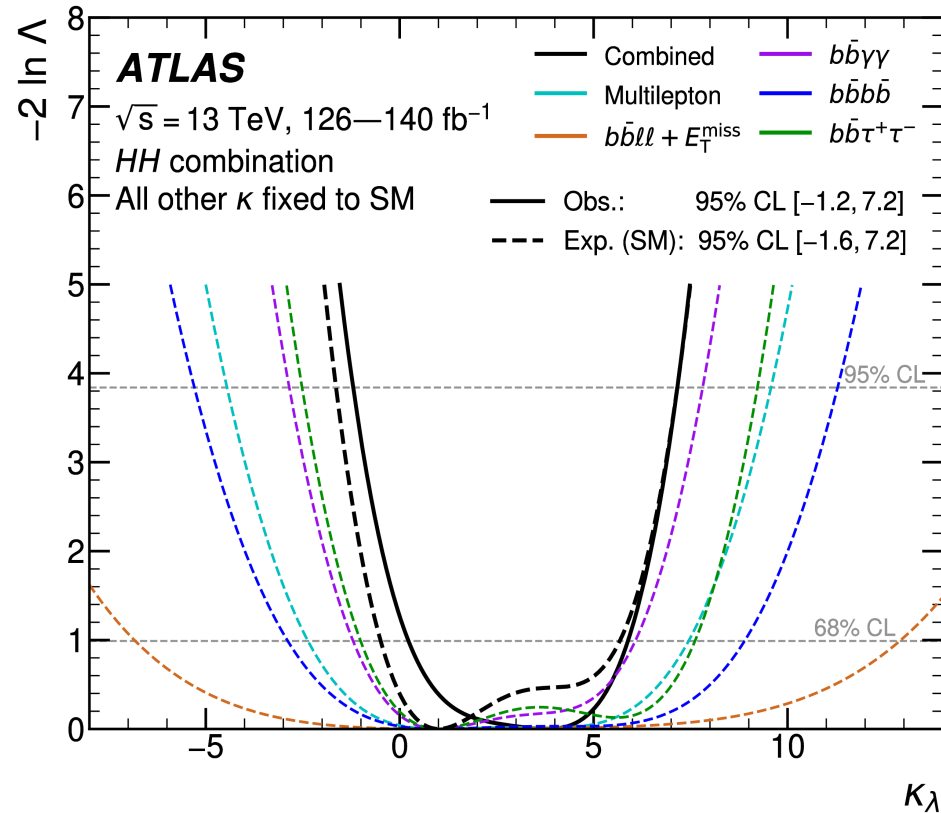
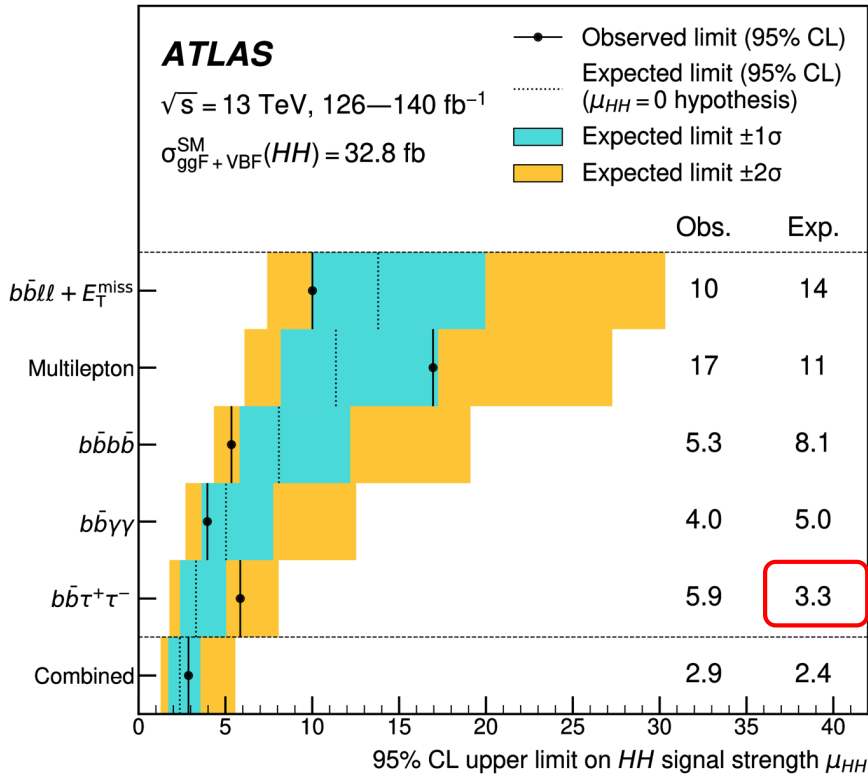
- Improvement in  $HH \rightarrow bb\tau\tau$  search sensitivity over the past 3 papers exceeded that from only by increasing data size
- From 1<sup>st</sup> analysis to 2<sup>nd</sup> analysis: Data size increased by  $\sim 4x$ 
  - Without improving analysis method, expected exclusion limit will only improve by  $\sim 2x$
  - We achieved improvement of  $\sim 3.8x$
- From 2<sup>nd</sup> analysis to 3<sup>rd</sup> analysis: Same data size
  - Expected exclusion limit improves by  $\sim 15\%$  (= gain of additional 60 fb<sup>-1</sup> data)



- AS took part all these 3 papers.
- Key contributions:
  - 1st : Editorial Board Chair
  - 2nd : code development, analysis, paper co-editor
  - 3rd : postdoc co-lead analysis, code development, background study

# HH Searches at ATLAS

- Combined all ATLAS HH search results based on full Run2 data:



$$\kappa_\lambda = \frac{\lambda_{HHH}}{\lambda_{HHH}^{\text{SM}}}$$

- Limits on HH production rate at 95% CL
  - Obs (exp) = 2.9 (2.4)  $\times$  SM
- Significance : Obs (exp) = 0.4 (1.0)  $\sigma$

- Likelihood scan on  $\kappa_\lambda$  (self-coupling modifier)
- $\kappa_\lambda$  constrained at 95% CL interval:
  - Obs (exp) =  $[-1.2, 7.2]$  (  $[-1.6, 7.2]$  )

- $bb\tau\tau$  channel has the best expected limit on the HH production rate in ATLAS using full Run2 data

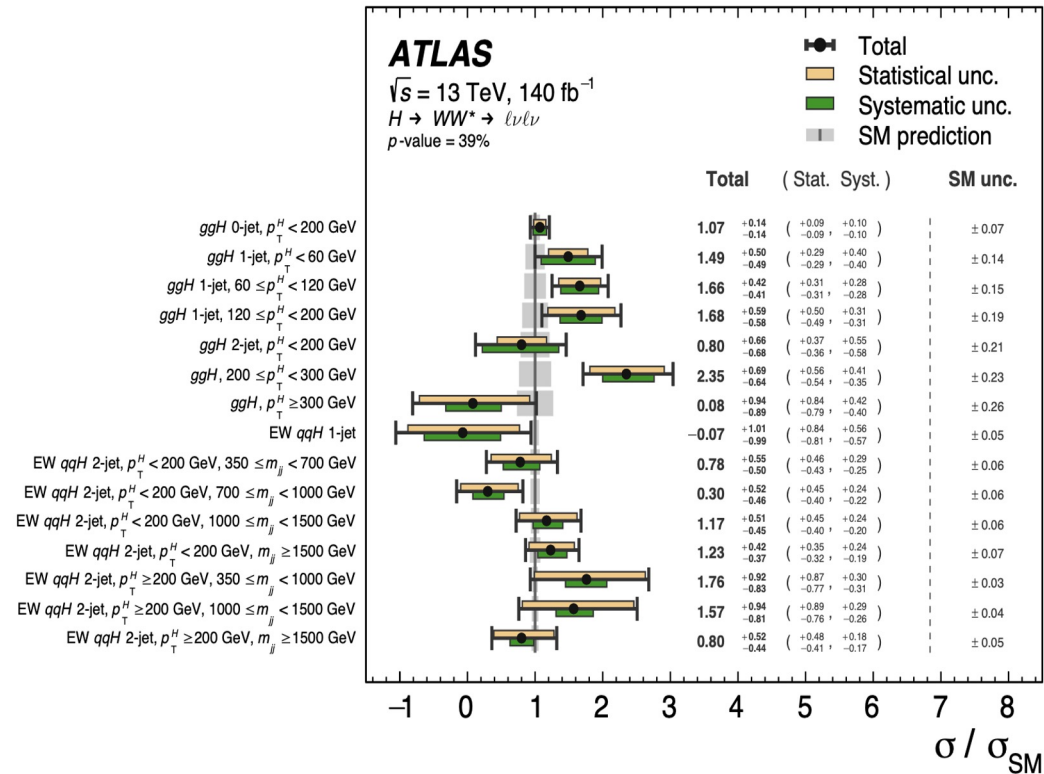
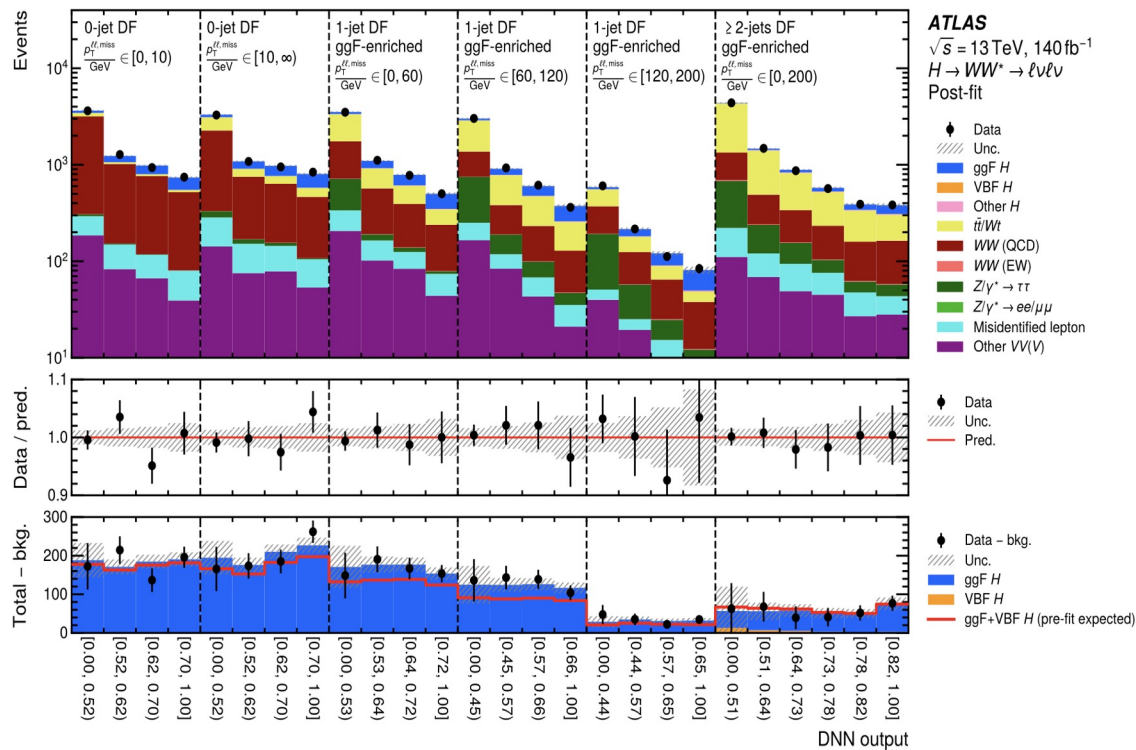


# Measurement of Higgs Boson Properties in $H \rightarrow WW^*$



## • $H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$ (Run 2)

- Reanalyzed LHC run-2 dataset : results are ATLAS published ([Submitted to EPJC](#))
- Improvements/additions to the previous publication ([Phys. Rev. D 108 \(2023\) 032005](#))
  - Deep neural network(DNN) instead of  $m_T$  for fit discriminant
  - Suppression of misidentified leptons (Improved isolation utilized closest track jet)
  - Adding final states of two same flavor leptons(two electrons or two muons)
  - An overall 20%-30% improvements across different kinematic regions



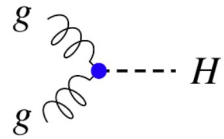
DNN distributions of events in ggH signal regions

Measured cross section values of ggH and VBF (EW qqH) production in various kinematic regions

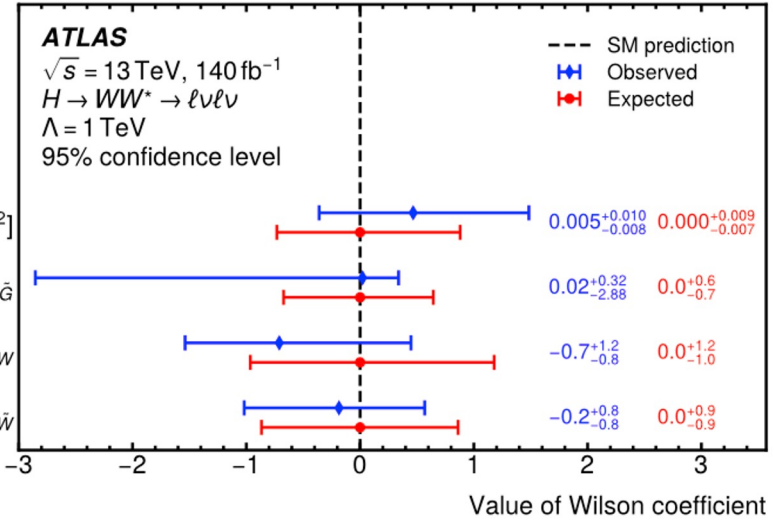
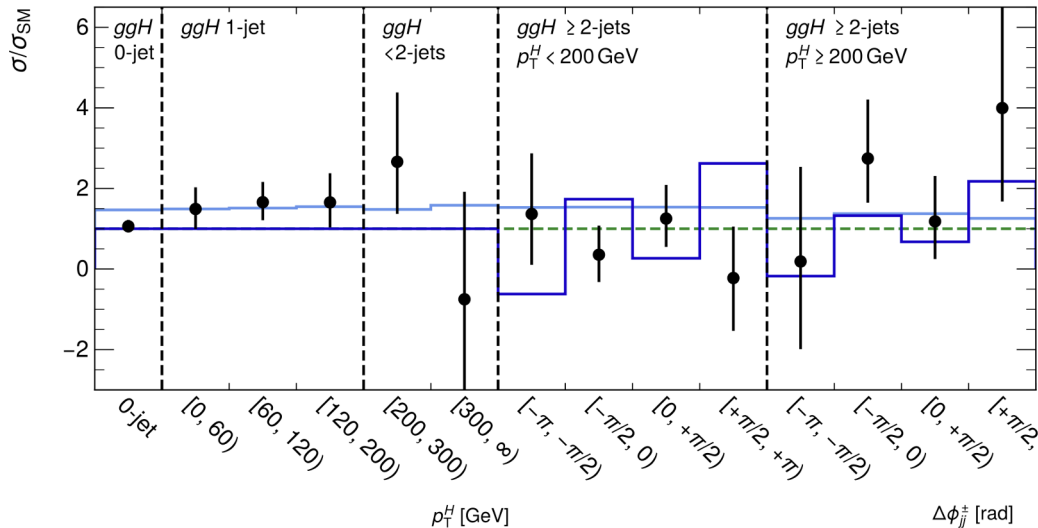
# Measurement of Higgs Boson Properties in $H \rightarrow WW^*$

- Probe CP-violation effect within Higgs boson production phase space with 2 jets
- Measure production cross section in kinematic regions sensitive to CP-violation effect
- Analyze the shape of  $\Delta\phi_{jj}$
- Extract the Wilson coefficients of 4 EFT (effective field theory) operators that induce CP-violation
  - $C_{HG}$ ,  $C_{HG\sim}$ ,  $C_{HW}$ ,  $C_{HW\sim}$  (=0 if SM)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_d \sum_i \frac{c_i^{(d)}}{\Lambda^{(d-4)}} O_i^{(d)}, \text{ for } d > 4.$$



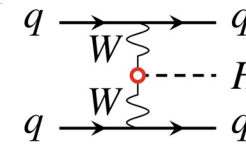
- Observed (p-value = 91%)
- SM prediction
- $c_{HG} = 0.01$  ( $\Lambda = 1$  TeV)
- $c_{HG\sim} = -0.4$  ( $\Lambda = 1$  TeV)



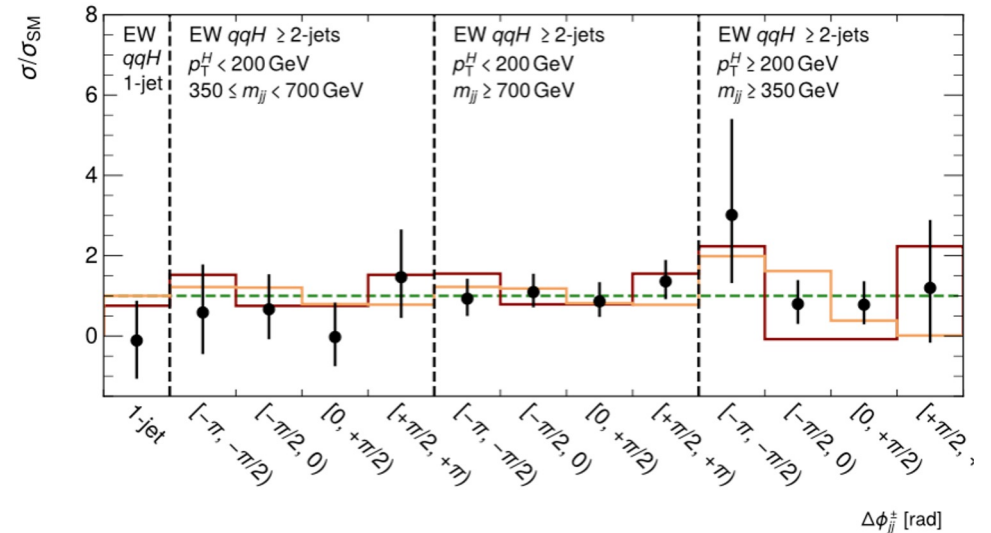
**O** : Operators(op)

**C** : Wilson Coefficients (WCs)

**Λ** : New physics scale



- Observed (p-value = 91%)
- SM prediction
- $c_{HW} = -2$  ( $\Lambda = 1$  TeV)
- $c_{HW\sim} = -1$  ( $\Lambda = 1$  TeV)



# Highlights of AS in ATLAS in the Last Five Years

## Experiment Operation



# ATLAS Operation



- ATLAS experiment operation are organized by 5 activity groups
- AS has contributed in all these groups !

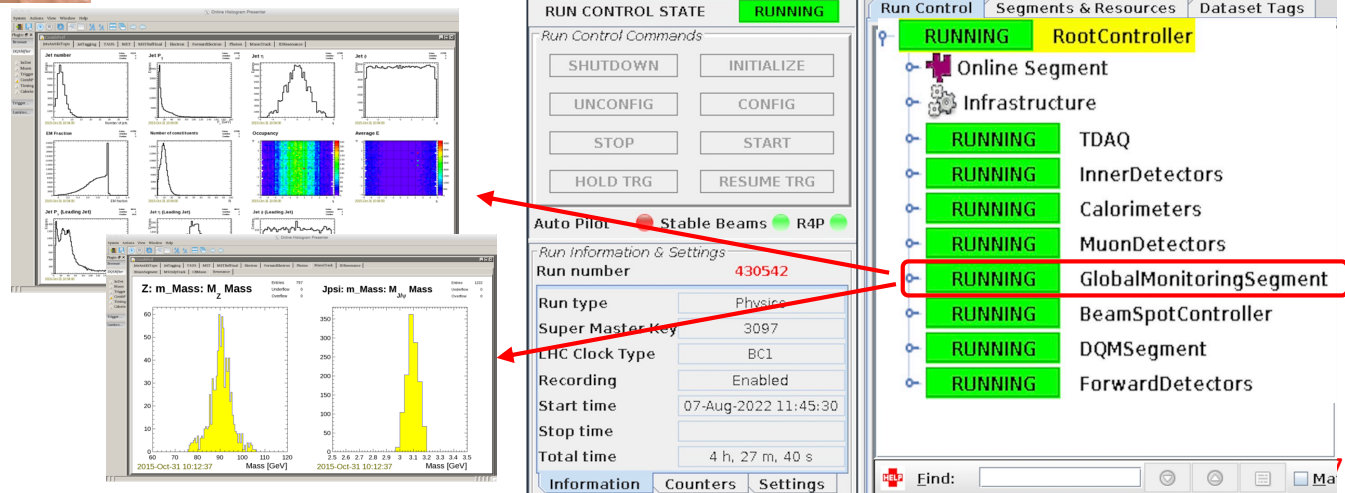


- AS members actively taking Control Room (CR) shifts as:
  - Shift leader, Run Control, Data Quality (DQ)
- Served as Online DQ coordinator: manage DQ shifts in CR, train shifters
  - Song-Ming (2017, 2018)
  - Shahzad Ali (2023, 2024)
  - Salah-Eddine Dahbi (2025 - )

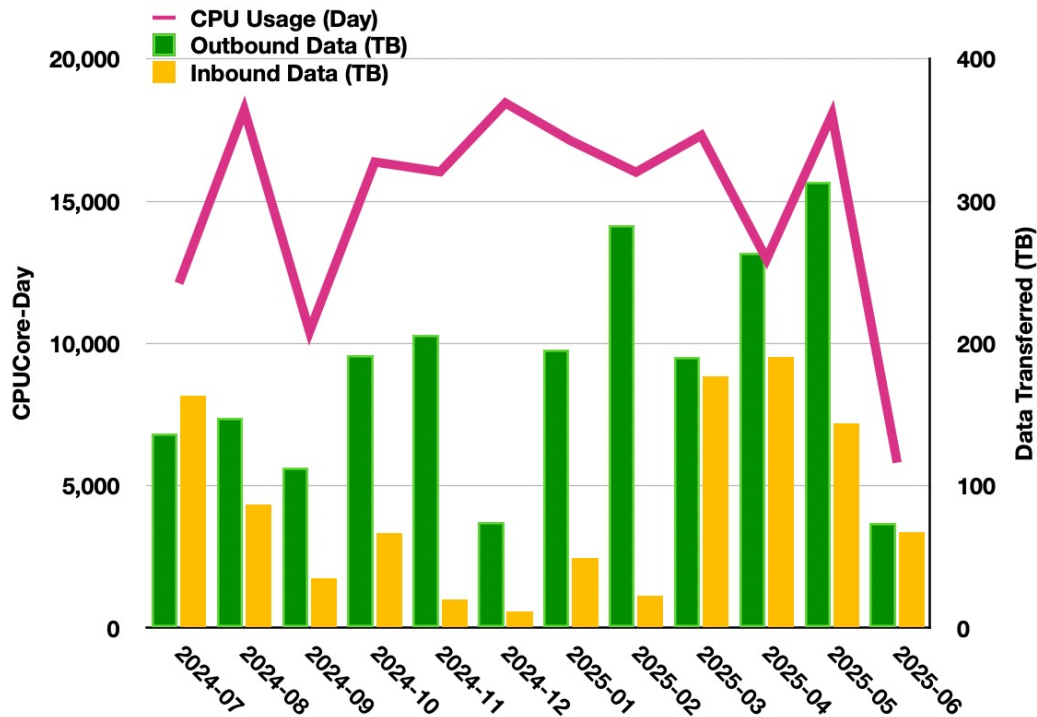
- Responsible for online monitoring tool: **GlobalMonitoring**:

- Process raw data events in real time to produce plots to monitor all sub-detector systems' performance

- Our Institute Commitment to ATLAS



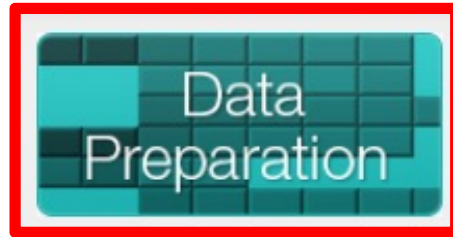
# ATLAS Operation



July 2024 – June 2025

- ASGC currently hosting a Tier-2 center for ATLAS
- Supporting MC simulation jobs and analysis jobs
- Current status (1 Aug 2024 – 1 June 2025):
  - 147736 CPUCore-Day
  - Data transmission (inbound + outbound) =  $0.8 + 1.98 = 2.78$  PB, with efficiency  $>92\%$

# ATLAS Operation



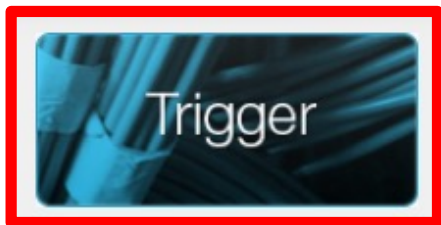
- Data Preparation (DP) : consists of 8 subgroups
  - Prepare the collected Raw Data and transform it to the level for data analysis
  - Work closely with all other ATLAS activity groups to get data ready for analysis
- Data Preparation coordinator : Song-Ming (2019-21)
- Online DQ coordinator :
  - Song-Ming (2017-18) , Shahzad (2023-24), Salah-Eddine (2025 -)



- Higgs:  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  subgroup co-convener : Song-Ming (2015–16)
- Di-Higgs: co-lead  $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tau\tau$  analysis : Tulin Mete (2022–23)

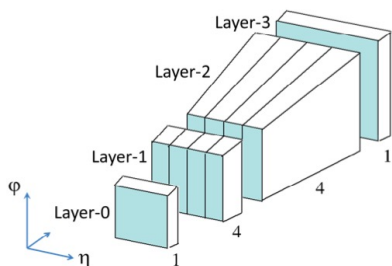


# ATLAS Operation



## •Tau Trigger Signature Group

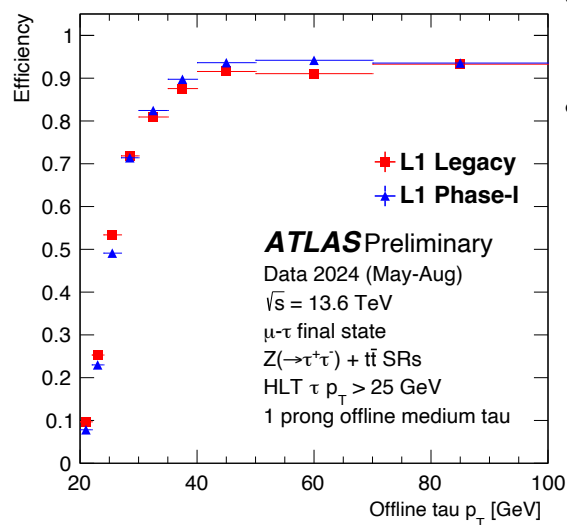
- Subgroup of the ATLAS Trigger group.
- In charge of all tau related triggers used for data taking
  - Monitor triggers' performance during data taking, measure triggers' efficiencies
  - Work with physics groups to implement new triggers for new physics analysis topics, to improve existing triggers' performance



## • Tau trigger group co-coordinator : Song-Ming (2023 - 2025)

## •Level-1 Calorimeter Trigger (L1Calo) Phase-1 Upgrade

- Finer granularity information to improve energy resolution and mitigate effect from high pile-up.
  - 1 trigger tower :  $\Delta\phi \times \Delta\eta = 0.1 \times 0.1$
- L1Calo Phase-1 Upgrade propagated to the Level-1 Tau triggers



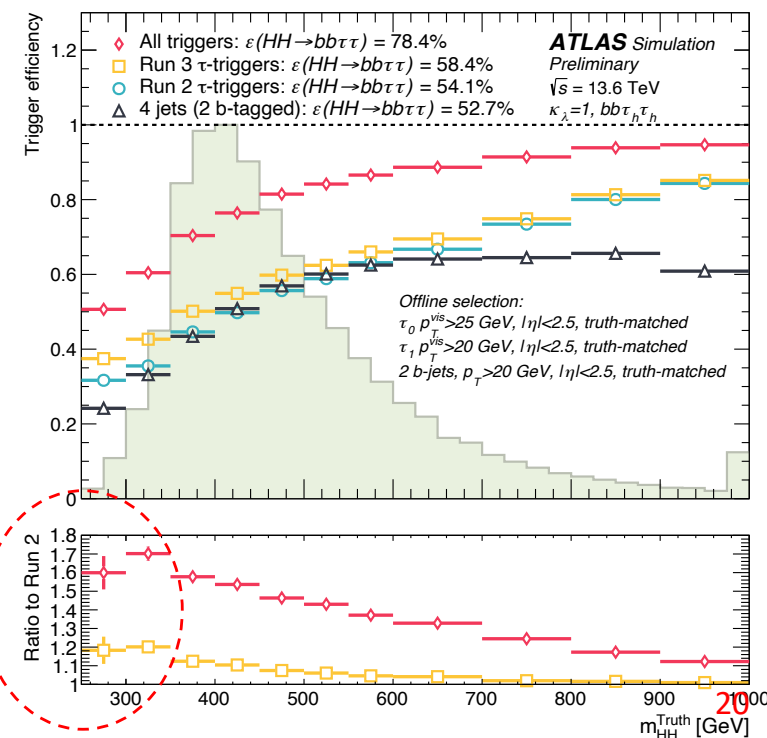
- Successfully commissioned Phase-1 Tau triggers in 2024

- Phase-1 trigger has sharper turn-on in efficiency than Legacy



Measured by  
Kiran Farman

- Worked with  $HH \rightarrow bb\tau\tau$  group, introduced new di-tau triggers
- Significant gain in efficiency to trigger on  $HH \rightarrow bb\tau\tau$  signal for Run-3



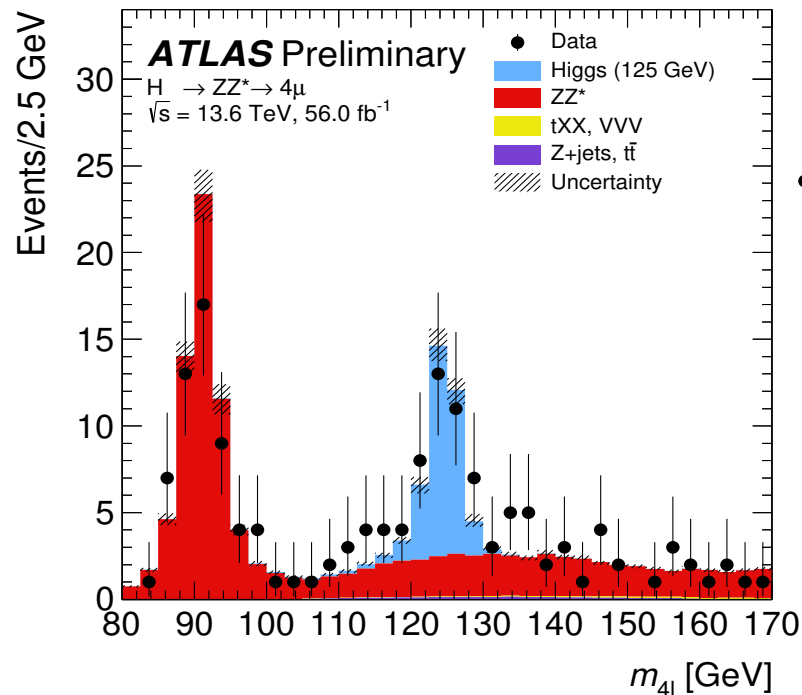


# ATLAS Upgrades

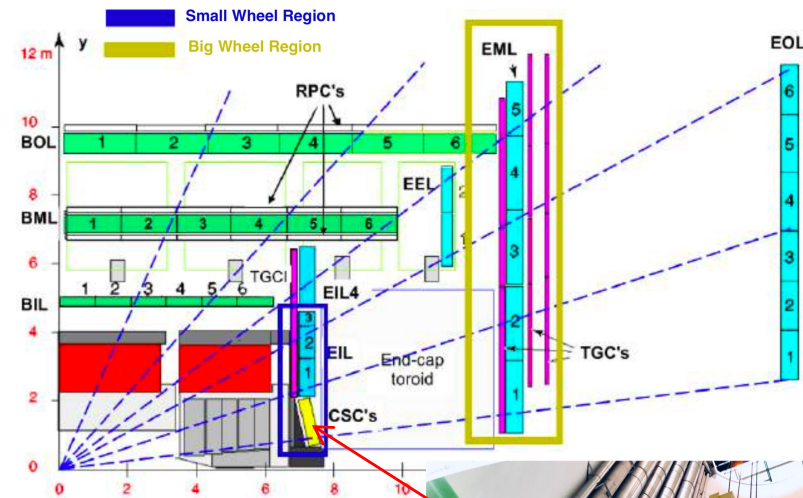
# Phase-1 Upgrade

## New Small Wheel (NSW) Muon Detector

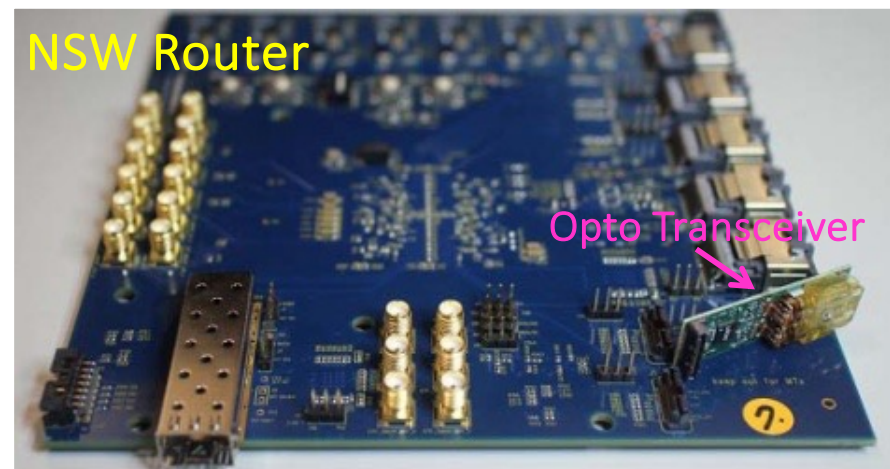
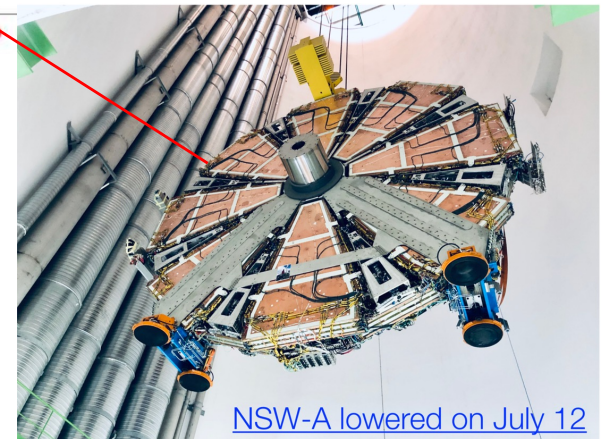
- Suppress fake forward muon
- Allow to trigger on low pT muon at  $p_T \sim 20\text{-}25\text{ GeV}$  with manageable L1 trigger rates ( $\sim 10\text{-}20\text{ kHz}$ ) at  $L=3 \times 10^{34}\text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- AS contributed to fabrication of NSW Router boards
  - Transmit trigger signal from muon FEB to Level-1 electronics
- Already in used in Run3 data taking



- Can see nice  $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\mu$  signal in Run3 data

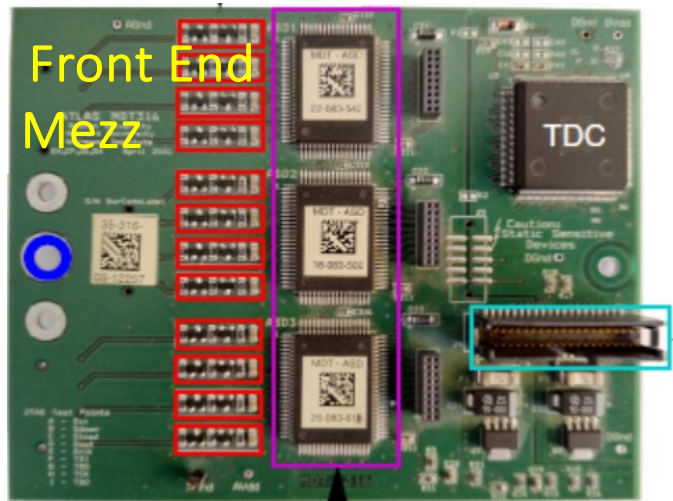
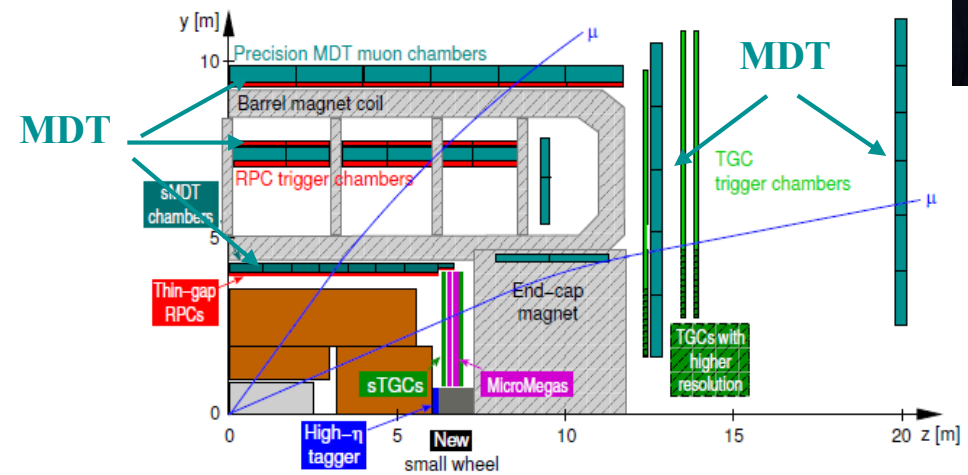


- Replace small wheel muon detector with a new one



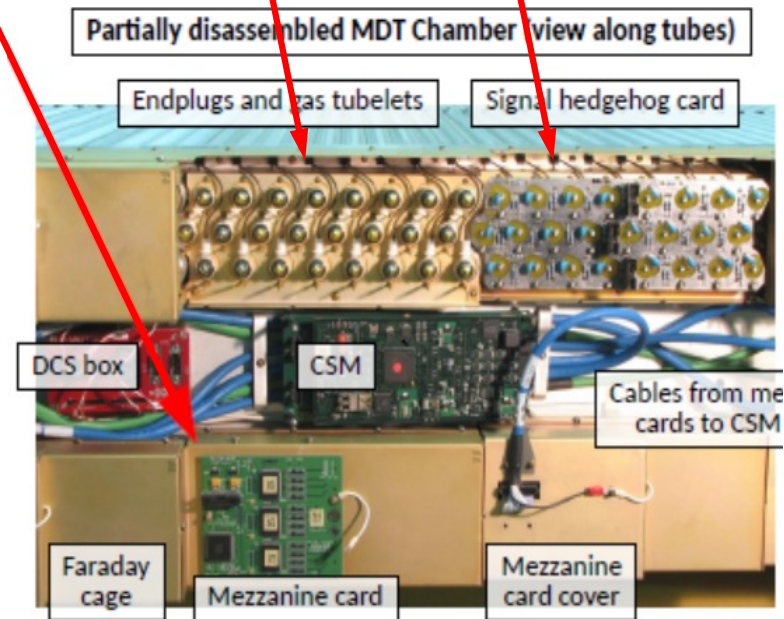
# Phase-2 Upgrade

- **Muon detector: Monitored Drift Tube (MDT)**
- Upgrade readout electronics
- AS+NTHU is building 10k boards of MDT front end mezzanine cards
  - Process raw signals from detector
  - Amplified/digitized/discriminate, extract arrival time



ASD chips

## MDT chamber Mezz tube ends, HV bias

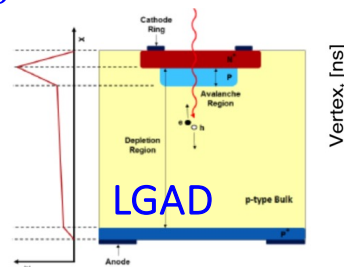
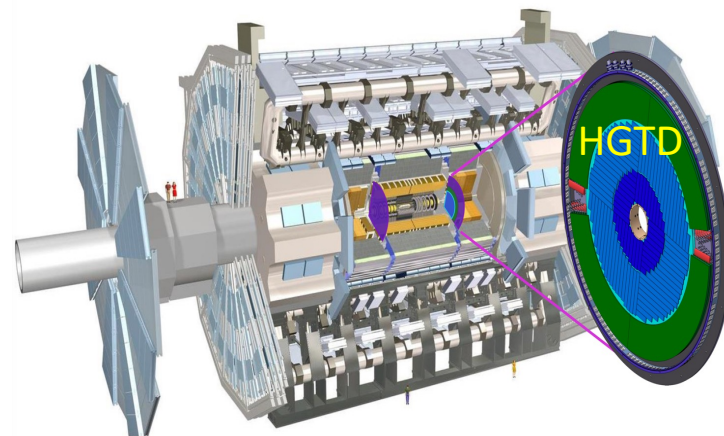




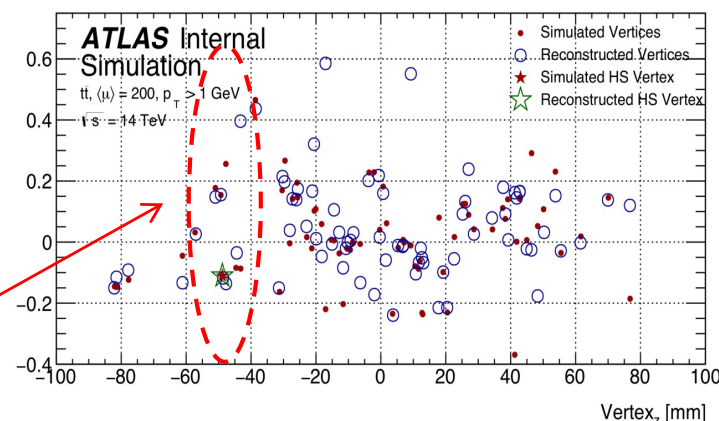


# Phase-2 Upgrade

- **High Granularity Timing Detector (HGTD)** :
- ~200 pp interactions per bunch crossing at HL-LHC
- HGTD, with LGAD (Low Gain Avalanche Detector) sensors (timing resolution ~30 ps) to help resolve the individual interactions
- AS+NTHU contributes to
  - optical fibers and cables production
  - simulation studies and test beam
  - production database and data quality
- HGTD going into pre-production soon

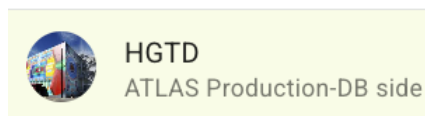


Close in Z but well separated in time



## • Production Database

- HGTD: ~10k sensor modules, assembled together and connected to front end electronics boards and HV/LV power supplies
- Need a Database to record all these parts, store test measurements and Quality Control info
  - Record need to keep until end of HL-LHC
- Implemented majority functions of Database
- Ready in 2<sup>nd</sup> half of 2025 for pre-production



KindOfParts Summary		
SR#	NAME	TOTAL
1	Slot	8032
2	Sensor	4328
3	PEB_MUX64	1811
4	Hybrid	220
5	Wafer	217
6	Module	147
7	Detector Unit	13
8	Flex_tail	9
9	ASIC	7
10	glue	7
11	Module_flex	5
12	Detector	5
13	Support Unit	5
14	PEB	1

## Details of a Registered Module

Basic information		Attributes	Action
Kind of Part	Module		
Part #	2261		
Location	IFAE		
Manufacturer	IFAE		
Serial #	20WMD111		
Barcode #			
User			
Version #	1		
Name Label	module		
Installed Date			
Production Date			
Comments			

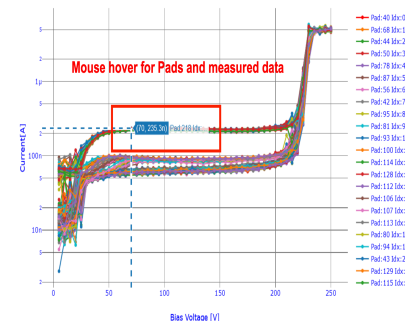
ATTRIBUTE NAME	ATTRIBUTE VALUE	ACTION
delta_F_C_0 (mm)	2.446	edit
delta_F_C_1	2.46	edit
foot_wire_ratio	0	edit
gap (cm)	94.4	edit
glue (mg)	19.8	edit
length (mm)	41.131	edit
rot_0 (deg)	0.071	edit
rot_1 (deg)	0.067	edit
thickness_U (mm)	0	edit
thickness_V	0	edit
thickness_W	0	edit
thickness_X (mm)	0	edit
weight (g)	3.084	edit
width (mm)	21.748	edit
wire_board_inspection	HV wires unavailable	edit
wire_board_pull (g)	7.81	edit

Parent components		Child comp
SERIAL #	KINDOFPART	SERIAL #
20WMD110000001		20WMD110000001
20WMD110000002		20WMD110000002
20WMD110000003		20WMD110000001

All Pads in the sensor with selected serial number

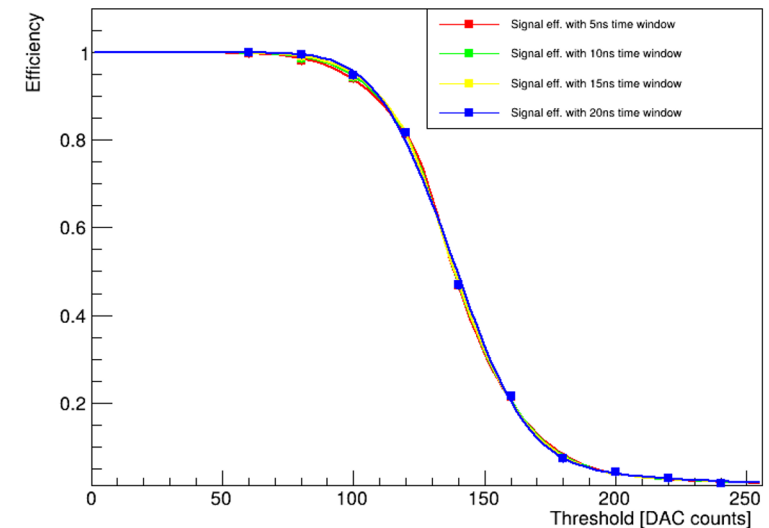
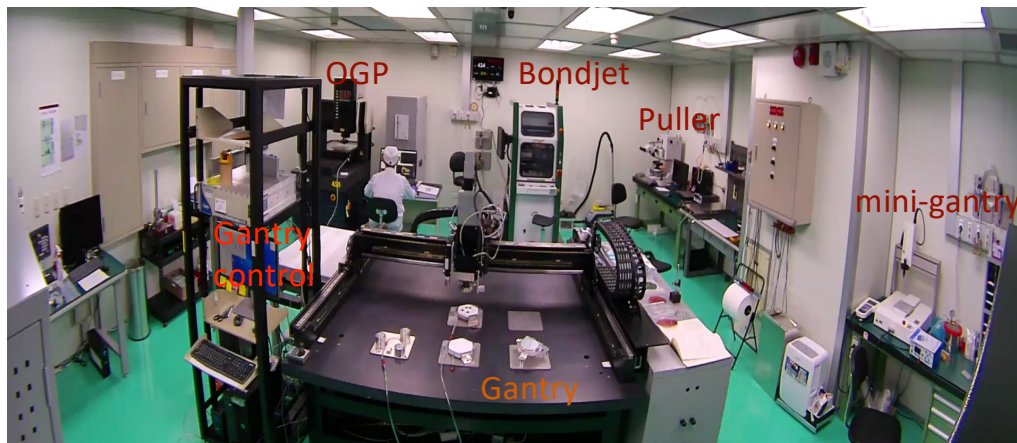
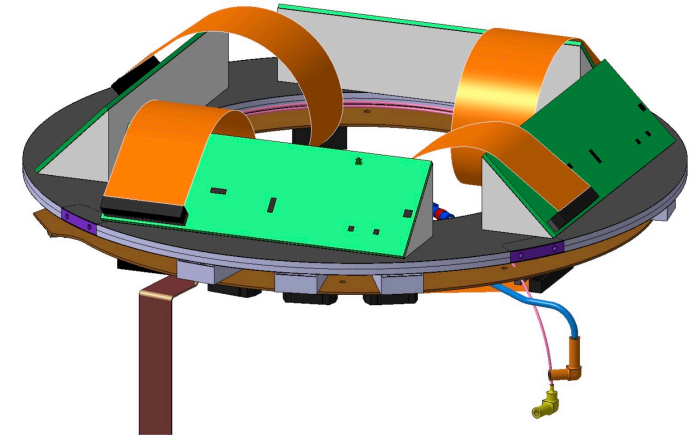
Sensor:20WS1003001026; Type:15x15; Run:9901;





# Phase-2 Upgrade

- **Beam Conditions Monitoring Prime (BCM')** :
  - HL-LHC: large increase in luminosity and density of particles hitting on ATLAS detector
  - Need to protect the inner silicon tracking detector
  - BCM' : radiation hard beam monitor detector
    - Monitor background activity to safeguard inner silicon tracking detector
    - To trigger abort of the LHC beam under dangerous particle showers condition
    - Also function as a luminometer
    - Detector made of polycrystalline Chemical Vapor Deposition (pCVD) diamond sensors
- AS contributions:
  - Analyzing test beam data
  - To assemble BCM' at TIDC, build test stand at AS



# Future Plans

# Future plan for $H \rightarrow WW^*$ analysis



## ► Cross section measurement

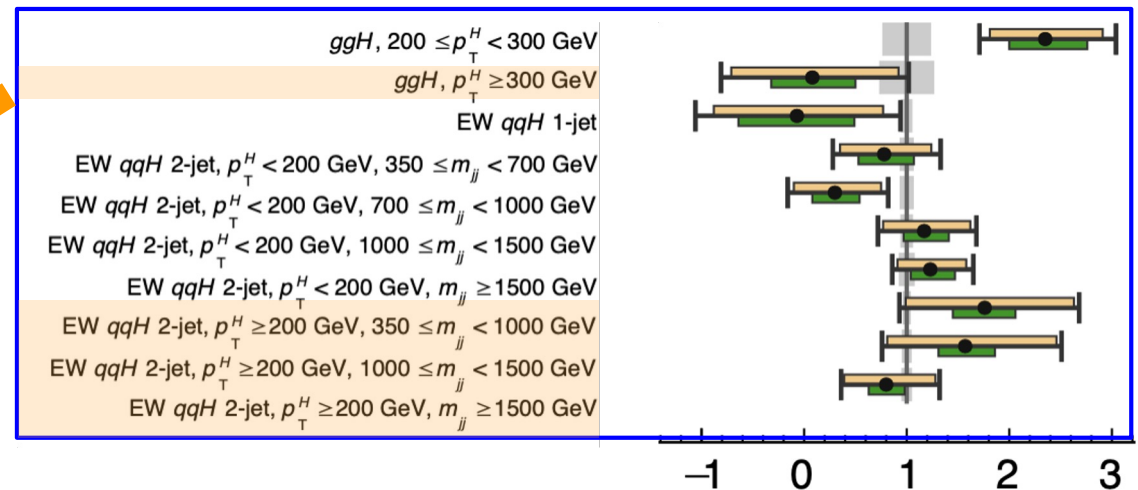
- Run 3 ggF/VBF  $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu^*$  ATLAS internal kicked off
  - Plan to utilize full LHC Run 3 data. SMEFT interpretation
  - High priority to measure statistical dominated STXS bins
  - Analysis targeting 2027-2028
- Boosted  $H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow l\nu qq$ 
  - Plan to utilize full Run 2+3 data
  - Focus on  $H_{pT} > 300$  GeV bins for ggH and  $H_{pT} > 200$  GeV for EW qqH
  - Analysis targeting 2027

Targeting Run 3 ggF/VBF  
 $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow l\nu l\nu^*$

## ► Probe quantum entanglement with Run2+Run3 data

- Use kinematics of the charged leptons to determine the polarization states of W bosons
- Focus on detector acceptance effects and W boson rest frame reconstruction
- Collaborating with NTHU
- Analysis targeting 2027

Targeting Boosted  
 $H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow l\nu qq$



# Physics Analyses at ATLAS



- Di-Higgs via  $VVbb$  ( $V=W,Z$ ) decay channel using Run 2 and Run 3 data
- Search for new resonance in  $J/\psi \rightarrow eeX(1835)$  channel
- Quarkonium ( $J/\psi$ , Upsilon) in heavy-ion collisions:
  - Production with jet activity
  - Nuclear modification factor



# Projection for $HH$ Searches at the HL-LHC (ATLAS+CMS)

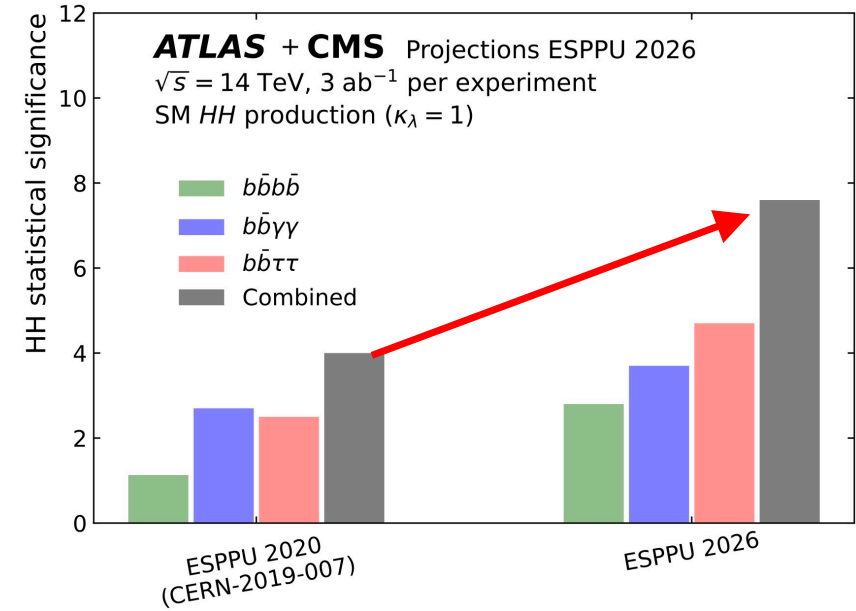
- Extrapolation based on ATLAS and CMS results with full Run2 data

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2025-018

	2 ab <sup>-1</sup> (S2)		3 ab <sup>-1</sup> (S2)	
	ATLAS	CMS	ATLAS	CMS
$HH$ statistical significance				
$b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$	3.0 <sup>†</sup>	1.9	3.5 <sup>†</sup>	2.4
$b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$	2.1 <sup>†</sup>	2.0 <sup>†</sup>	2.4 <sup>†</sup>	2.4 <sup>†</sup>
$b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ resolved	0.9	1.0 <sup>†</sup>	1.0	1.2 <sup>†</sup>
$b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ boosted	—	1.8 <sup>†</sup>	—	2.2 <sup>†</sup>
Multilepton	0.8 <sup>†</sup>	—	1.0 <sup>†</sup>	—
$b\bar{b}\ell^+\ell^-$	0.4 <sup>†</sup>	—	0.5 <sup>†</sup>	—
Combination	3.7	3.5	4.3	4.2
ATLAS+CMS	6.0		7.2	

$\kappa_3$ 68% confidence interval				
$b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$	[0.3, 1.8] <sup>†</sup>	[0.1, 3.0]	[0.4, 1.7] <sup>†</sup>	[0.2, 2.2]
$b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$	[0.3, 2.0] <sup>†</sup>	[0.2, 2.3] <sup>†</sup>	[0.4, 1.8] <sup>†</sup>	[0.3, 2.0] <sup>†</sup>
$b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ resolved	[-0.7, 6.3]	[-0.6, 7.6] <sup>†</sup>	[-0.5, 6.1]	[-0.3, 7.3] <sup>†</sup>
$b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ boosted	—	[-0.6, 8.5] <sup>†</sup>	—	[-0.4, 8.2] <sup>†</sup>
Multilepton	[-0.2, 4.9] <sup>†</sup>	—	[-0.1, 4.7] <sup>†</sup>	—
$b\bar{b}\ell^+\ell^-$	[-2.4, 9.3] <sup>†</sup>	—	[-2.2, 9.2] <sup>†</sup>	—
Combination	[0.6, 1.5]	[0.4, 1.7]	[0.6, 1.5]	[0.5, 1.6]
ATLAS+CMS uncertainty	-32% / +37%		-27% / +31%	

<sup>†</sup> used in the ATLAS+CMS combination



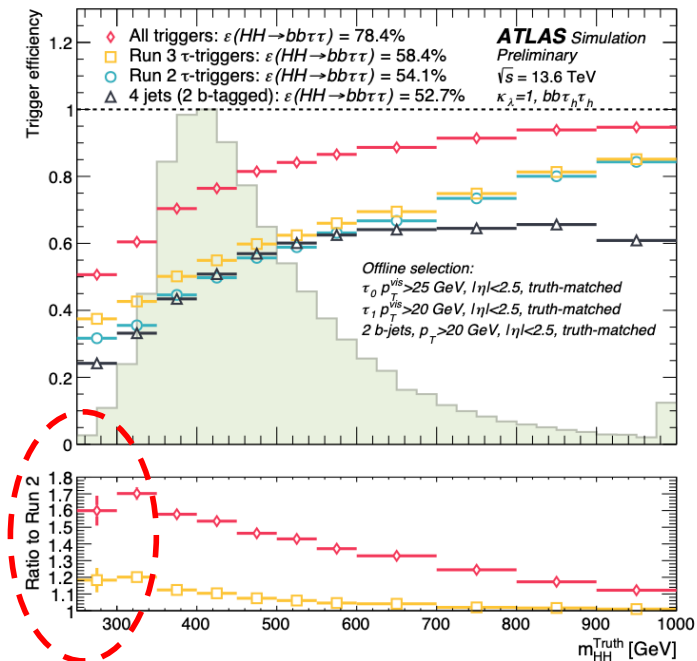
- Huge improvements in sensitivity between two projections, due to adding new channels and analysis optimizations
- $HH$  observation is within reach
  - 7.2 $\sigma$  significance expected
  - <30% precision on  $\kappa_\lambda$
- Previous projection was ~50% precision

# Plans for $HH \rightarrow bb\tau\tau$ Search

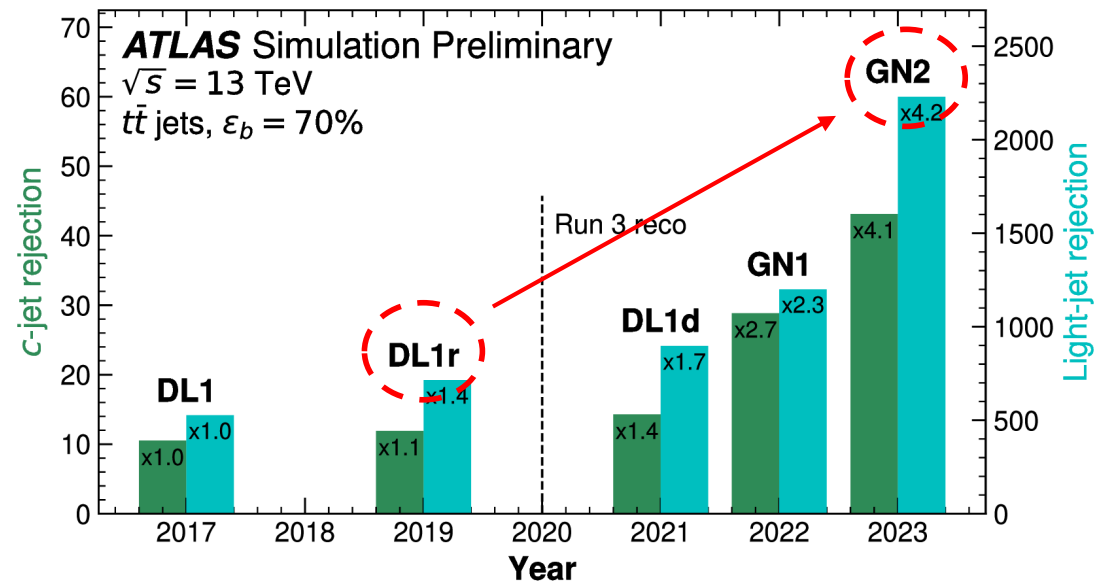
- Currently analyzing Run2+Run3 data
  - Add improved tau triggers in Run3
  - Use better b-jet identification algorithm
  - Train signal vs background separation with more advanced ML (Graphical Neural Net)
- Preparing for HL-LHC
  - Participate in trigger development beneficial to  $bb\tau\tau$  analysis
  - Collaborate with NYCU, UW and UIUC on track reconstruction at High Level Trigger using GPU (contributing ASGC GPU resource)

( triggers for  $bb\tau\tau$  )

([ATLSTauTriggerPublicResults](#))



([FTAG-2023-01](#)) ( b-tagging algorithm )



## Summary

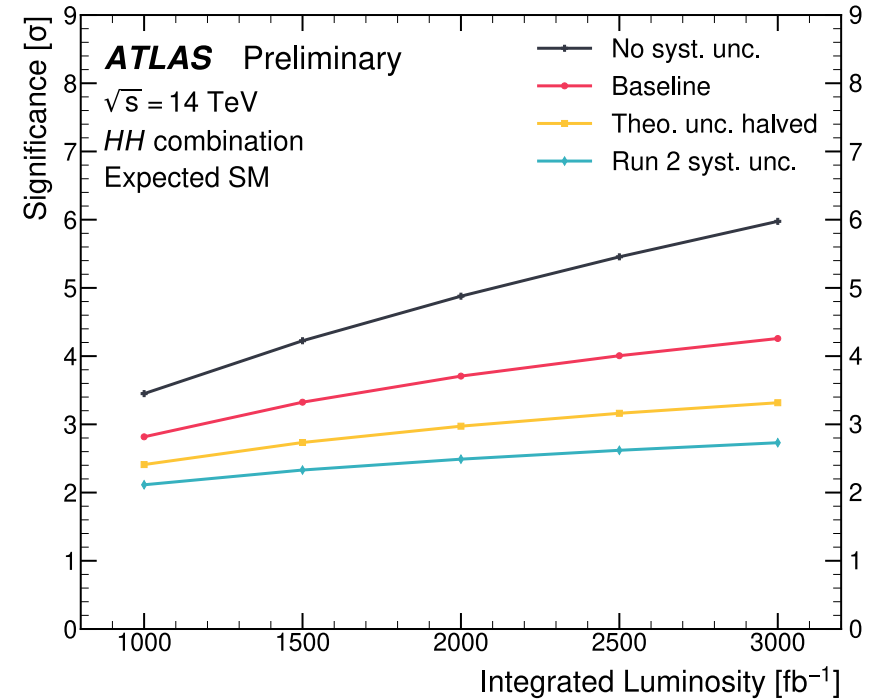
- Academia Sinica has been an ATLAS collaborator for more than 20 years
- Continue to be active in the experiment
  - Involves in data taking operation, data analyses and detector upgrades for HL-LHC
- A young faculty (Yi Yang) joined our group bringing in new projects and new energies !
- We have exciting physics topics and inclusion of Run3 data will triple our total data size, compare to Run2
- Long Shut Down 3 will begin in summer 2026
- A lot of preparations to be done to be ready for the start of HL-LHC in 2030.

# BackUp



# Projection for $HH$ Searches at the HL-LHC (ATLAS)

- Extrapolated the full Run 2 results of several search channels to project reach at HL-LHC
- Assume several different scenarios
- **HH discovery significance:**
  - New individual and combined projection significantly improved over previous projection from 2019
  - New ATLAS combined projection reach  $5.9\sigma$  ( $4.3\sigma$ ) for “No syst. unc.” (“Baseline”) scenario



[CERN-2019-007](#)

[ATL-PHYS-PUB-2025-006](#)

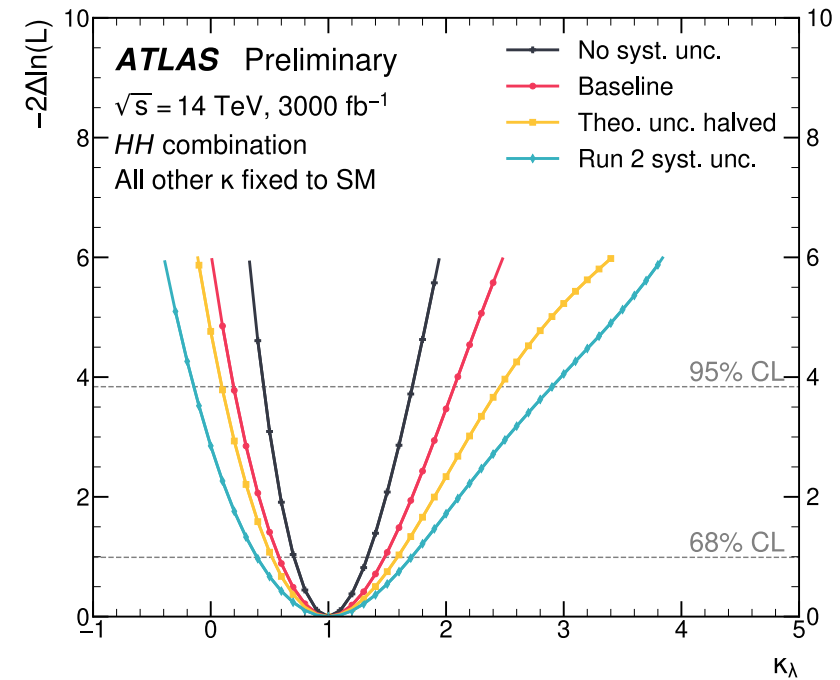
ATLAS

Uncertainty scenario	Significance [ $\sigma$ ]						68% CI on $\mu_{HH}$ (%)
	$b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$	$b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$	$b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$	ML	$b\bar{b}\ell^+\ell^- + E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$	Combination	
<b><math>L' = 2000 \text{ fb}^{-1}</math></b>							
Run 2 syst. unc.	1.76	1.84	0.62	0.69	0.33	2.49	+51/ − 40
Theory unc. halved	2.04	2.03	0.62	0.74	0.44	2.97	+37/ − 35
Baseline	2.06	3.00	0.89	0.84	0.45	3.71	+32/ − 29
No syst. unc.	2.23	3.76	1.44	0.98	1.31	4.88	+23/ − 22
<b><math>L' = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}</math></b>							
Run 2 syst. unc.	2.00	1.93	0.65	0.79	0.37	2.73	+47/ − 36
Theory unc. halved	2.39	2.17	0.65	0.85	0.48	3.32	+33/ − 31
Baseline	2.43 (2.0)	3.54 (2.1)	0.99(0.61)	0.99	0.48	4.26 (3.0)	+28/ − 25
No syst. unc.	2.73 (2.1)	4.60 (2.5)	1.76 (1.4)	1.20	1.60	5.98 (3.5)	+18/ − 18

- Numbers in red are from ESPPU2020 projection
- Large improvement achieved over last few years

# Projection for $HH$ Searches at the HL-LHC (ATLAS)

- Higgs self-coupling modifier ( $\kappa_\lambda$ ) :
  - Constraint within (Baseline scenario) :
    - $[0.58, 1.48]$  at 68% CL interval



# Di-Higgs Production : Higgs Potential

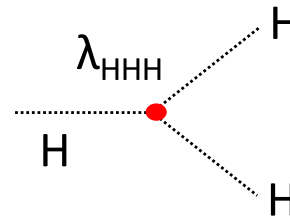
## •Higgs potential =>

$$V(H) = \underbrace{\lambda v^2 H^2}_{\text{Higgs mass term}} + \underbrace{\lambda v H^3}_{\text{Higgs self-coupling}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{4}\lambda H^4}_{\text{Higgs quartic coupling}} ; M_H^2 = 2\lambda v^2$$

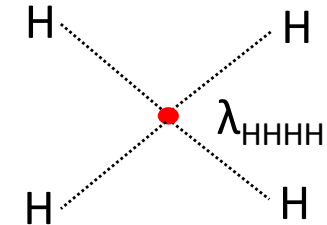
- Higgs mass term
- Minimum of the potential

$$m_H = \sqrt{2\lambda v^2} \approx 125 \text{ GeV}$$

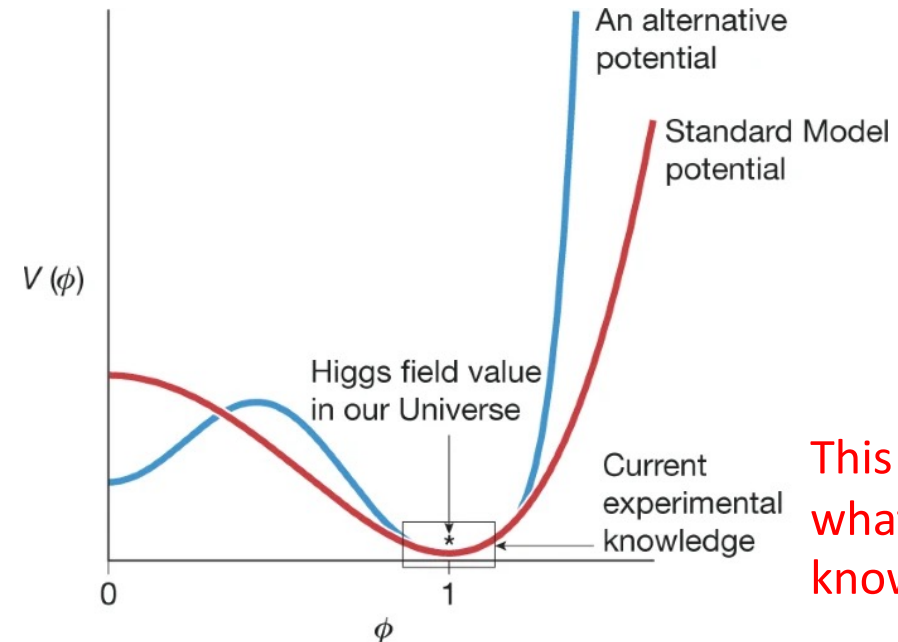
- Higgs self-coupling
- Measure  $\lambda_{HHH}$  via HH production



- Higgs quartic coupling
- Maybe out of reach at HL-LHC



- Investigate the HH production allows for direct measurement of the Higgs self-coupling, and discriminate between different scenarios and models



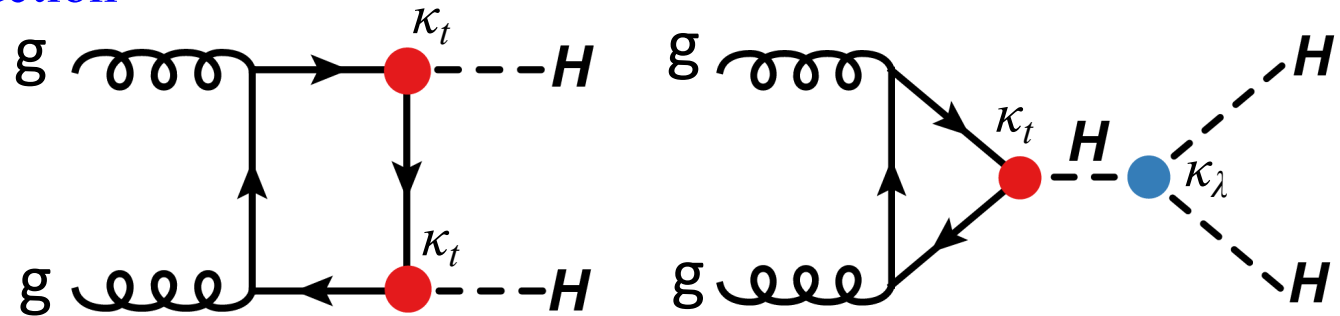
This is  
what we  
know

# Search for Di-Higgs Production

- Searched in ggF + VBF production

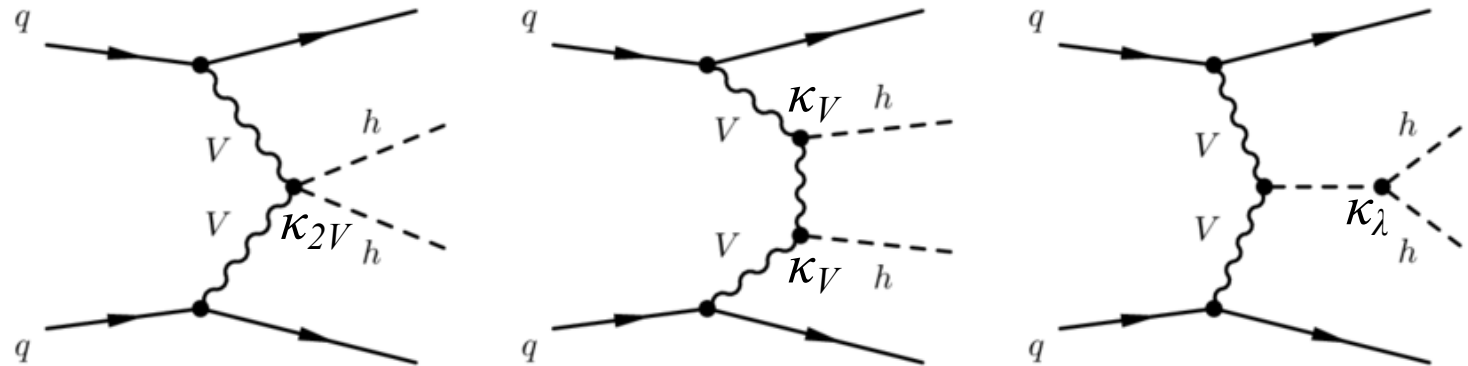
## Gluon fusion (ggF)

- $\sigma(pp \rightarrow HH) = 31.05 \text{ fb}$



## Vector Boson Fusion (VBF)

- $\sigma(pp \rightarrow HH) = 1.726 \text{ fb}$

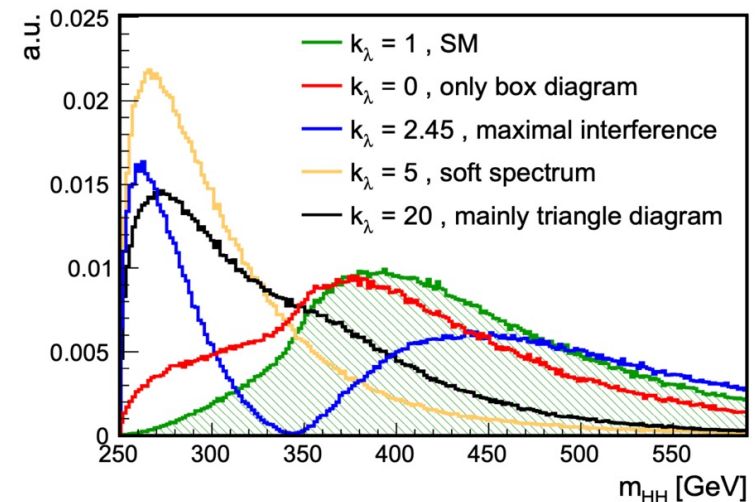


- Total HH production cross section is about  $\sim 1000 \times$  smaller than single H production

- $\kappa$  parameters : are the coupling modifiers.

- Example :  $\kappa_\lambda = \frac{\lambda_{HHH}}{\lambda_{HHH}^{SM}}$

- In SM :  $\kappa_\lambda = 1$ ,  $\kappa_{2V} = 1$ ,  $\kappa_V = 1$





# Physics Projection to HL-LHC

- Assume center of mass energy at 14 TeV and total integrated luminosity is 3000 fb<sup>-1</sup>
- **Methods for projection:**
  - **Detailed simulations** are used to access performance of upgraded detector and HL-LHC condition
  - **Extrapolate** existing results or **parametric simulations** to allow full re-optimization of the analyses
- **Systematic uncertainties scenarios :**
  - **Run 2 (“S1”) :**
    - Use Run2 uncertainties, assuming the higher pile-up effects will be compensated by detector upgrades
  - **Theoretical uncertainties halved :**
    - Use Run 2 uncertainties, but reduce theoretical uncertainties by half
  - **No systematic uncertainties :**
    - Only consider statistical uncertainty
- **Baseline (“S2”) :**
  - Theory uncertainties ½ of Run 2
  - No simulation statistical uncertainty
  - luminosity uncertainty ~1%
  - Statistical uncertainty reduced by 1/√L
  - Uncertainties due to detector limitations remain unchanged or revised according to simulation studies of upgraded detector.

\*\*\* Baseline scenario is used in presented projected results, unless specified otherwise