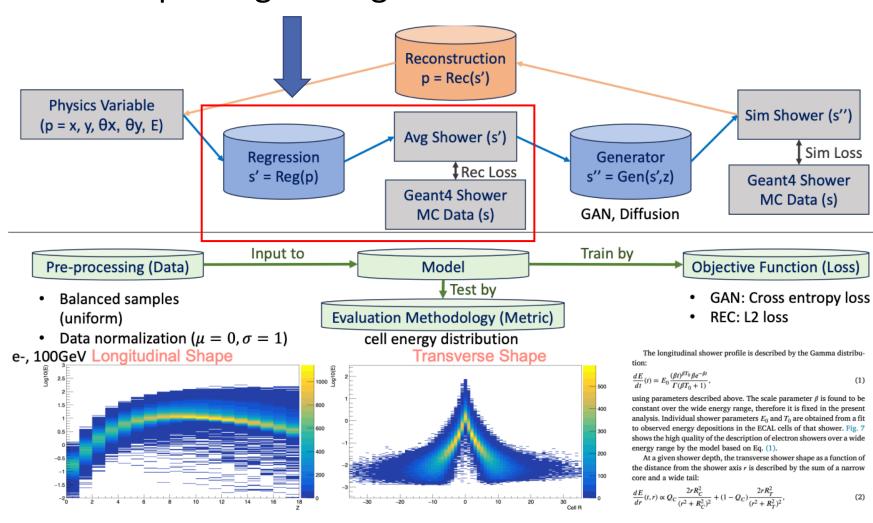


# Status report

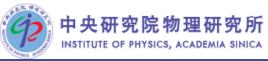
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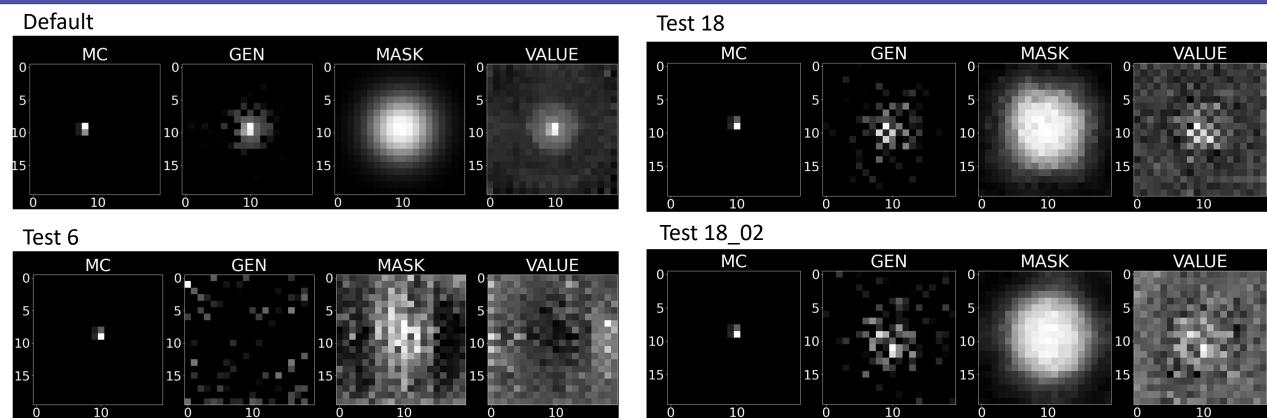


Focus on improving the regression

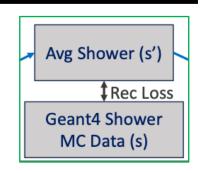


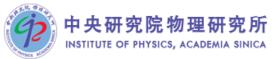
# Recap: Test result (Gen)





Looks like we fixed the image in GEN, but still worse than the default image.

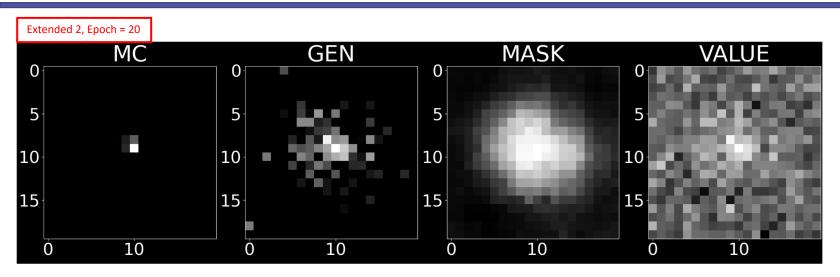




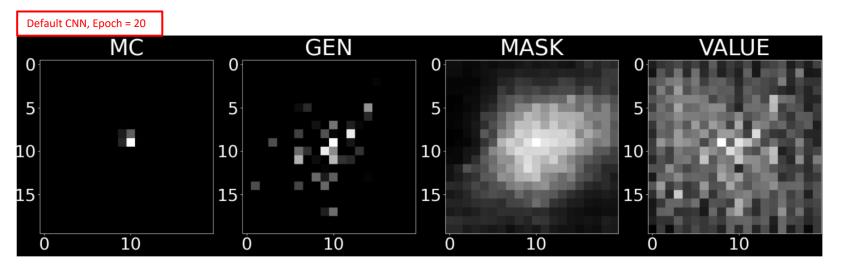
Hidden dim = 32 (i.e. 32 neurons in each hidden layers)
Add layers into the default structure: "Extended 2"

```
self.encoder = nn.Sequential(
       nn.Linear(1, hidden_dim*4),
       LinearBlock(hidden dim*4, hidden dim*4, 4),
       LinearBlock(hidden_dim*4, hidden_dim*9, 4),
       nn.Unflatten(1, (hidden_dim, 3, 3)), # (3, 3)
       nn.ConvTranspose2d(hidden dim, hidden dim,
       kernel\_size = (3, 3), stride = (1, 1),
       padding = (0, 0), # (5, 5)
       Conv2dBlockH3W3(hidden_dim, hidden_dim*2),
       Conv2dBlockH3W3(hidden_dim*2, hidden_dim*4),
       PixelShuffle2D(2, 2), # (10, 10)
       Conv2dBlockH5W5(hidden_dim, hidden_dim*2),
       Conv2dBlockH5W5(hidden dim*2, hidden dim*4),
       PixelShuffle2D(2, 2), # (20, 20)
       Conv2dBlockH5W5(hidden dim, hidden dim),
       Conv2dBlockH5W5(hidden_dim, hidden_dim)
```

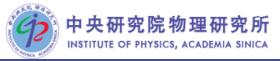
```
self.encoder = nn.Sequential(
       nn.Linear(1, hidden_dim*4), #0
       LinearBlock(hidden_dim*4, hidden_dim*4, 4), #1
       LinearBlock(hidden_dim*4, hidden_dim*4, 4), #2
       LinearBlock(hidden_dim*4, hidden_dim*4, 4), #3
       LinearBlock(hidden_dim*4, hidden_dim*9, 4), #4
       nn.Dropout(0.1), #5
       nn.Unflatten(1, (hidden_dim, 3, 3)), # (3, 3) #6
       nn.ConvTranspose2d(hidden_dim, hidden_dim, k
       ernel_size = (3, 3), stride = (1, 1),
       padding = (0, 0), # (5, 5) #7
       Conv2dBlockH3W3(hidden_dim, hidden_dim*2), #8
       Conv2dBlockH3W3(hidden_dim*2, hidden_dim*2), #9
        Conv2dBlockH3W3(hidden_dim*2, hidden_dim*2), #10
        Conv2dBlockH3W3(hidden dim*2, hidden dim*4), #11
       nn.Dropout(0.1), #12
       PixelShuffle2D(2, 2), # (10, 10) #13
       Conv2dBlockH5W5(hidden_dim, hidden_dim*2), #14
       Conv2dBlockH5W5(hidden_dim*2, hidden_dim*2), #15
       Conv2dBlockH5W5(hidden_dim*2, hidden_dim*2), #16
       Conv2dBlockH5W5(hidden_dim*2, hidden_dim*4), #17
       nn.Dropout(0.1), #18
       PixelShuffle2D(2, 2), # (20, 20) #19
       Conv2dBlockH5W5(hidden_dim, hidden_dim), #20
       Conv2dBlockH5W5(hidden_dim, hidden_dim), #21
       Conv2dBlockH5W5(hidden_dim, hidden_dim), #22
       Conv2dBlockH5W5(hidden_dim, hidden_dim) #23
```

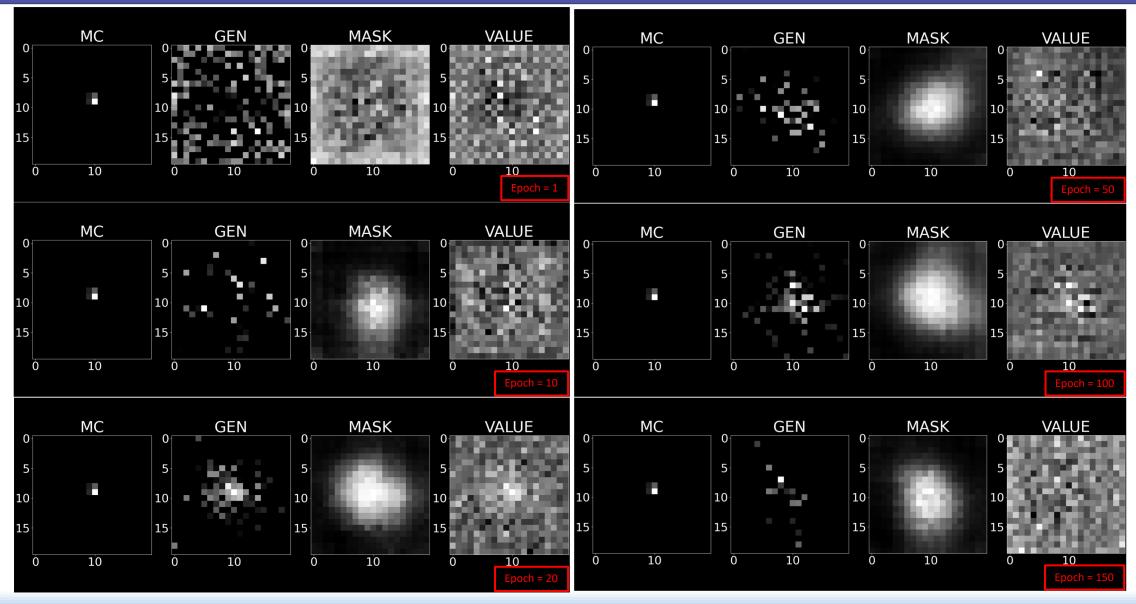


• The modified CNN gives a better result.



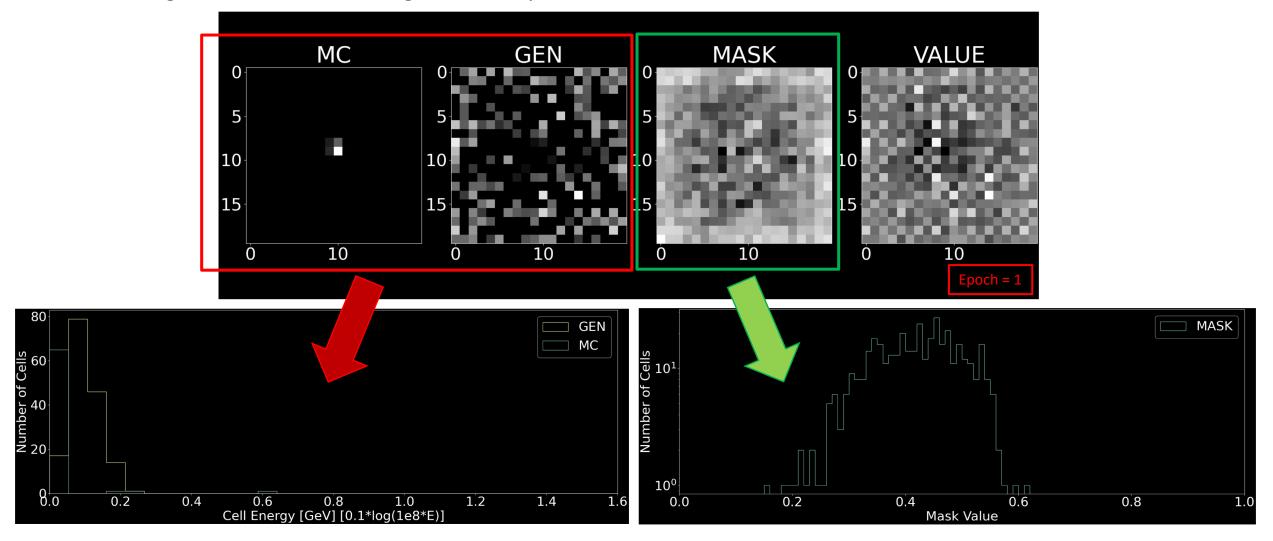
# 1<sup>st</sup> attempt: Test result (image)







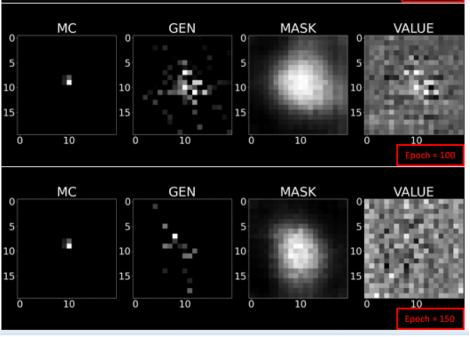
Besides the image itself, we have 2 histogram to study the model.

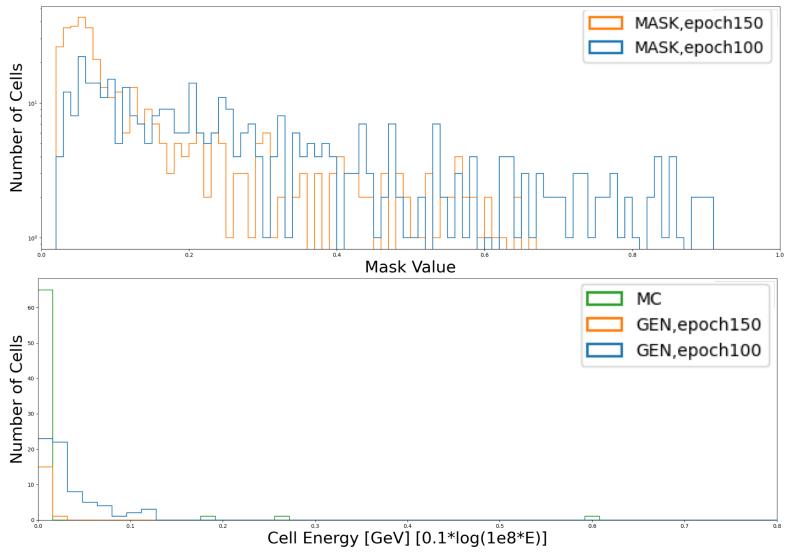


#### 1<sup>st</sup> attempt: What do we learn from these plots



- We can see that the model is trying to balance the MC-mimicking and the mask range from the hist.
- Which is very clear if we overlay the hist.

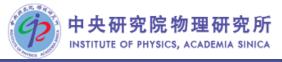


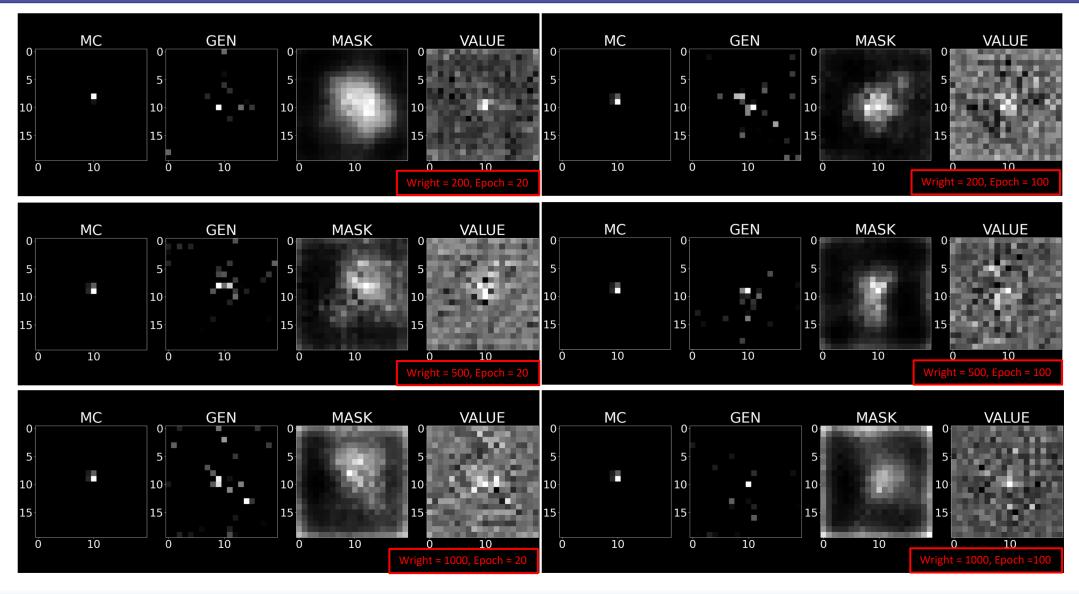


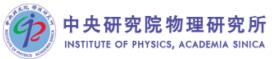
#### 2<sup>nd</sup> attempt: Loss weighting



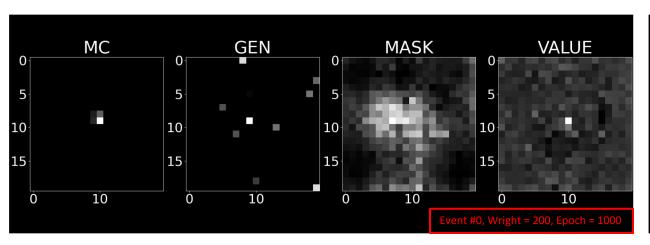
- We removed GAN part of the algorithm so the training loss,  $L_{train} = L_{MASK} + L_{VALUE}$ .
- Typical value of  $L_{MASK}$  and  $L_{VALUE}$  are: Loss(MASK, REG) = ( 0.297824, 0.002209)
- Therefore  $L_{MASK} \cong 145 \ L_{VALUE}$  . In order to balance the loss, we add a weighting to  $L_{VALUE}$ .
- We have tried weight = 200, 500 and 1000 to check the effect.

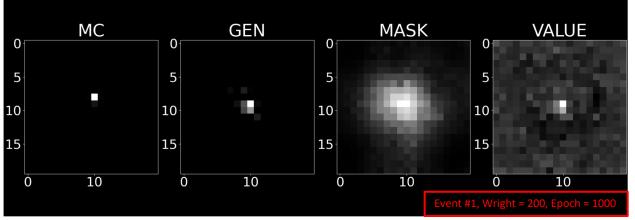






- We can see that weight = 200 gives a better result so we stick with it, and moved the whole setting to /work
- Here we have much more space (30 times) so we did a 1000 epoch run.



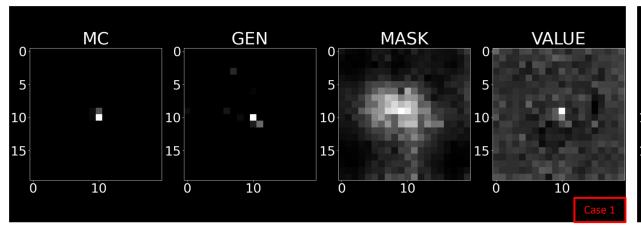


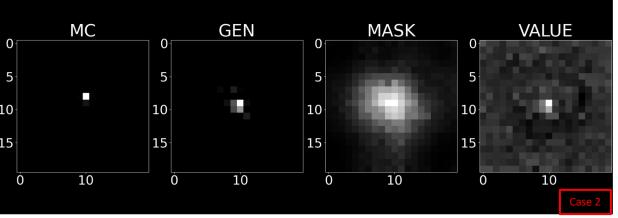
- Although Event#0 (the one we used to compare results so far) looks worse, event#1 gives a much better results.
- Now we wonder how many pattern of MASK image do we have?

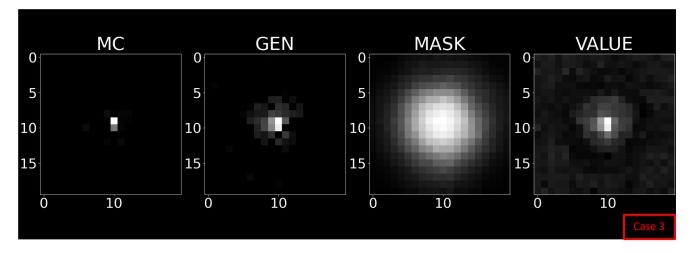
# 2<sup>nd</sup> attempt: Test result (image)



- We have checked 120 events and we can summarise them into 3 types (by eyes)
- We found what we are expecting in Case 3. However Case 1 and 2 are dominating in this 120 events.



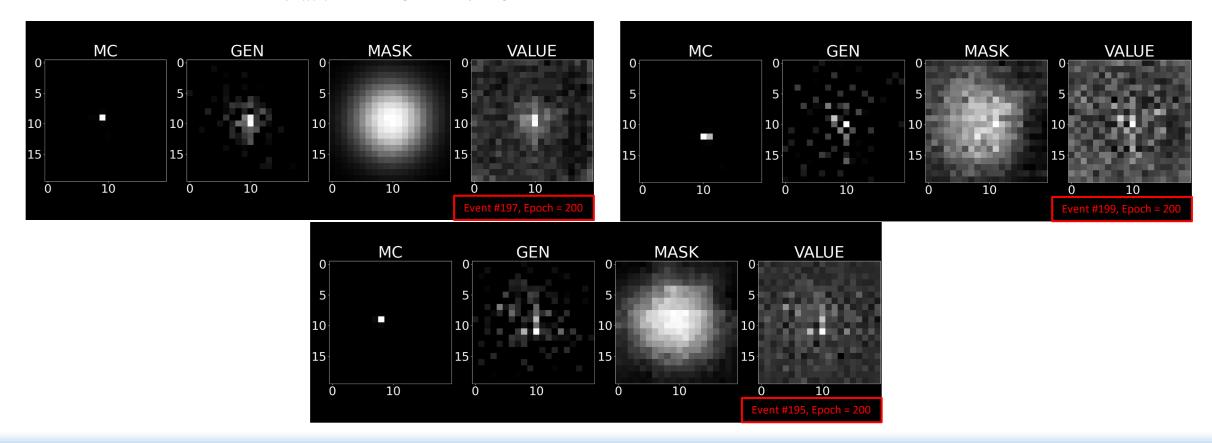


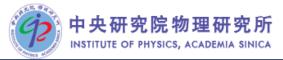


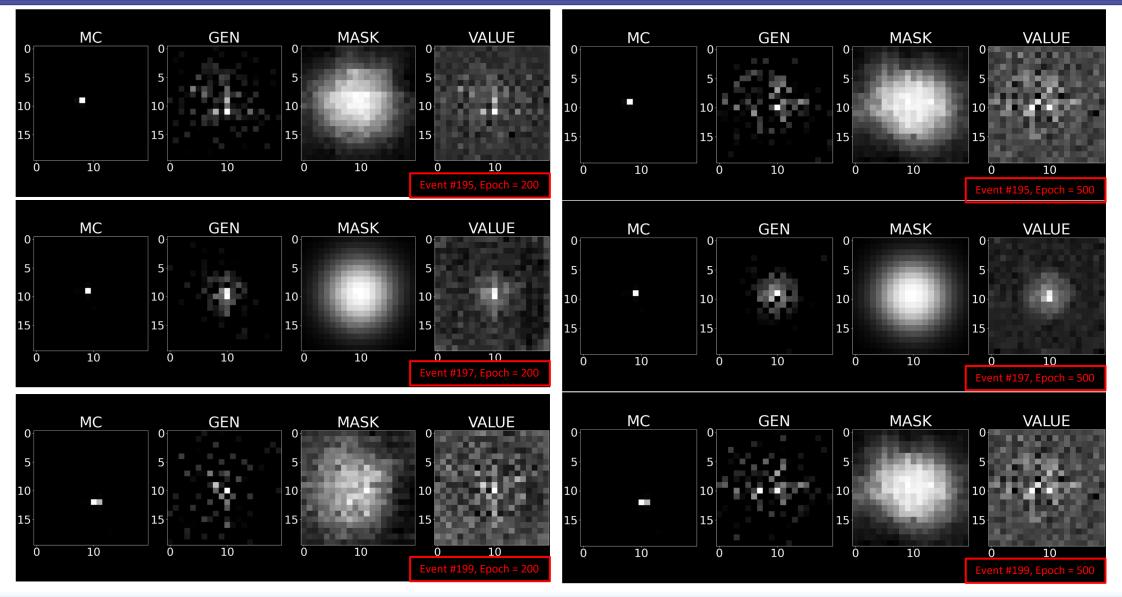
# 3<sup>rd</sup> attempt: 50M samples

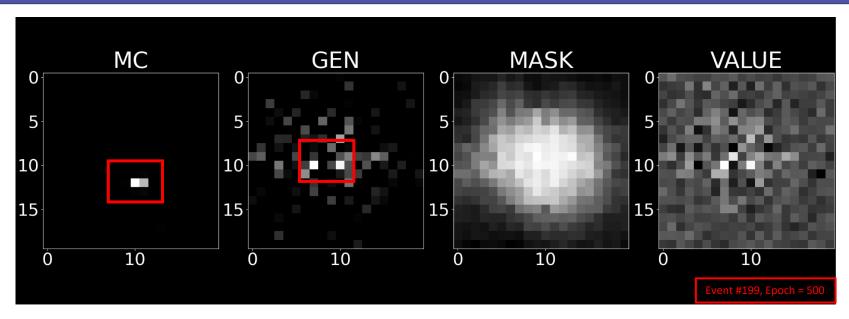


- We now have a much larger space to work with, we can therefore train a larger samples.
- Therefore we generate a 50M  $e^+$  sample (5 times than pervious)
- First we check the resulting image by using the default CNN
- Running 200 epochs with  $L_{train} = L_{MASK} + L_{VALUE}$  (No weighting)





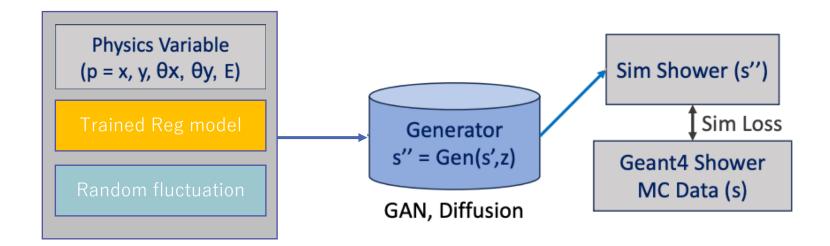


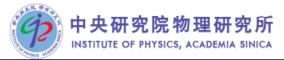


- We can see that in some cases, the center of the GEN image didn't match the MC one.
- In order to fix this, we need to use GAN.

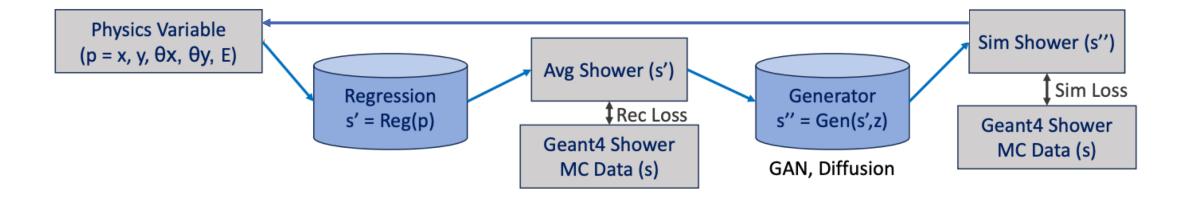


- We now have a trained model from the first part of the algorithm.
- We can add the physics variable and random parameters into this model and train it in a GAN.





- We can see that the 50M sample give an improvement with default CNN already.
- Would it be possible that we can use the default algorithm to improvement the result?



#### Summary & Outlook



- We have tried different approach to improve the image.
- Looks like we don't have to change the CNN structure if we have enough samples.
- Next we have to add back the GAN part.