# Status of ZDC ECal EIC-Asia@20250312

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# Review (1): 1st Prototype of ZDC ECal



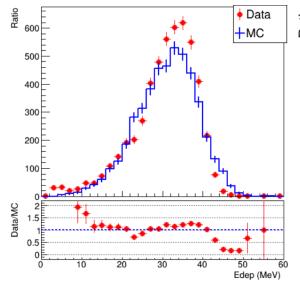
- LYSO + SiPM
- One crystal: 7.12mm \* 7.12mm \* 88.3mm (8X0)
- 8x8 array with 56.96mm\* 56.06mm active area

# Review (2): 1st Prototype of ZDC ECal

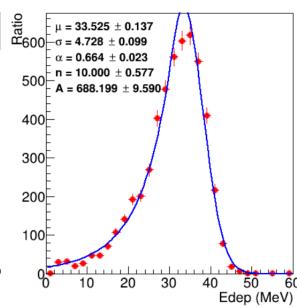


# Einear range<20MeV 5000 4000 2000 1000 1000 1000 Energy deposit(MeV)

### 47MeV 5x5 cluster



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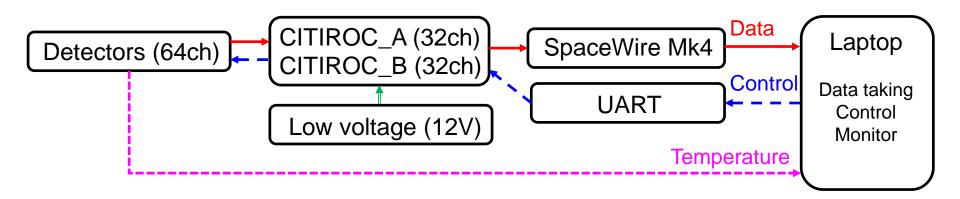
- ELPH test beam @ Feb. 2024
- 50MeV 800 MeV positron beam
- Most of the data fall within the saturated range, except for the 47 MeV data, which is approximately 60% within the linear range.
- The energy resolution without energy regression is 14% for the 47 MeV beam. After accounting for the beam momentum resolution provided by ELPH, the energy resolution improves to approximately 11%.

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Prototypes: Choice of Crystal and PM

Detector	Crystal	Sensor	One crystal	Length	Array	Note
ZDC ECal 1 <sup>nd</sup> LYSO + SiPM	<b>LYSO</b> Taiwan	SiPM MICROFC-60035	0.7cm*0.7cm	8.83cm (8X0)	8x8	Gain to high
ZDC ECal 2 <sup>nd</sup> LYSO + APD	<b>LYSO</b> Taiwan	APD C30739ECERH	1cm*1cm	6.6cm (6X0)	8x8	Crystal size is half Moliere radius
ZDC ECal 2 <sup>nd</sup> PbWO4 + SiPM	PbWO4 Czech	SiPM MICROFC-60035	2cm*2cm	5.3cm (6X0)	6x6	Two sensors for one crystal
Beam Monitor	<b>Plastic</b> Scintillator	SiPM MICROFC-10010	2mm*2mm	8cm	32ch in X 32ch in Y	

- We observed strong saturation effect with 1<sup>st</sup> prototype which is the combination of LYSO and SiPM.
- Goal of the 2<sup>nd</sup> prototypes is to reduce gain, therefore there are two options.
  - LYSO + APD : gain of APD is around 1/1000 times of SiPM.
  - PbWO4 + SiPM : gain of PbWO4 is around 1/100 times of LYSO.
- Beam monitor is reconstructed to better identify the position of beam tracks to perform better gain calibration and possibly remove pile up events. The position resolution of beam monitor is 2mm.

### **Electronics**



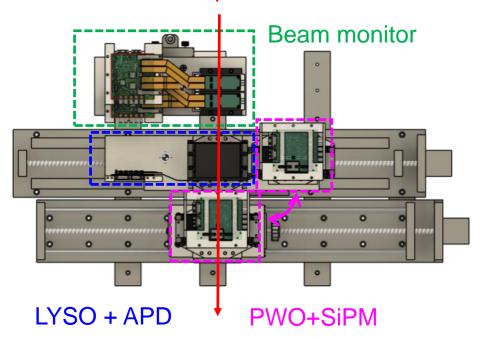
- Same as 1<sup>st</sup> prototype. We use CITIROC. CITIROC is is a 32-channel front-end ASIC designed to readout silicon photomultipliers.
- All the detectors use CITIROC including LYSO+APD, PbWO4+SiPM, and beam monitor.

### CITIROC spec.

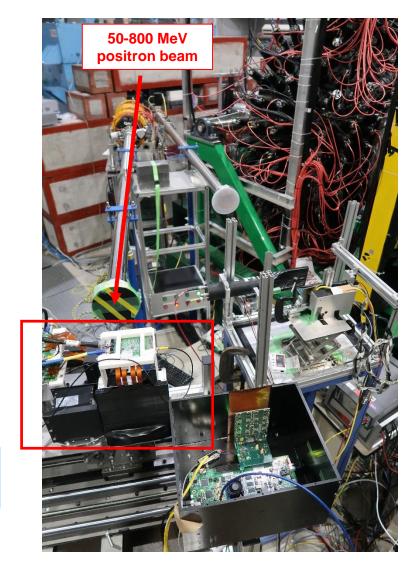
- TRL Technology Readiness Level: 8 Full system using ASIC running learn more
- Detector Read-Out: SiPM, SiPM array
- Number of Channel: 32
- Signal Polarity: Positive
- Self-Triggers: Programmable 10-bit DAC with min threshold = 1/3 p.e.
- OR trigger: for timestamping and start of conversion
- Dynamic Range: 0-400 pC i.e. 2500 photoelectrons @ 10^6 SiPM gain
- High and low gain branches, with 1:10 ratio for a total 0.95-600 amplification range
- 8-bit input DAC for channel-by-channel fine bias adjustment
- Slow shaper with adjustable shaping time from 12.5 to 87.5 ns
- Energy measurements by Track&Hold or Peak Detector
- 1% linearity energy measurements up to 2500 p.e.
- Power consumption: 7 mW/channel

# **Experimental Setup**

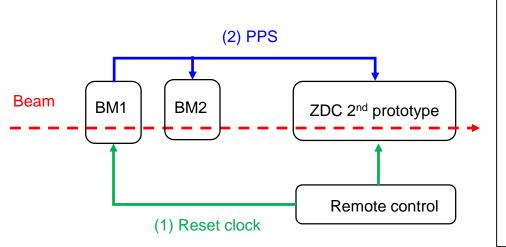
### 50-800MeV positron beam



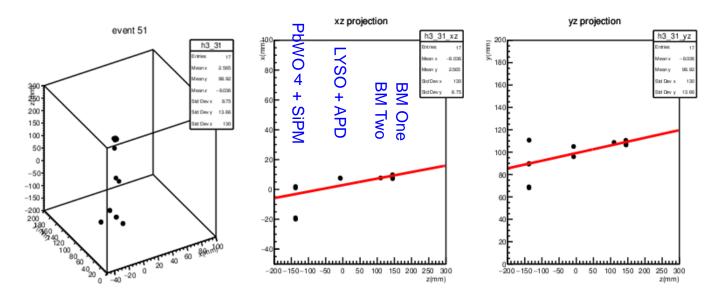
We had test beam at ELPH (now called RARIS) on 2025 Feb with 2<sup>nd</sup> prototype system.



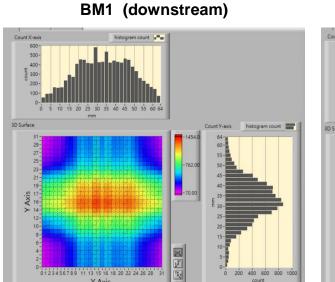
# Tracking

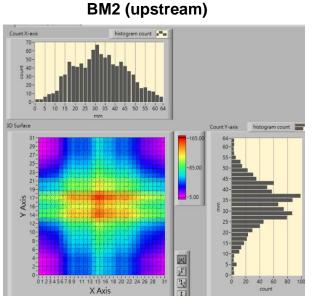


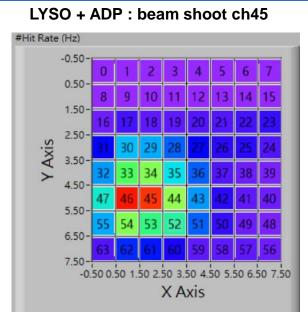
- All detectors, including beam monitors and the ZDC ECal prototype, operate in **self-triggered mode**.
- Trigger and event matching are performed offline using PPS signals.
- 1) Remote control set commands to reset the clocks : course time (count PPS signals, 20Hz) and fine time (0.24us).
- 2) The **PPS signal** is distributed from **beam monitor #1** to all other detectors.
- 3) Timing matching: Events are synchronized by ensuring the same coarse time and a fine time difference within 0.24 µs, accounting for cable delays.
- **4) Position matching :** Not yet implemented, but verified through plots, confirming that tracking appears correct.



# Online Monitoring

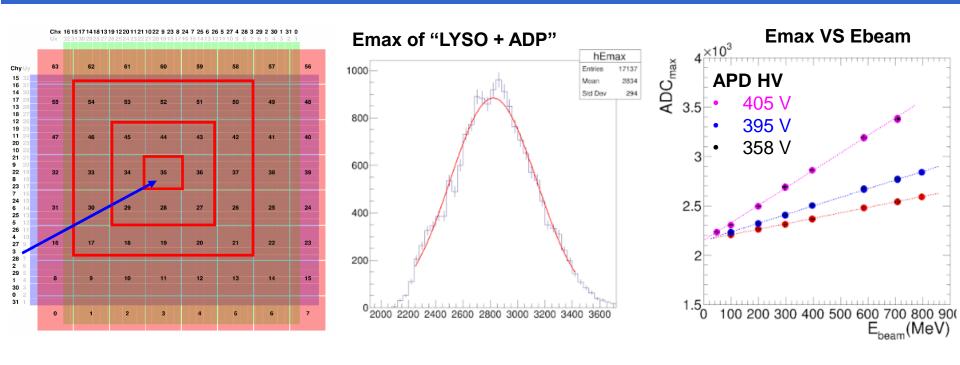






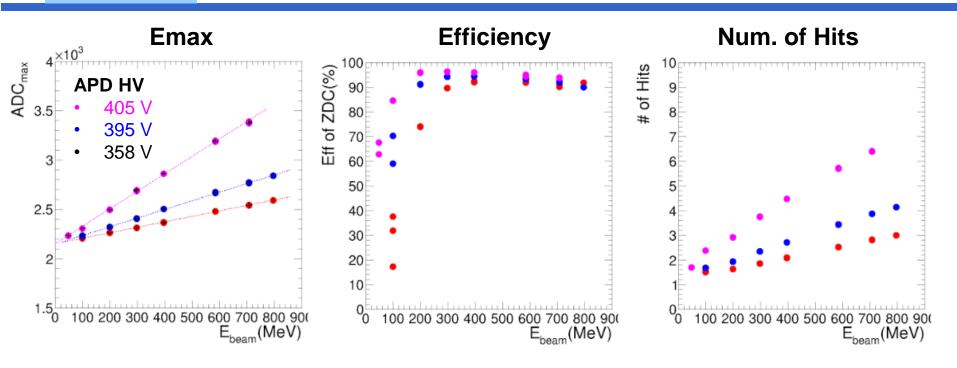
- Energy: 395 MeV positron beam
- Beam spread: ~2 cm radius in the x-direction, ~1 cm in the y-direction
- Beam monitor calibration: Gain calibration was not performed due to time constraints before the test beam. We will improve next time.

### **HV Scan and Position Scan**



- Optimizing Settings: Initially, we focused on the central cell, performing HV
  and beam energy scans. The threshold was set to the lowest level at which no
  signal was detected in the absence of a beam.
- Position Scans: After determining the optimal settings, we conducted a beam energy scan at the center of different crystals:
  - LYSO + APD: Scanned across a 5x5 crystal array (~5cm\*5cm)
  - PbWO<sub>4</sub> + SiPM Scanned across a 3x3 crystal array (~6cm\*6cm)

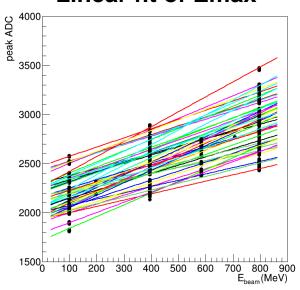
### LYSO + APD : General Behavior



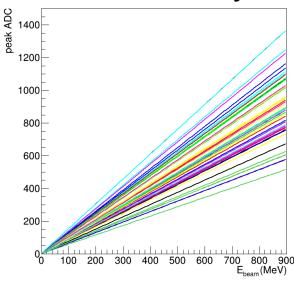
- Initial tests were conducted using the central channel to determine optimal settings.
- Linearity: It exhibited reasonable linearity with an electron beam in the 50 MeV to 800 MeV range.
- Efficiency: It is defined as: Eff= (LYSO && BM/BM) with only timing matching verified. Efficiency decreases with increasing beam energy. Higher HV improves efficiency, reaching ~98% at 405V for 200–400 MeV beams.
- The number of hits corresponds to the number of fired crystals.
- Best Performance: Achieved at 405V for the APD.

## LYSO + APD : Gain Calibration

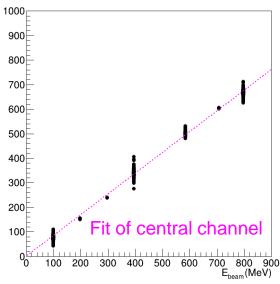




### Gain calibration by fit



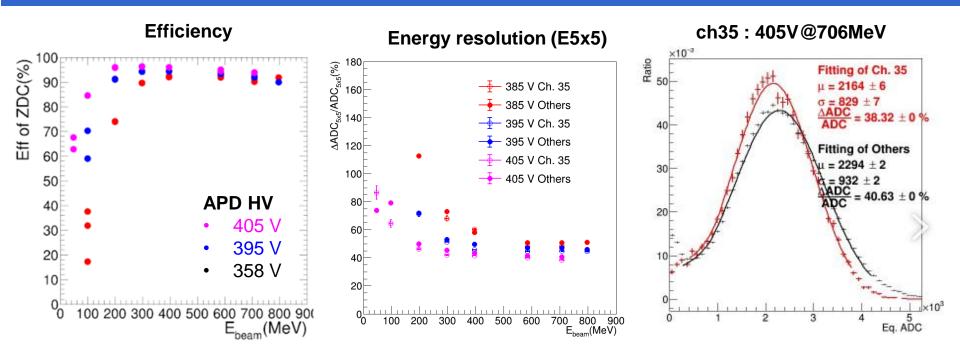
### **Emax after calibration**



- Setup: A 5 × 5 crystal array was used for the LYSO + APD position scan. Data was collected at 100 MeV, 400 MeV, and 800 MeV.
- **APD Gain Behavior**: The gain of each APD follows a linear function, but the linearity varies across positions due to differences in individual APD gains.
- **Gain Calibration**: All channels were shifted to zero to align sector offsets. The slopes were adjusted to match the central channel, which served as the reference. After calibration, the data points showed better alignment across different positions.

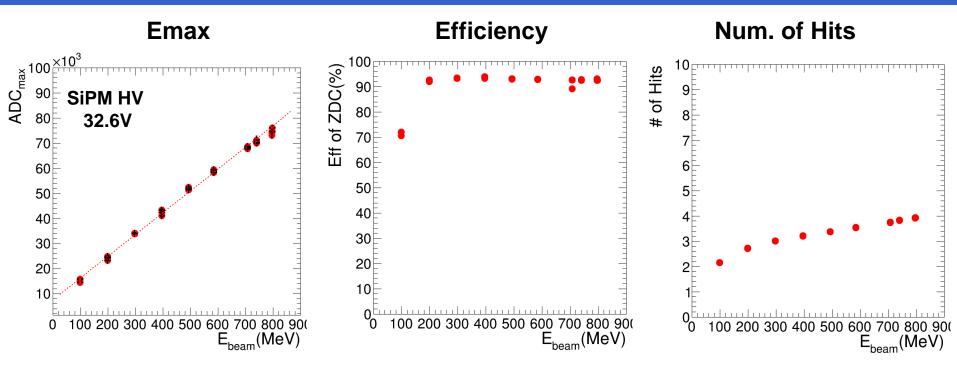
peak ADC

### LYSO + APD: Energy Resolution of Emax (Preliminary)



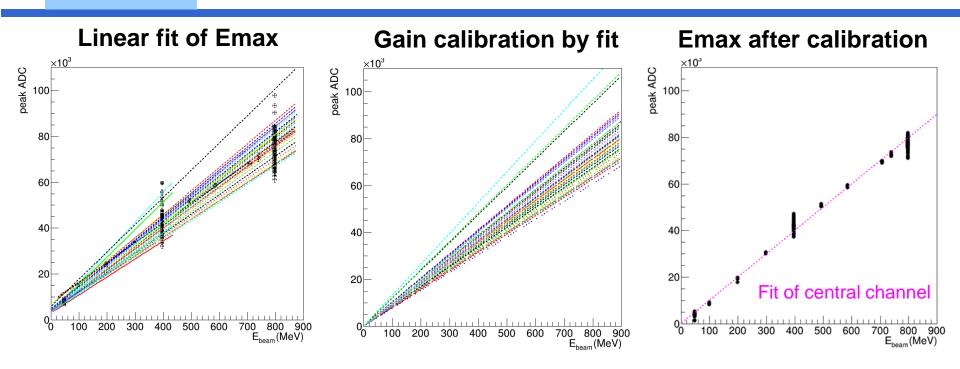
- Timing matching is the only applied track-matching criterion.
- Energy resolution declines when efficiency drops below 95%.
- The current ~40% energy resolution falls short of the desired performance.
- Expected improvements through position matching and energy regression, but results are unlikely to improve beyond 10% resolution.
- In contrast, the LYSO + SiPM system achieved ~15% resolution.
- Suspected errors in APD operation may be contributing to the poor performance.

### PbWO4 + SiPM : General Behavior



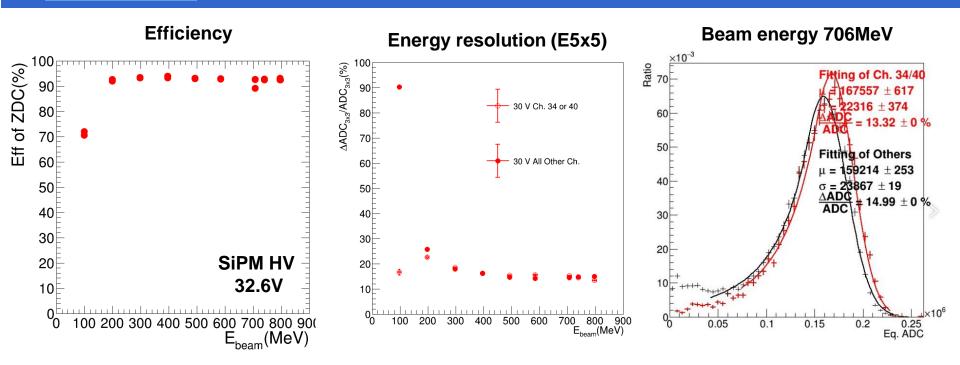
- Due to the time limitation, only one HV of SiPM was tested.
- Linearity looks fine. However, **nonlinearity starts to show up around 700MeV.** Efficiency is approximately **95%** for beam energies above **200 MeV**.

# PbWO4 + SiPM: Gain Calibration



3 × 3 crystal array was calibrated. Reference calibrated line is from central channel.

### PbWO4 + SiPM : Energy Resolution (Preliminary)



- Timing matching is the only applied track-matching criterion.
- Energy resolution ~ 14% @ 706MeV.
- Expected improvements through position matching and energy regression.

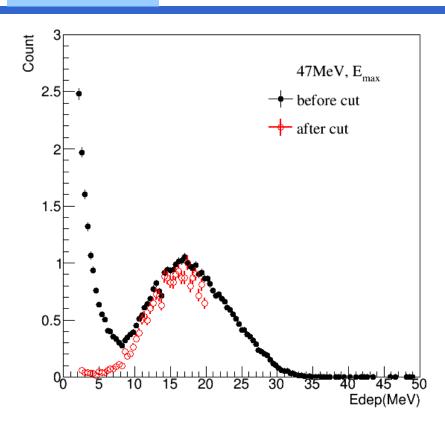
# Summary and To Do







### Selection Criteria



We chose the 47MeV data only in linear range and remove the possible low energy photon and noise contributions.

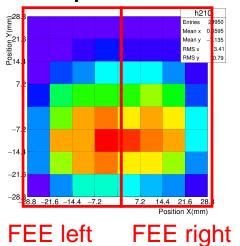
### Two cut criteria

### (1) 2.5MeV<Emax<20 MeV

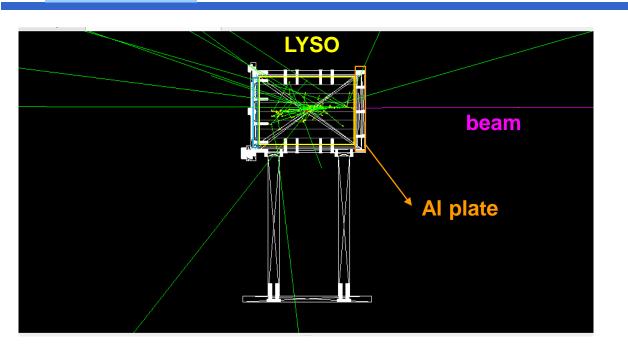
To focus data only in linear range and remove the low momentum photons coming from beam.

(2)Fire both left and right crystals Ask hits from both FEE left and FEE right to remove events only contains noise.

### Beam profile @ 47MeV



### MC Simulation



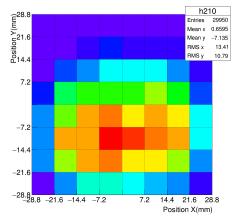
- MC implementation
- Detector geometry / material
- ② Beam momentum w/ resolution
- 3 Beam profile
- ④ Beam angle 90 degree
- SiPM MC is not implement.
   It should be fine for linear range data.

### Beam Mom. w/ Res.

<i>I</i> (A)	$\mu_P \; (\text{MeV}/c)$	$x_{\rm PS}$ 制限なし $\sigma_P~({ m MeV}/c)$	$\sigma_P/\mu_P~(\%)$	
025	47.18(2)	5.48(1)	11.63(3)	
050	98.19(4)	4.92(3)	5.01(3)	
075	148.22(4)	4.77(2)	3.22(2)	
100	197.94(3)	4.91(2)	2.48(1)	
125	247.79(3)	5.00(2)	2.02(0)	
150	297.30(2)	5.29(2)	1.78(0)	
175	346.81(2)	5.31(1)	1.53(0)	

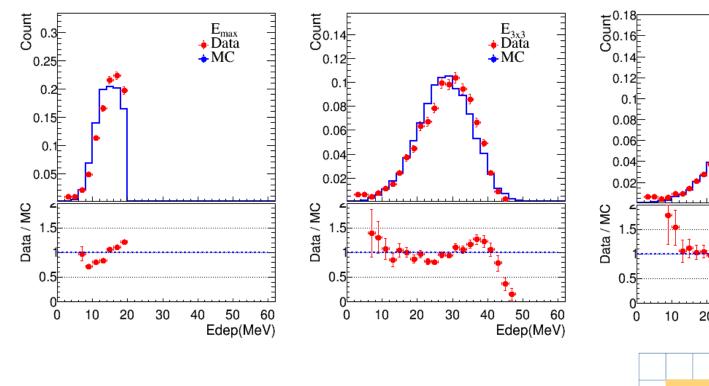
Energy resolution of 47MeV positron beam ~ 11.6%

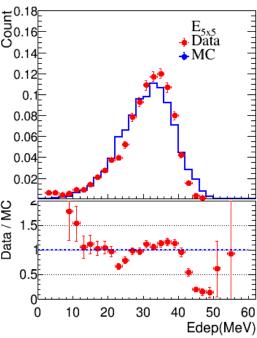
### Beam profile @ 47MeV



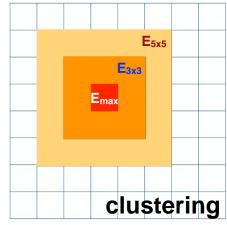
Beam is ellipse shape and not well centered.

# Data and MC Comparison





Reasonable agreement between data and MC for 47MeV positron beam data.



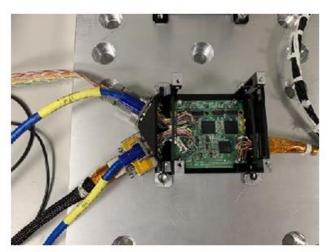
### Estimation of ADC Value

```
//======== Gain values =========
   LYSO + SiPM : 2580/0.29 (digits/MeV)
   SiPM gain = 1e6 \sim 5e6 (here use 1e6)
   APD gain = 1 \sim 100 (here use 100)
   LYSO PDE = 25e3-35e3 photons/MeV (here use 3.0e4 photons/MeV)
   PbO4 PDE = 1e2-2e2 photons/MeV
                                      (here use 1.5e2 photons/MeV)
   Note: Polystyrene 1e4
//======== 6X0 LYSO + APD ============
   ADC digits = [(2580/0.29)/1e6*1e2]*Emax = 0.89*Emax
   ADC dynamic range = 11, 000
   50MeV electron, Emax = 21.5, ADC = 19.18 => might be too low, close to noise level
   800MeV electron, Emax = 240.1, ADC = 213.689
   1GeV gamma , Emax = 248.6, ADC = 221.254
   40GeV gamma , Emax = 3190, ADC= 2839.1
//======== 6X0 PbWO4 + SiPM =============
   ADC digits = [(2580/0.29)/3e4*1.5e2]*Emax = 44.48*Emax
   ADC dynamic range = 11, 000
   Saturation of SiPM ~ 3000 ADC
   50MeV electron, Emax = 22.43, ADC = 997.8
   800MeV electron, Emax = 266.7, ADC = 11862.8 => out of linear range of SiPM
   1GeV gamma , Emax = 284.0, ADC = 12632.32 => out of linear range of SiPM also ADC dynamic range
   40GeV gamma , Emax = 4198 , ADC = 186727
                                               => out of linear range of SiPM also ADC dynamic range
```

# Readout of 1<sup>st</sup> Prototype

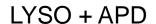
# Readout for the ZDC ECAL Prototype with LYSO Crystals

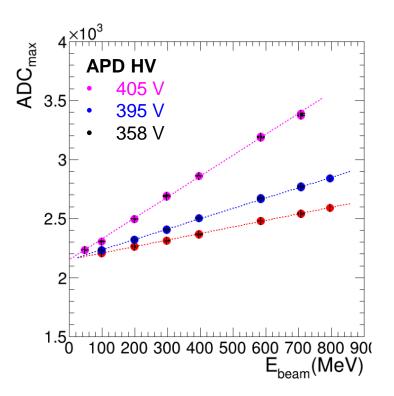
- Designed by Chih-Hsun Lin of Academia Sinica
- 64 channels
- Trigger:
  - Self-triggered
  - Can accept external timing signal → needs to be studied
  - May accept external trigger
     → needs to be studied



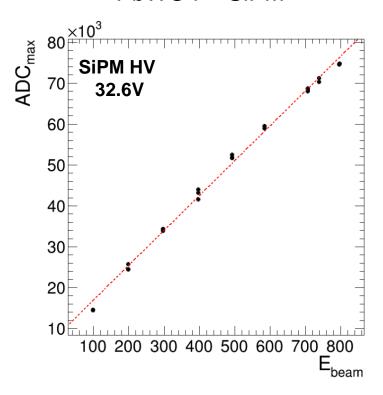


# 2<sup>nd</sup> Prototypes: Linearity





### PbWO4 + SiPM



Reasonable linearity observed for both system with electron beam from 50MeV to 800 MeV.