

TIDC EIC Workshop

August 18-19, 2022

Department of Physics, NCKU, Tainan, Taiwan

The Electron-Ion Collider

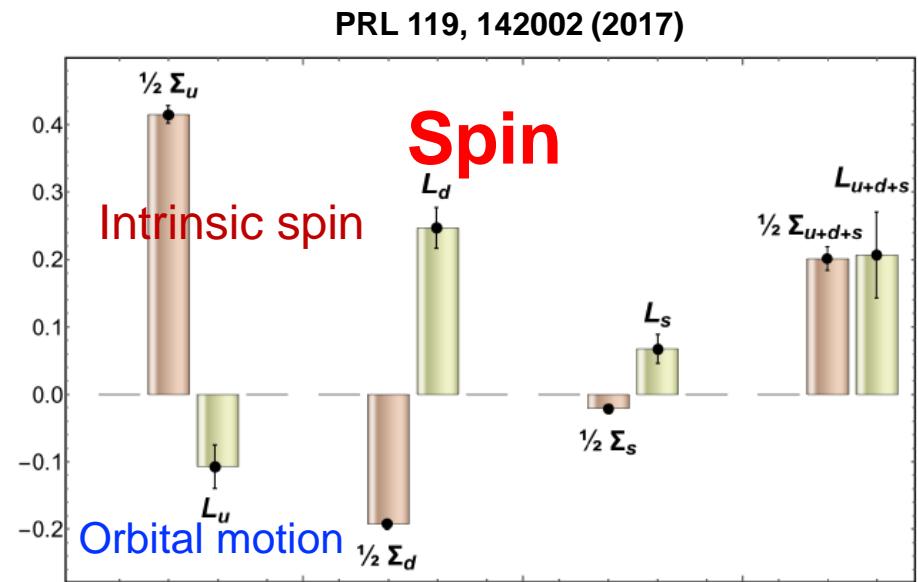
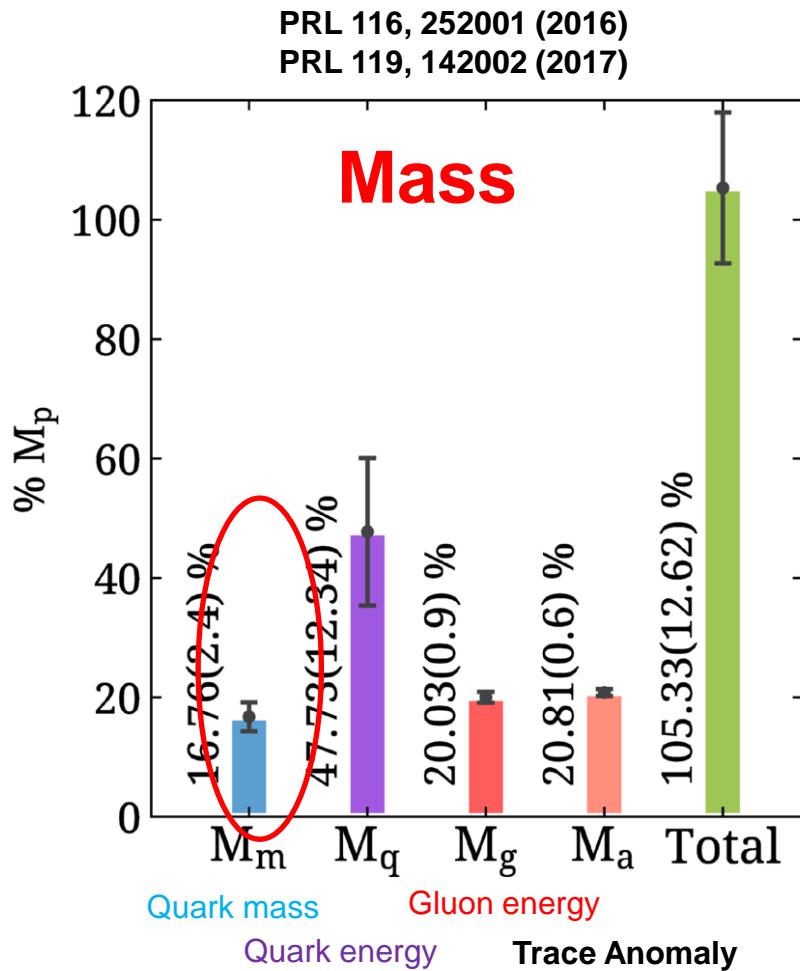


Mini-review of PDFs and TMDs (experimental aspect)

Wen-Chen Chang

Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica

Mass/Spin Decomposition of Proton (Lattice QCD)

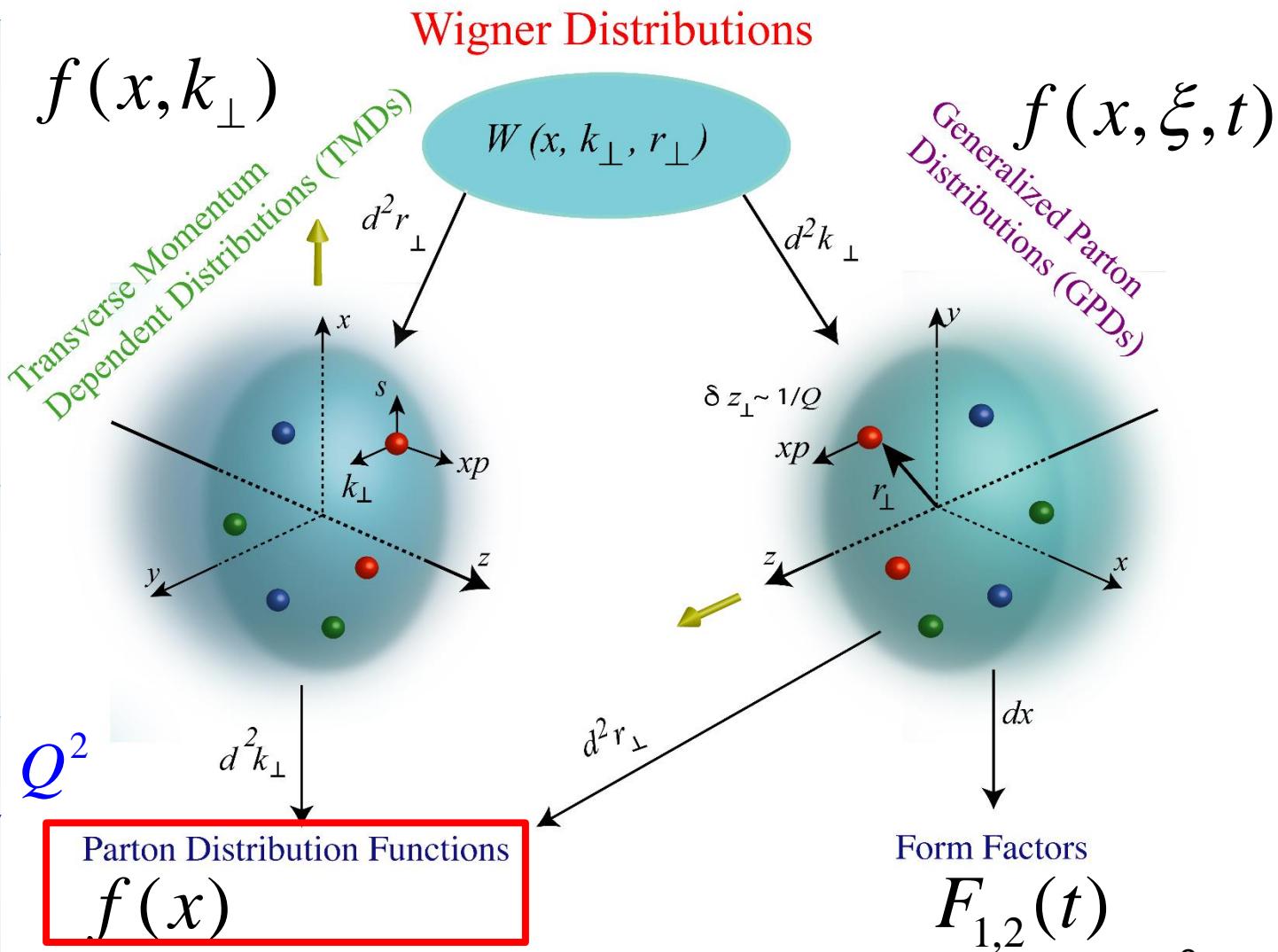
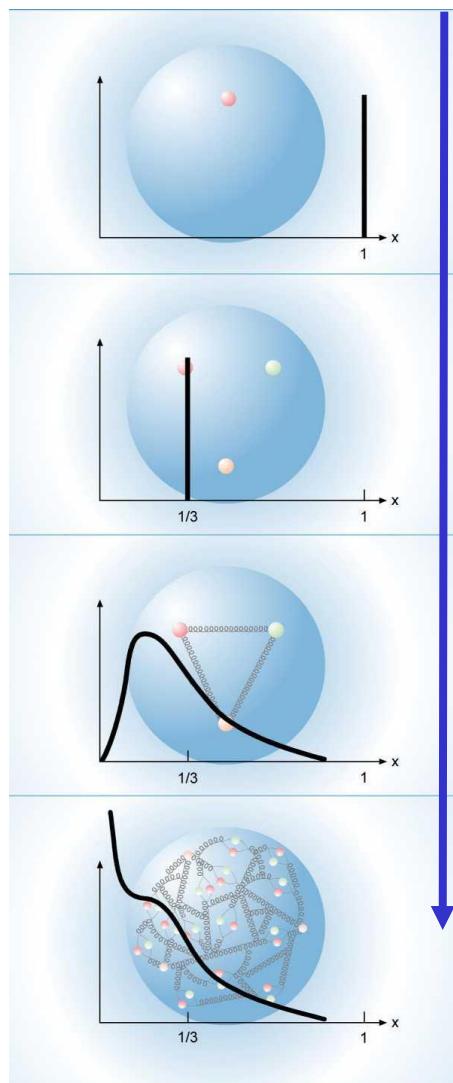


Quark orbital angular momentum
extracted indirectly ($L_q = J_q - \Sigma_q$)

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \Delta \Sigma + \Delta G + L_{Q+G}$$

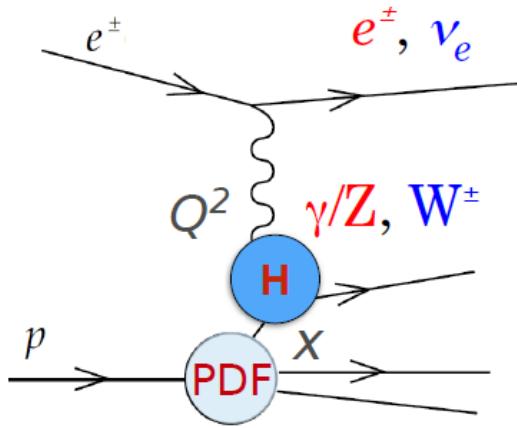
Can the origin of nucleon mass and spin be understood by its partonic structure?

Multi-dimensional Partonic Structures

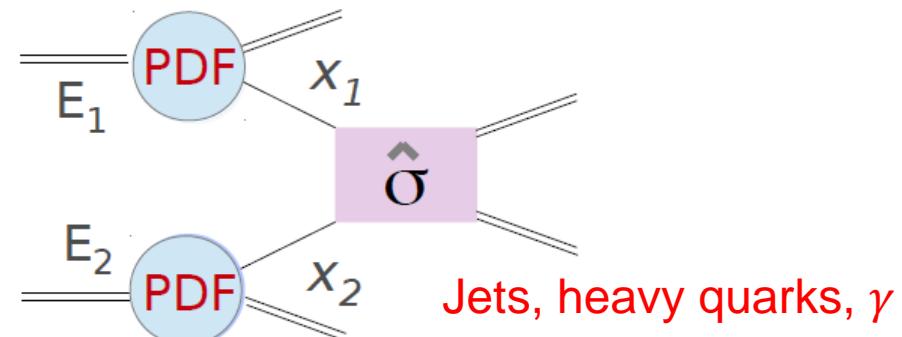


Experimental Approach

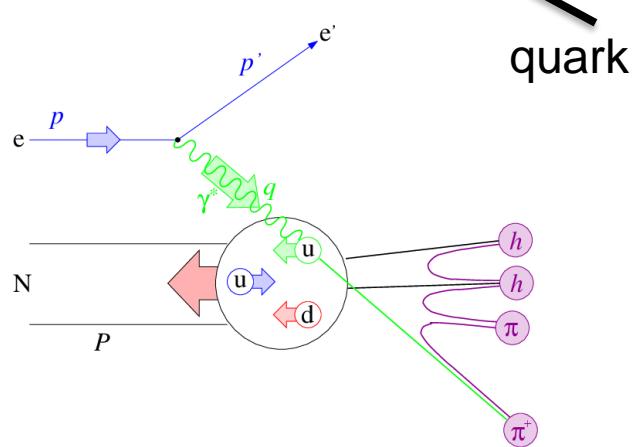
DIS



Hadron-hadron

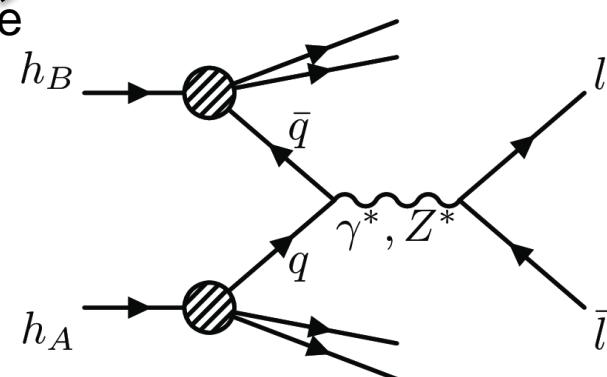


Semi-inclusive DIS



quark flavor sensitive

Drell-Yan



Unpolarized PDF Analysis

Eur. Phys. J. C (2009) 63:189

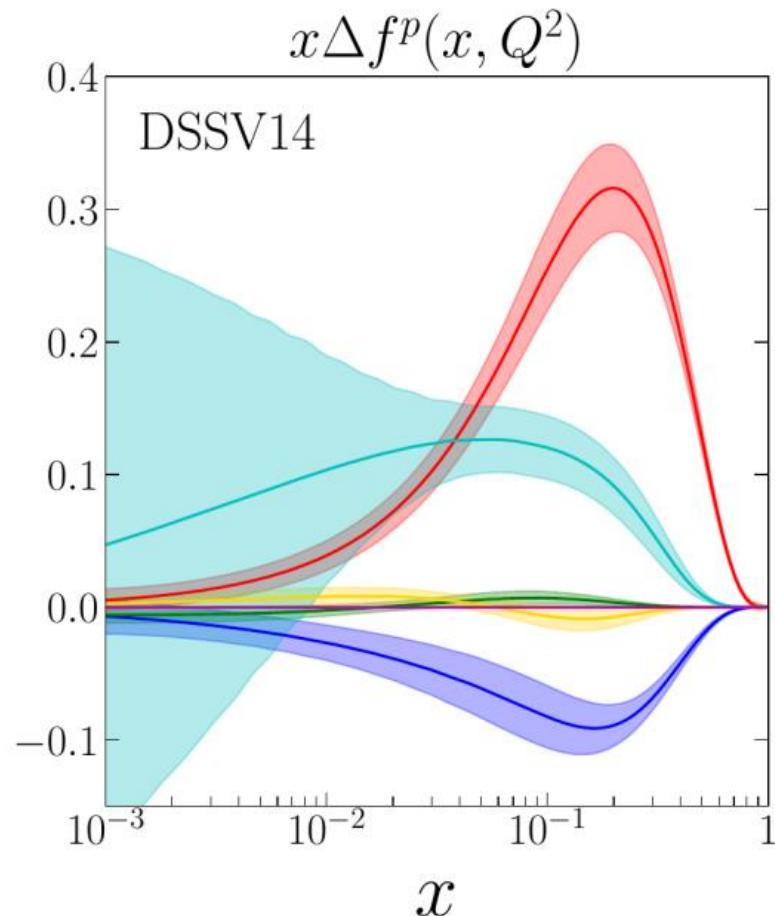
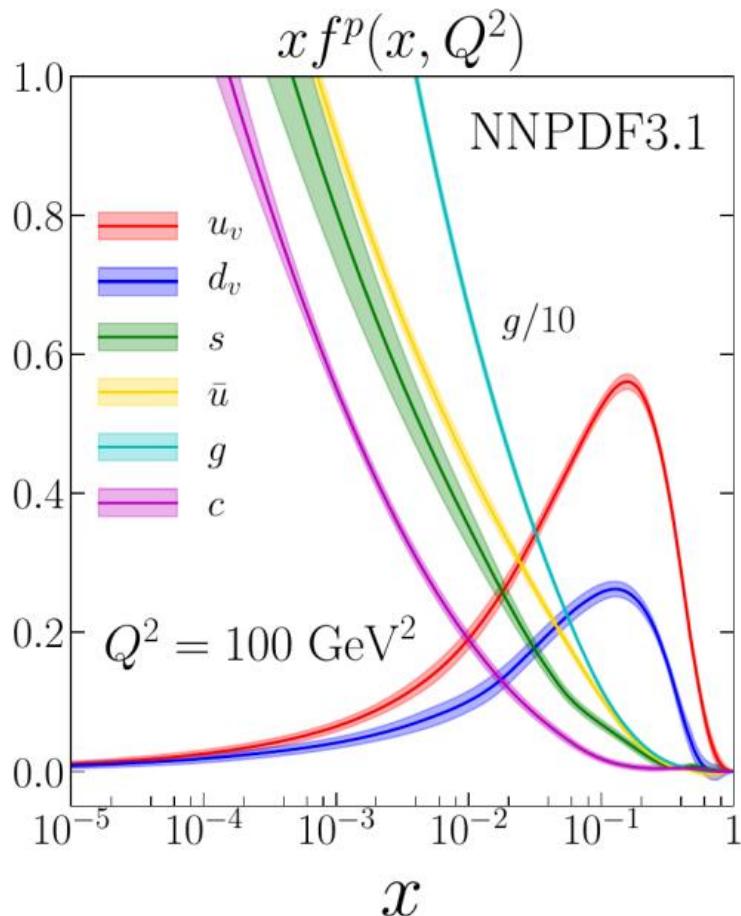
Process	Subprocess	Partons	x range
$\ell^\pm\{p, n\} \rightarrow \ell^\pm X$	$\gamma^* q \rightarrow q$	q, \bar{q}, g	$x \gtrsim 0.01$
$\ell^\pm n/p \rightarrow \ell^\pm X$	$\gamma^* d/u \rightarrow d/u$	d/u	$x \gtrsim 0.01$
$p p \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- X$	$u\bar{u}, d\bar{d} \rightarrow \gamma^*$	\bar{q}	$0.015 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.35$
$p n/p p \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- X$	$(u\bar{d})/(u\bar{u}) \rightarrow \gamma^*$	\bar{d}/\bar{u}	$0.015 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.35$
$\nu(\bar{\nu})N \rightarrow \mu^-(\mu^+)X$	$W^* q \rightarrow q'$	q, \bar{q}	$0.01 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.5$
$\nu N \rightarrow \mu^- \mu^+ X$	$W^* s \rightarrow c$	s	$0.01 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.2$
$\bar{\nu} N \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- X$	$W^* \bar{s} \rightarrow \bar{c}$	\bar{s}	$0.01 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.2$
$e^\pm p \rightarrow e^\pm X$	$\gamma^* q \rightarrow q$	g, q, \bar{q}	$0.0001 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.1$
$e^+ p \rightarrow \bar{\nu} X$	$W^+ \{d, s\} \rightarrow \{u, c\}$	d, s	$x \gtrsim 0.01$
$e^\pm p \rightarrow e^\pm c\bar{c} X$	$\gamma^* c \rightarrow c, \gamma^* g \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	c, g	$0.0001 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.01$
$e^\pm p \rightarrow \text{jet} + X$	$\gamma^* g \rightarrow q\bar{q}$	g	$0.01 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.1$
$p\bar{p} \rightarrow \text{jet} + X$	$gg, qg, qq \rightarrow 2j$	g, q	$0.01 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.5$
$p\bar{p} \rightarrow (W^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu) X$	$ud \rightarrow W, \bar{u}\bar{d} \rightarrow W$	u, d, \bar{u}, \bar{d}	$x \gtrsim 0.05$
$p\bar{p} \rightarrow (Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-) X$	$uu, dd \rightarrow Z$	d	$x \gtrsim 0.05$

Hadronic Process	Partonic Process	Probed Partons	U	P	N
Fixed Target DIS					
$\ell^\pm\{p, n\} \rightarrow \ell^\pm + X$	$\gamma^* q \rightarrow q$	q^+, q, \bar{q}, g	✓	✓	✓
$\ell^\pm\{n, A\}/p \rightarrow \ell^\pm + X$	$\gamma^* d/u \rightarrow d/u$	d/u	✓		✓
$\nu(\bar{\nu})A \rightarrow \mu^-(\mu^+) + X$	$W^* q \rightarrow q'$	q, \bar{q}	✓		✓
$\nu A \rightarrow \mu^-\mu^+ + X$	$W^* s \rightarrow c$	s	✓		✓
$\bar{\nu}A \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- + X$	$W^* \bar{s} \rightarrow \bar{c}$	\bar{s}	✓		✓
Collider DIS					
$e^\pm p \rightarrow e^\pm + X$	$\gamma^* q \rightarrow q$	g, q, \bar{q}	✓		
$e^+ p \rightarrow \bar{\nu} + X$	$W^+ \{d, s\} \rightarrow \{u, c\}$	d, s	✓		
$e^\pm p \rightarrow e^\pm c\bar{c} + X$	$\gamma^* c \rightarrow c, \gamma^* g \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	c, g	✓		
$e^\pm p \rightarrow (\text{di-})\text{jet}(s) + X$	$\gamma^* g \rightarrow q\bar{q}$	g	✓		
Fixed Target SIDIS					
$\ell^\pm\{p, d\} \rightarrow \ell^\pm + h + X$	$\gamma^* q \rightarrow q$	$u, \bar{u}, d, \bar{d}, g$	✓	✓	
$\ell^\pm\{p, d\} \rightarrow \ell^\pm c\bar{c} \rightarrow \ell^\pm D + X$	$\gamma^* g \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	g		✓	
Fixed Target DY					
$pp \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- + X$	$u\bar{u}, d\bar{d} \rightarrow \gamma^*$	\bar{q}	✓		
$p\{n, A\}/pp \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- + X$	$(u\bar{d})/(u\bar{u}) \rightarrow \gamma^*$	\bar{d}/\bar{u}	✓		✓
Collider DY					
$p\bar{p} \rightarrow (W^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu) + X$	$ud \rightarrow W^+, \bar{u}\bar{d} \rightarrow W^-$	u, d, \bar{u}, \bar{d}	✓		
$p\{p, A\} \rightarrow (W^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu) + X$	$u\bar{d} \rightarrow W^+, d\bar{u} \rightarrow W^-$	u, d, \bar{u}, \bar{d}	✓	✓	✓
$p\bar{p}(p\{p, A\}) \rightarrow (Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-) + X$	$uu, dd(u\bar{u}, d\bar{d}) \rightarrow Z$	u, d, g	✓	✓	✓
$pp \rightarrow (W + c) + X$	$gs \rightarrow W^- c, g\bar{s} \rightarrow W^+ \bar{c}$	s, \bar{s}, g	✓		
$pp \rightarrow (\gamma^* \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-)X$	$u\bar{u}, d\bar{d} \rightarrow \gamma^*, u\gamma, d\gamma \rightarrow \gamma^*$	\bar{q}, g, γ	✓		
Jet and hadron production					
$p\bar{p}(p\{p, A\}) \rightarrow (\text{di-})\text{jet}(s) + X$	$gg, qg, qq \rightarrow \text{jet}(s)$	g, q	✓	✓	✓
$p\bar{p}(pp) \rightarrow h + X$	$gg, qg, qq \rightarrow \pi, K, D$	g, q	✓	✓	
Top Production					
$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t} + X$	$gg \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	g	✓		
$pp \rightarrow t + X$	$W^* q \rightarrow q'$	q, \bar{q}	✓		

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.07722>

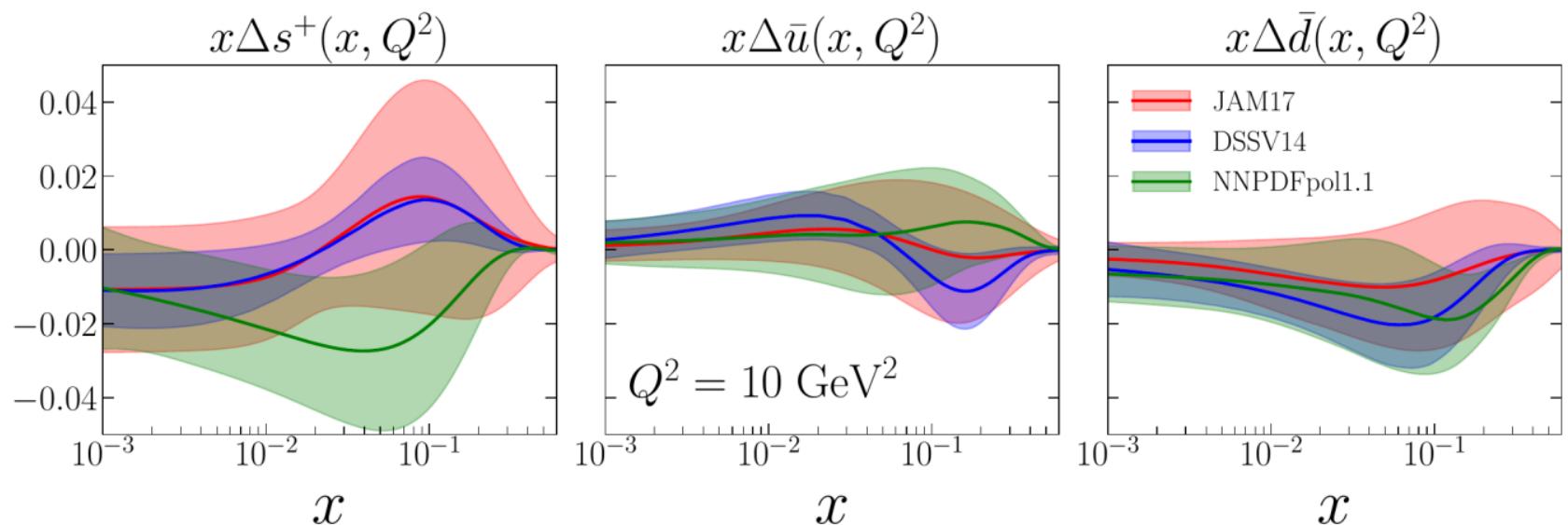
Unpolarized and Polarized PDFs

Much larger uncertainties!



<https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.07722>

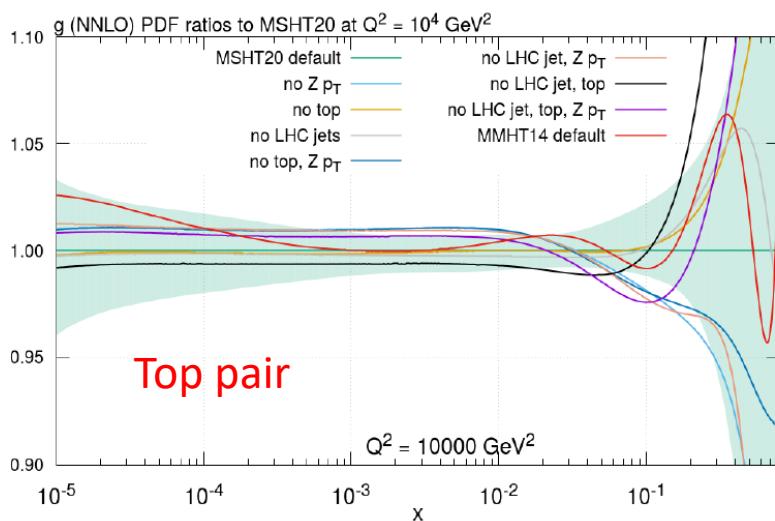
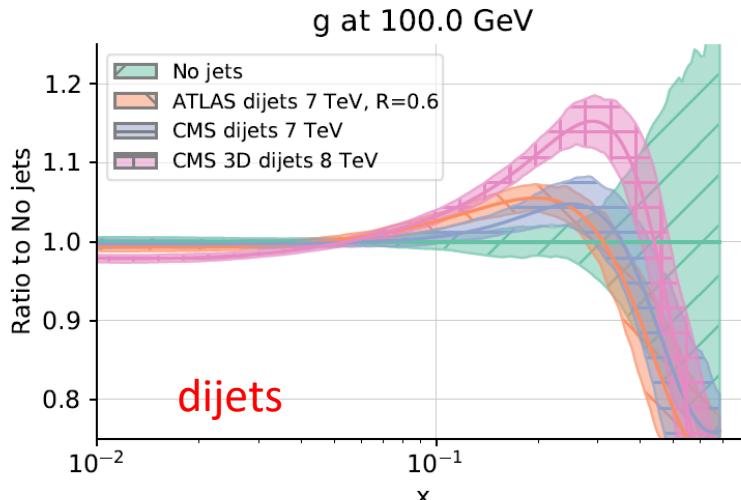
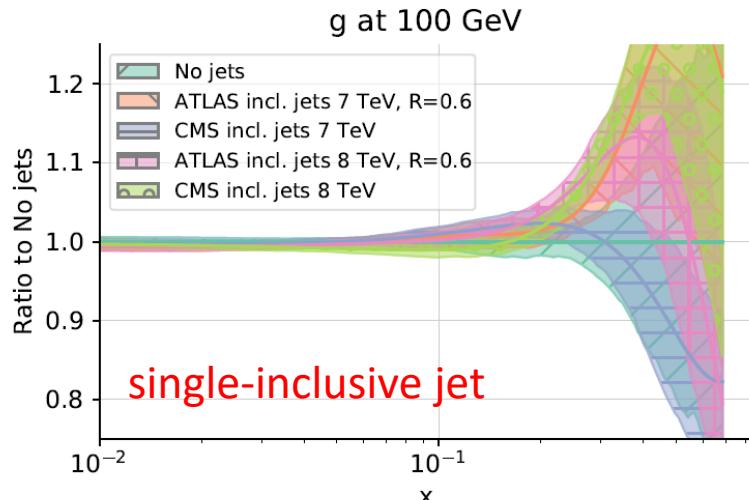
Polarized Sea



<https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.07722>

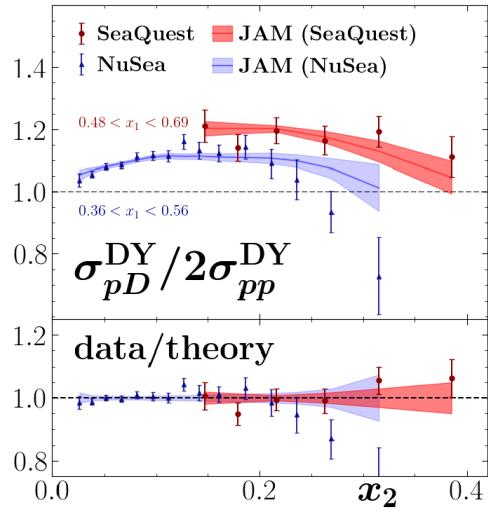
Gluons

NNPDF 4.0: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2109.02653>

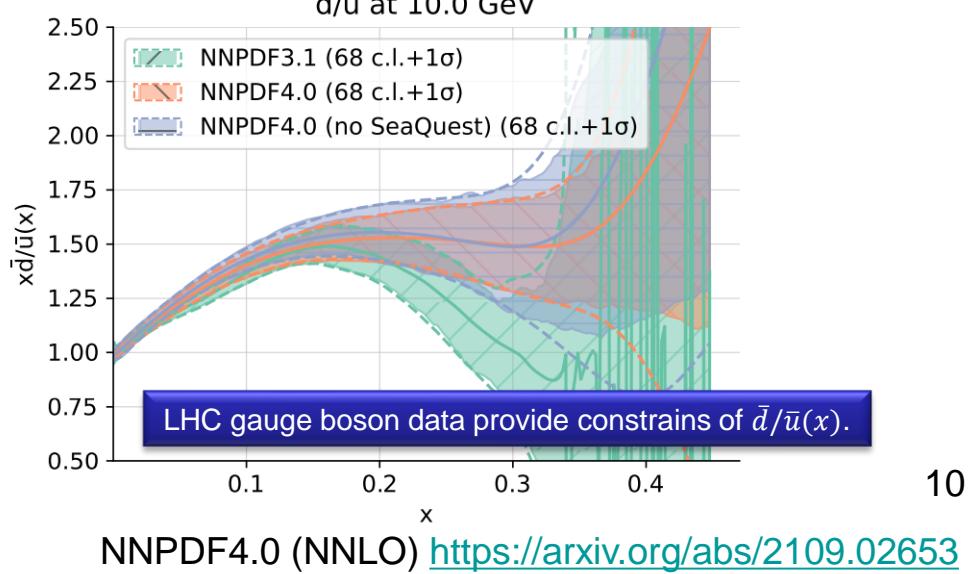
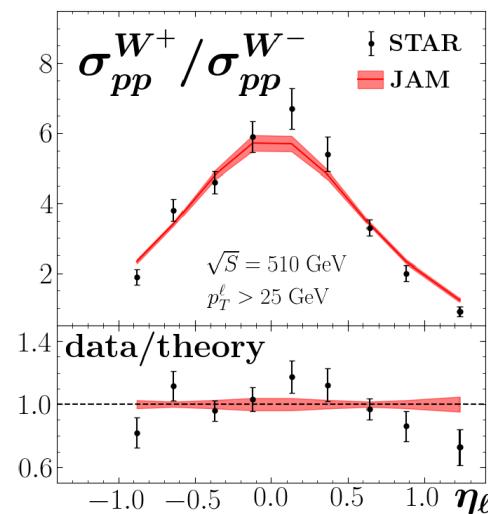
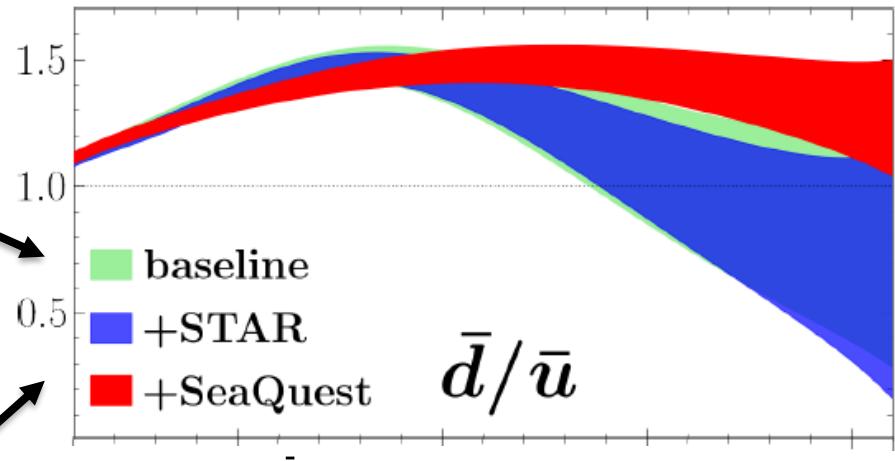


MHST20: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2012.04684>

Light Sea Asymmetry



JAM (NLO) <https://arxiv.org/abs/2109.00677>

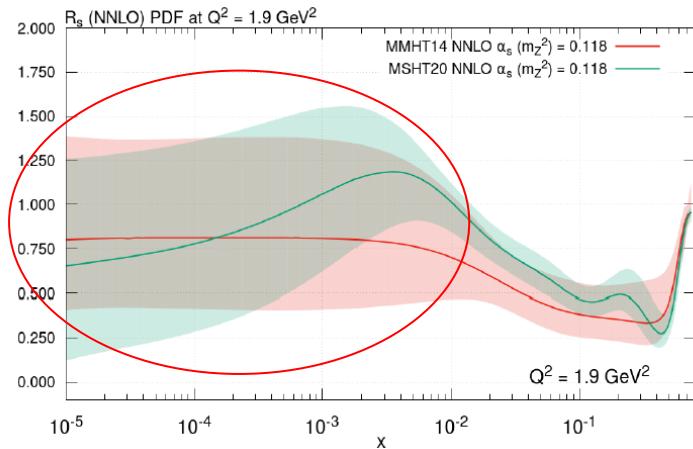
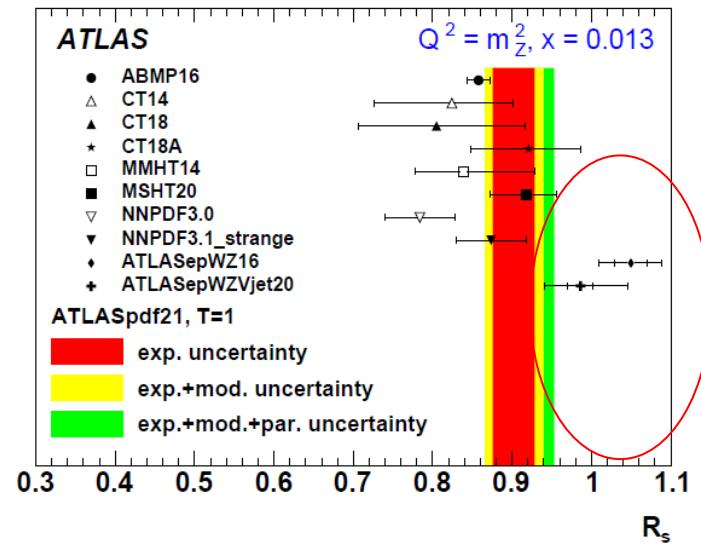
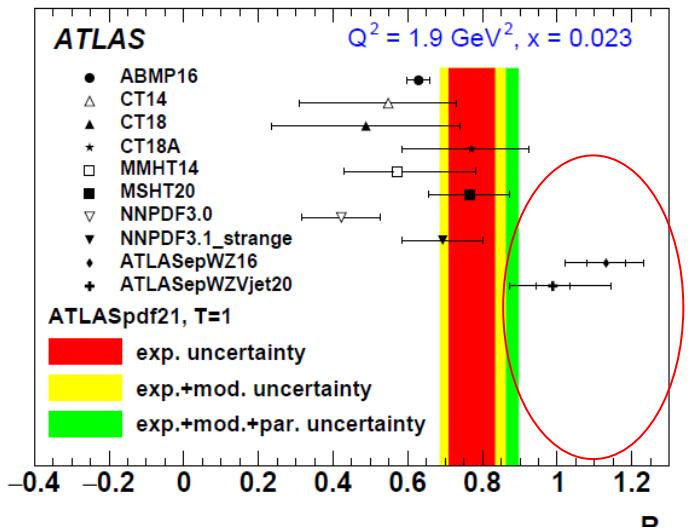


Strange Sea

Is SU(3) symmetry valid for light sea quarks?

LHC: W, Z, V+jet

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2112.11266>

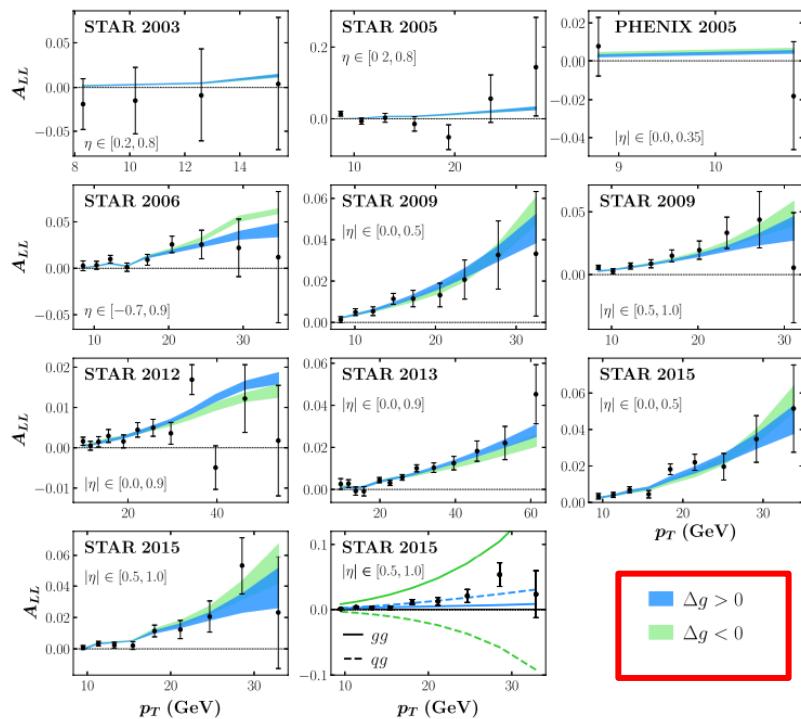


$$R_s = \frac{s + \bar{s}}{\bar{u} + \bar{d}}$$

MHST20: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2012.04684>

Polarized Gluons and Quarks

Double longitudinal spin asymmetries A_{LL}



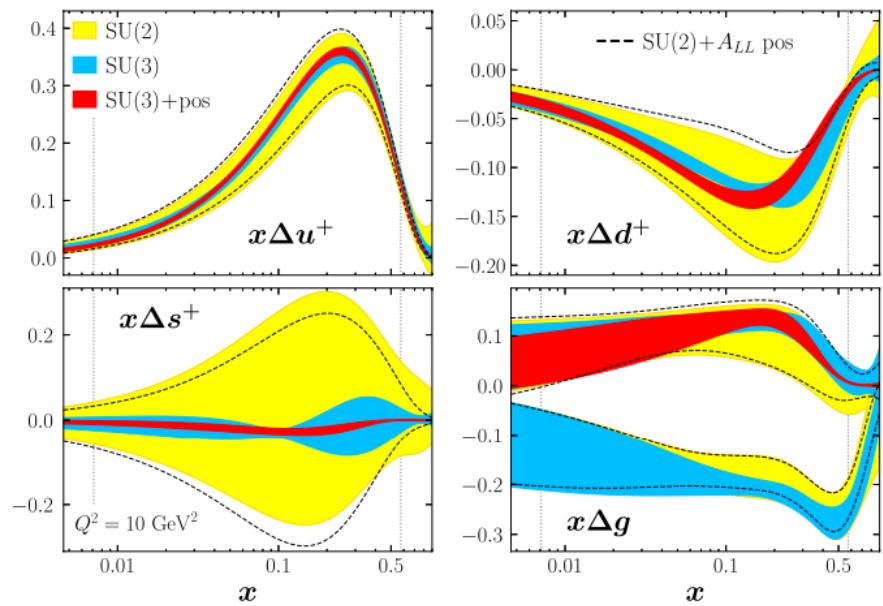
$$A_{LL} = \frac{\sigma^{++} - \sigma^{+-}}{\sigma^{++} + \sigma^{+-}} = \frac{\Delta\sigma}{\sigma},$$

Not sensitive to the sign of Δg !

Much larger uncertainties, in comparison with the unpolarized PDFs!

JAM: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2201.02075>

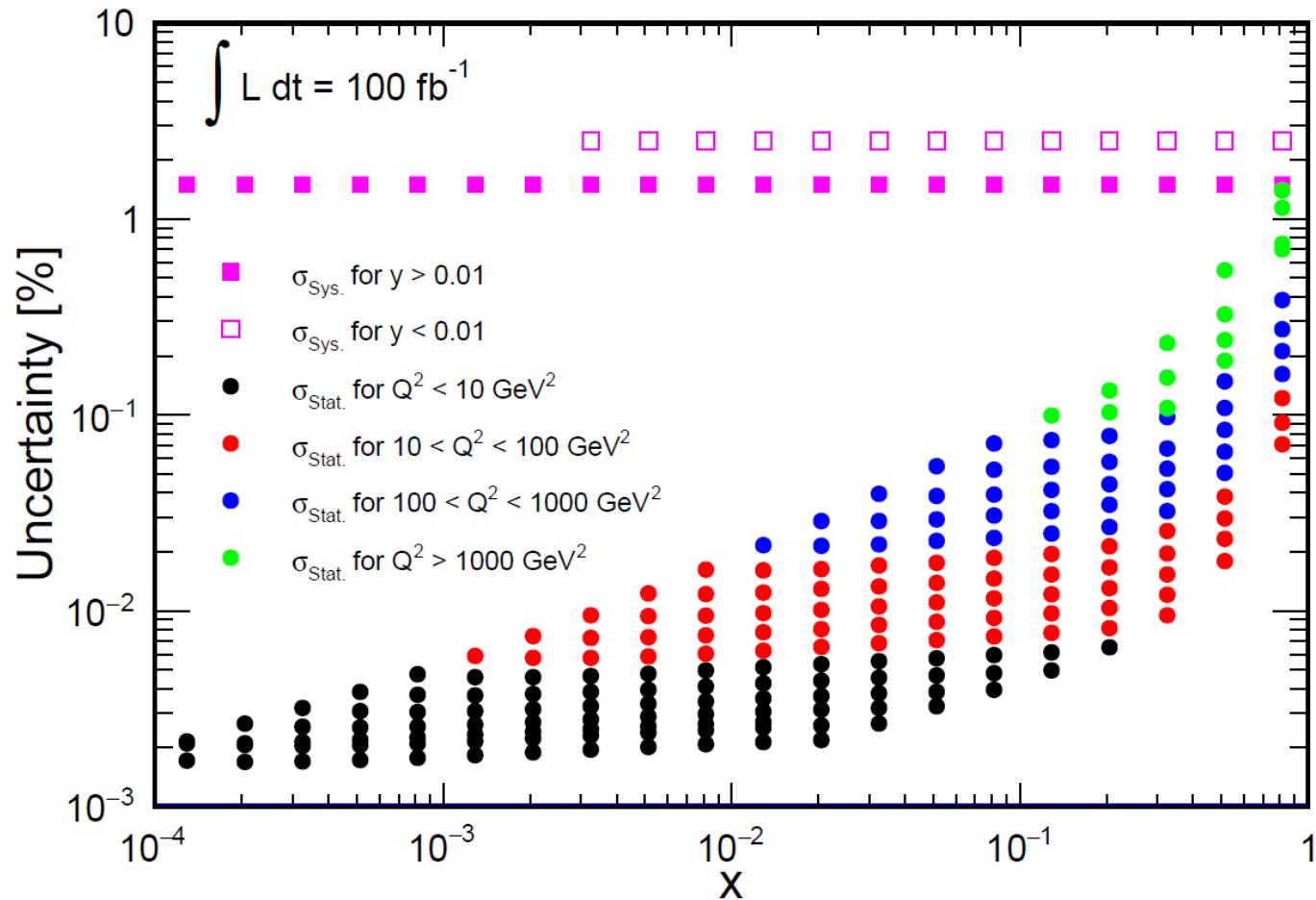
$$\Delta q^+ = \Delta q + \Delta \bar{q}.$$



$$\Delta \bar{u} = \Delta \bar{d} = \Delta s = \Delta \bar{s} \equiv \Delta \bar{q} \quad SU(3)$$

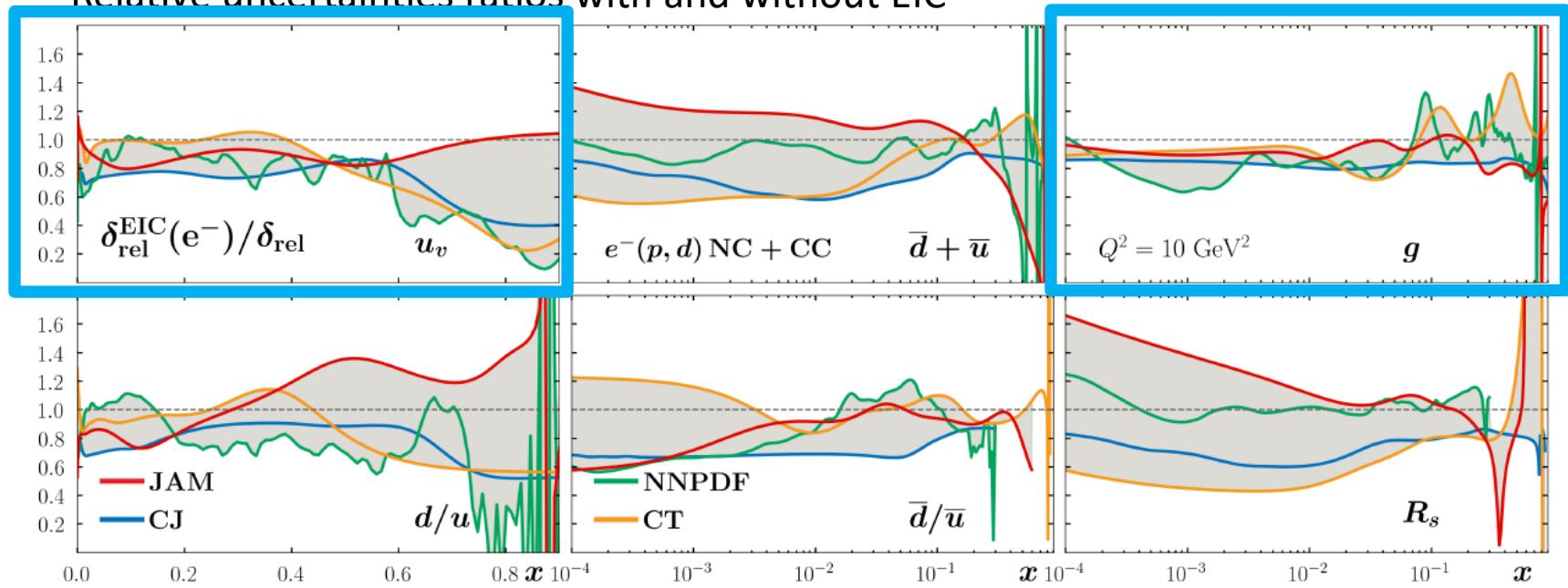
$$|\Delta f_i(x, Q^2)| \leq f_i(x, Q^2), \quad [\text{positivity}]^{12}$$

Uncertainties of EIC for DIS



Unpolarized PDFs

Relative uncertainties ratios with and without EIC

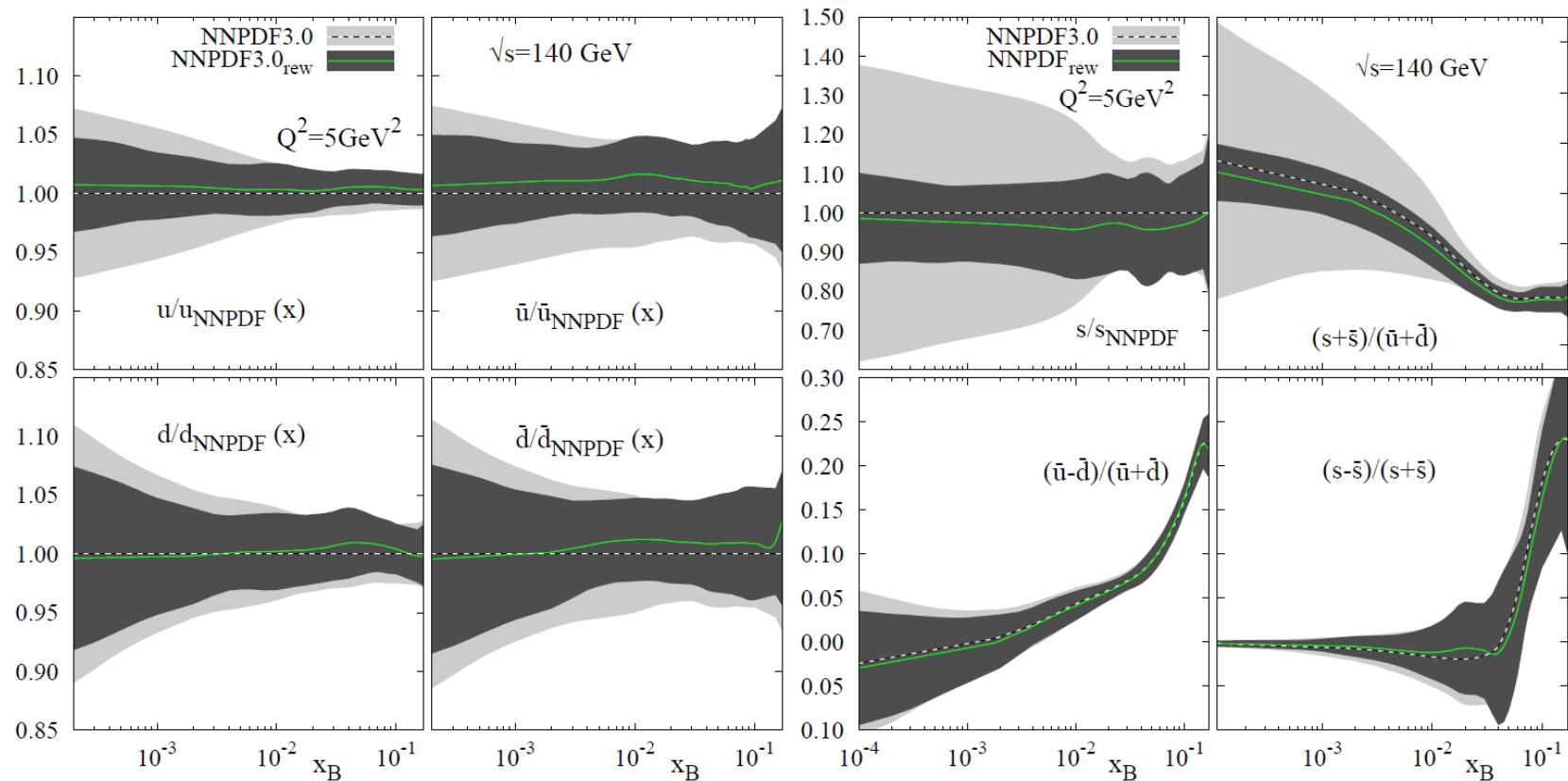


“Note that the ratios are not bound to be less than one since the inclusion of new data can change the relative strength of the flavor channels on the differential cross sections.”

Improved valence quarks and gluon at small x .

EIC Yellow report: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2103.05419>

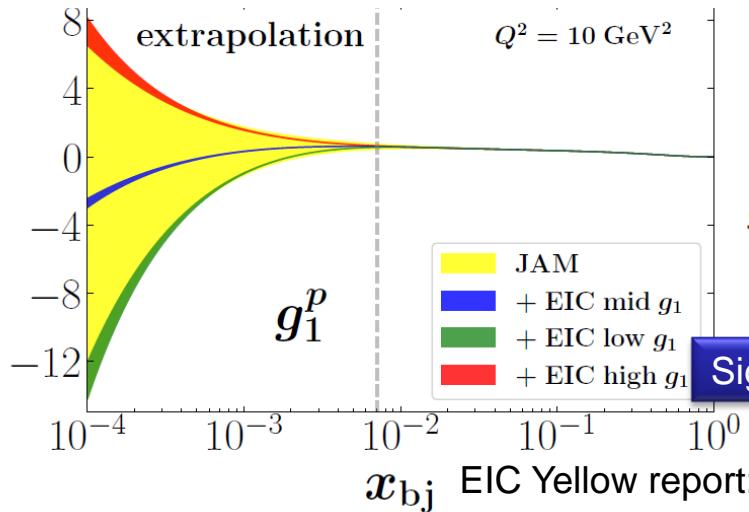
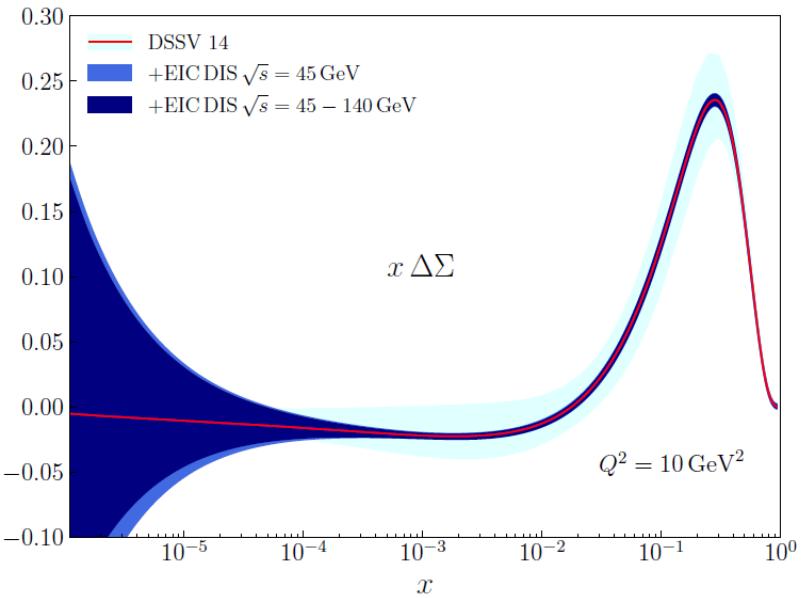
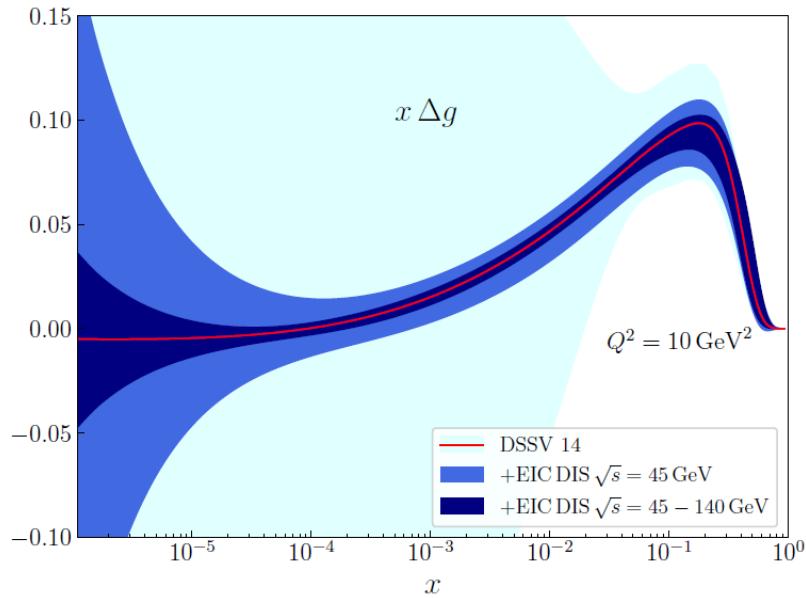
SIDIS: Unpolarized Sea



Improved sea quarks with SIDIS.

EIC Yellow report: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2103.05419>

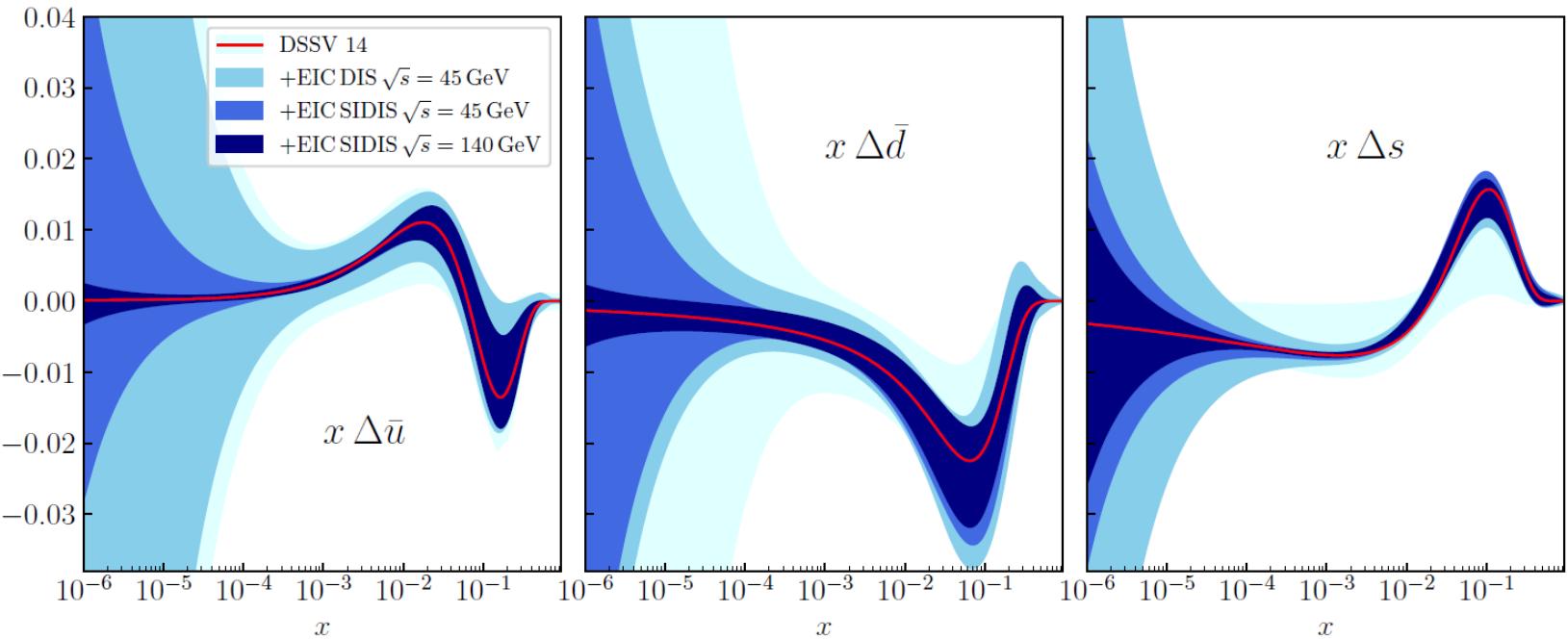
Polarized Gluon and Quark



$$g_1(x) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_q e_q^2 \Delta q(x)$$

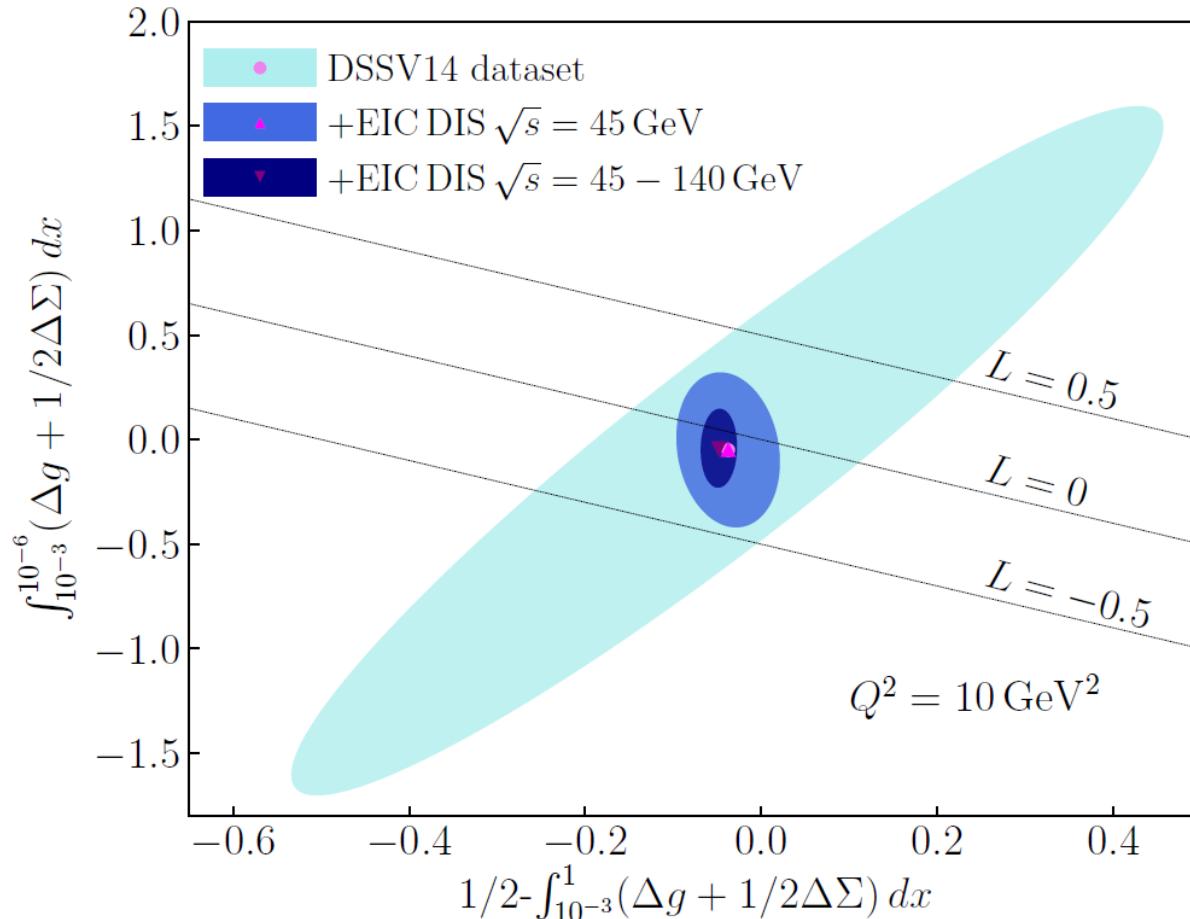
Significantly improved uncertainties of gluons and quarks helicities

SIDIS: Polarized Sea



Significantly improved uncertainties of sea quarks helicities

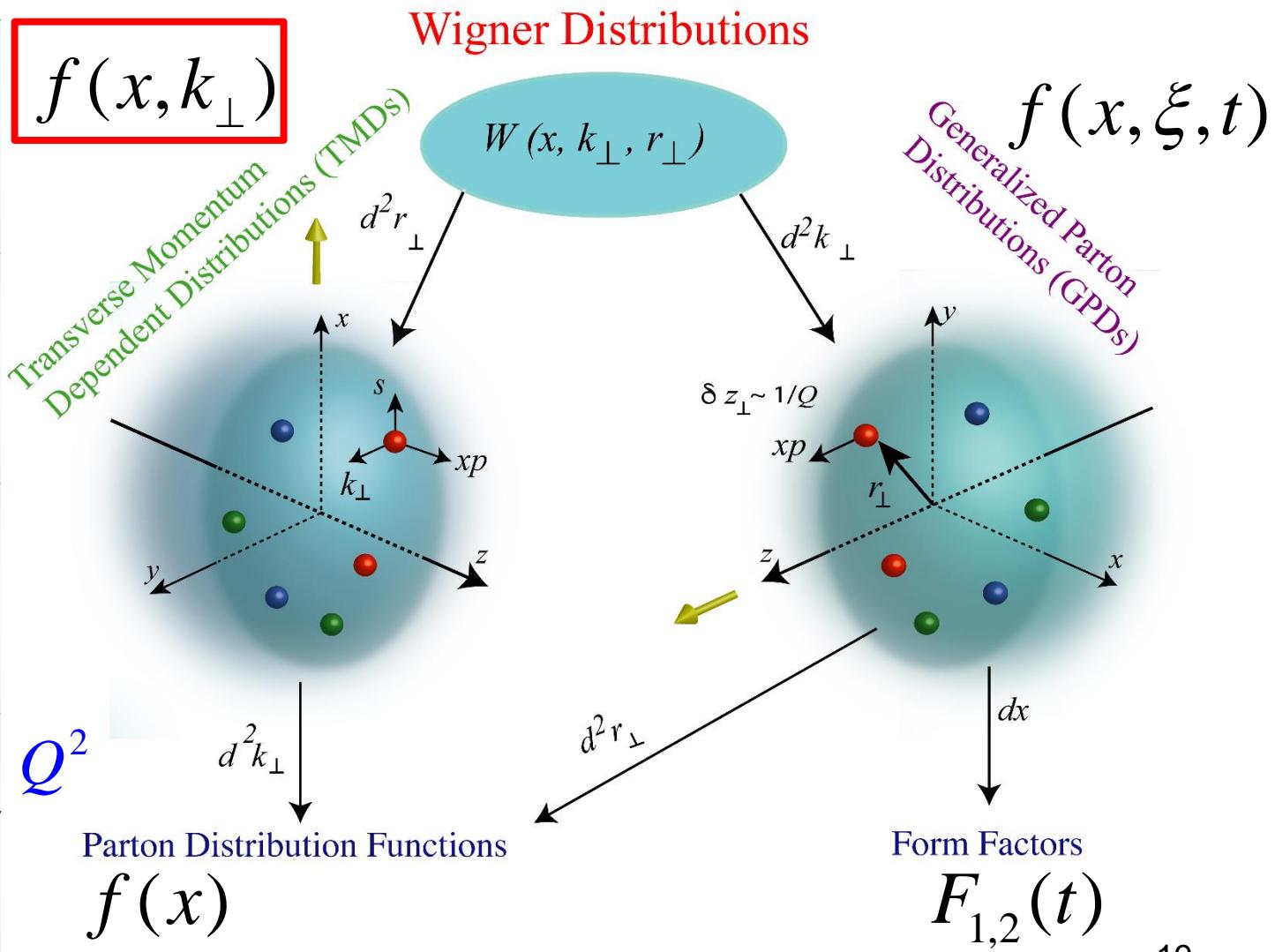
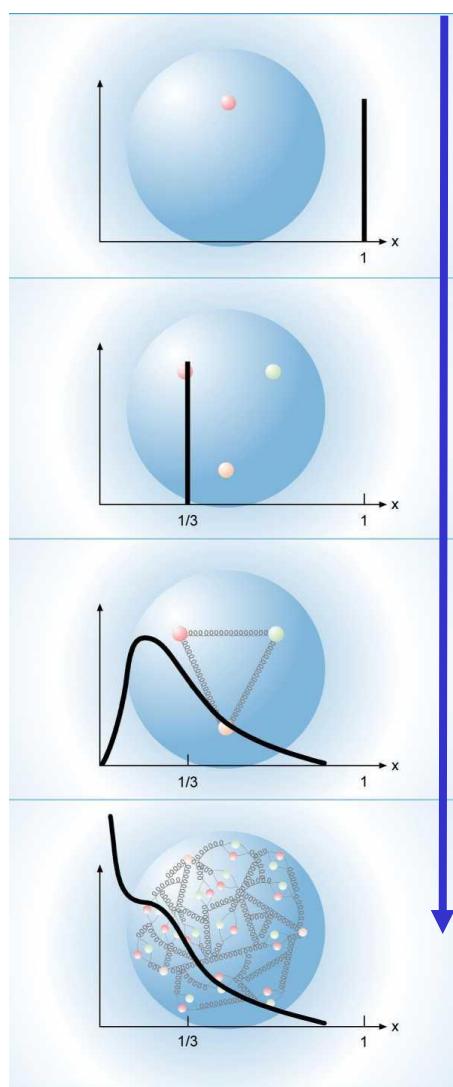
Room for Orbital Angular Momentum (OAM)



Significantly improved constraints of OAM contribution

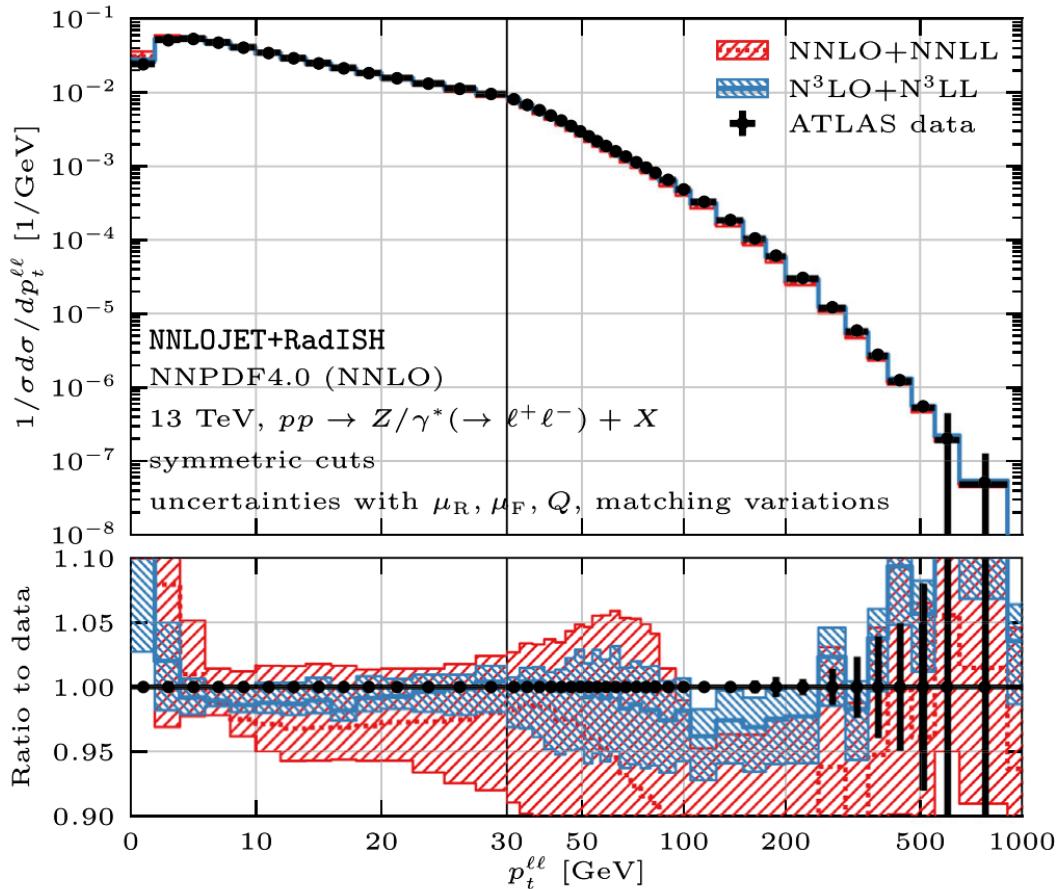
EIC Yellow report: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2103.05419>

Multi-dimensional Partonic Structures



State-of-Art pQCD Calculations

PRL, 128, 252001 (2022)



Why TMDs?

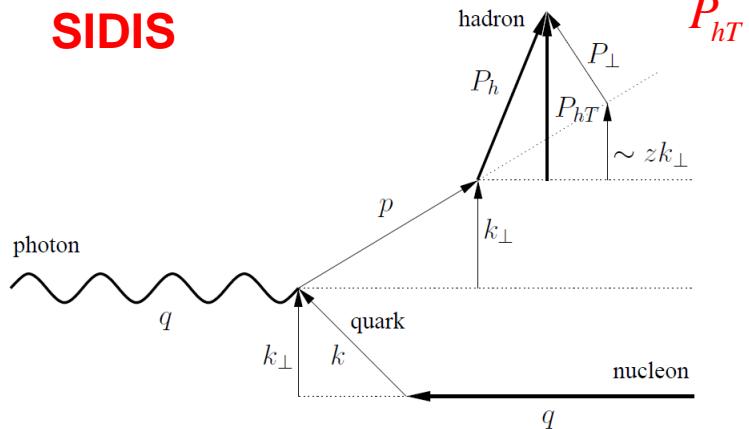
- At large pT, fixed-order pQCD describes the data very well.
- At small pT, pQCD calculation fails due to non-perturbative QCD effect.

<5% deviation for pT>5 GeV!

$$d\sigma_{\text{DY}}^{\text{N}^3\text{LO}+\text{N}^3\text{LL}} \equiv d\sigma_{\text{DY}}^{\text{N}^3\text{LL}} + d\sigma_{\text{DY+jet}}^{\text{NNLO}} - [d\sigma_{\text{DY}}^{\text{N}^3\text{LL}}]_{\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)},$$

Unpolarized Quark Transverse Momentum distributions $f_1^q(x, \mathbf{k}_T^2)$

SIDIS



$$P_{hT} = zk_\perp + P_\perp$$

$$F_{UU,T}(x, z, P_{hT}^2, Q^2) = \sum_a \mathcal{H}_{UU,T}^a(Q^2)$$

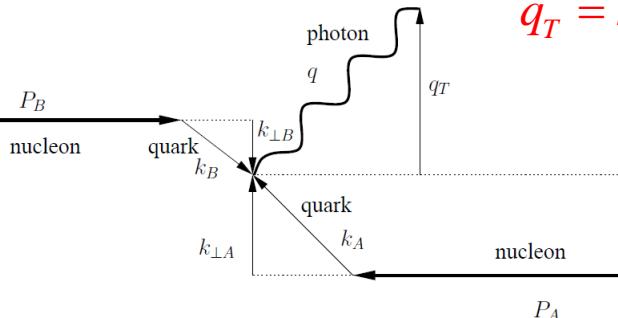
$$\times x \int d^2 k_\perp d^2 P_\perp [f_1^a(x, k_\perp^2; Q^2) D_1^{a-h}(z, P_\perp^2; Q^2)] \delta^{(2)}(zk_\perp - P_{hT} + P_\perp) \\ + Y_{UU,T}(Q^2, P_{hT}^2) + \mathcal{O}(M^2/Q^2).$$

FF

k_\perp : intrinsic parton transverse momentum

P_\perp : transverse momentum gained during fragmentation

Drell-Yan



$$q_T = k_{\perp A} + k_{\perp B}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ^2 dq_T^2 d\eta} = \sigma_0^{\gamma, Z} \left(F_{UU}^1 + \frac{1}{2} F_{UU}^2 \right)$$

$$F_{UU}^1(x_A, x_B, q_T^2, Q^2) = \sum_a \mathcal{H}_{UU}^{1a}(Q^2)$$

$$\times x_A x_B \int d^2 k_{\perp A} d^2 k_{\perp B} [f_1^a(x_A, k_{\perp A}^2; Q^2) f_1^{\bar{a}}(x_B, k_{\perp B}^2; Q^2)] \delta^{(2)}(k_{\perp A} - q_T + k_{\perp B}) \\ + Y_{UU}^1(Q^2, q_T^2) + \mathcal{O}(M^2/Q^2).$$

Parameterizations of TMDs

$$f_{1\text{NP}}^a(x, \mathbf{k}_\perp^2) = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{(1 + \lambda \mathbf{k}_\perp^2)}{g_{1a} + \lambda g_{1a}^2} e^{-\frac{\mathbf{k}_\perp^2}{g_{1a}}} , \quad \text{a: parton flavor}$$

FF

$$D_{1\text{NP}}^{a \rightarrow h}(z, \mathbf{P}_\perp^2) = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{1}{g_{3a \rightarrow h} + (\lambda_F/z^2) g_{4a \rightarrow h}^2} \left(e^{-\frac{\mathbf{P}_\perp^2}{g_{3a \rightarrow h}}} + \lambda_F \frac{\mathbf{P}_\perp^2}{z^2} e^{-\frac{\mathbf{P}_\perp^2}{g_{4a \rightarrow h}}} \right) .$$

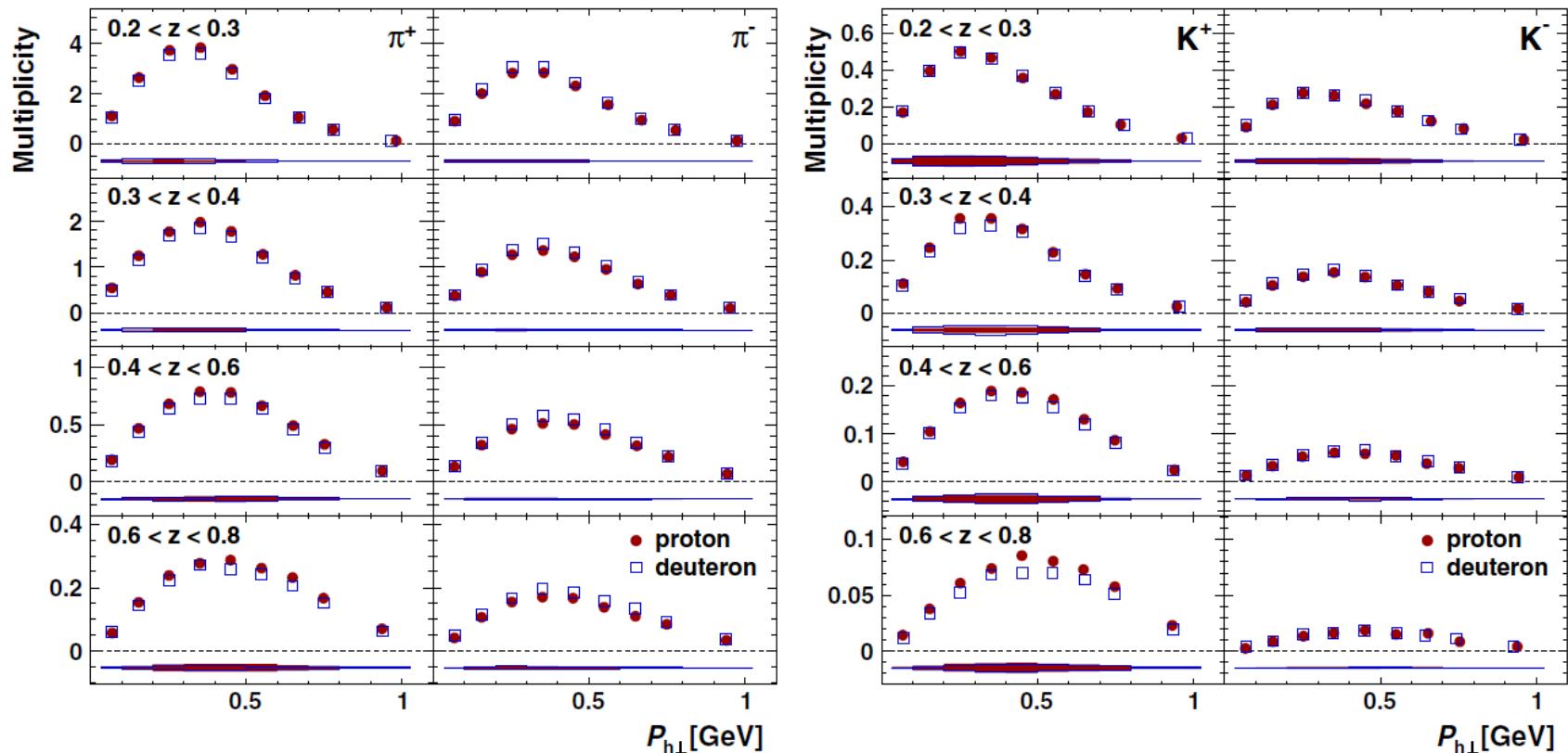
$$g_1(x) = N_1 \frac{(1-x)^\alpha \ x^\sigma}{(1-\hat{x})^\alpha \ \hat{x}^\sigma}$$

$$g_{3,4}(z) = N_{3,4} \frac{(z^\beta + \delta) (1-z)^\gamma}{(\hat{z}^\beta + \delta) (1-\hat{z})^\gamma}$$

$$\langle \mathbf{k}_\perp^2 \rangle(x) = \frac{g_1(x) + 2\lambda g_1^2(x)}{1 + \lambda g_1(x)}$$

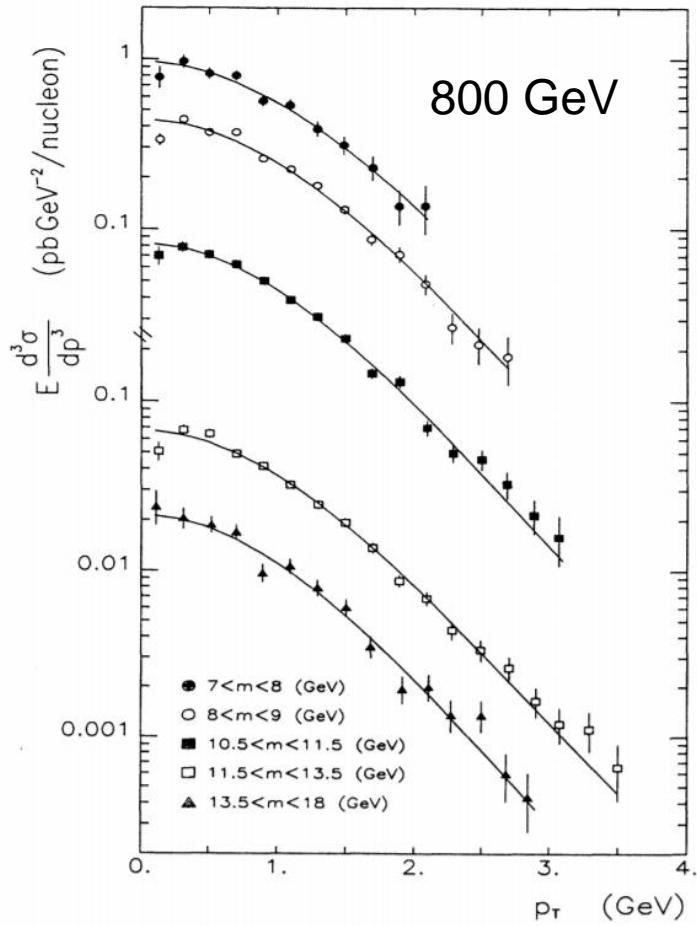
$$\langle \mathbf{P}_\perp^2 \rangle(z) = \frac{g_3^2(z) + 2\lambda_F g_4^3(z)}{g_3(z) + \lambda_F g_4^2(z)}$$

SIDIS

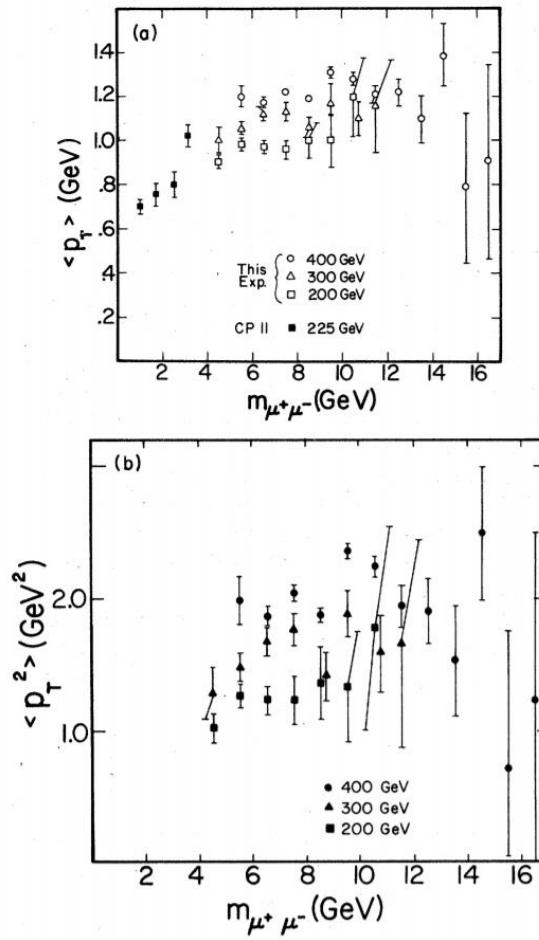


HERMES: PRD 87, 074029 (2013) [arXiv:1212.5407]

Fixed-Target Drell-Yan

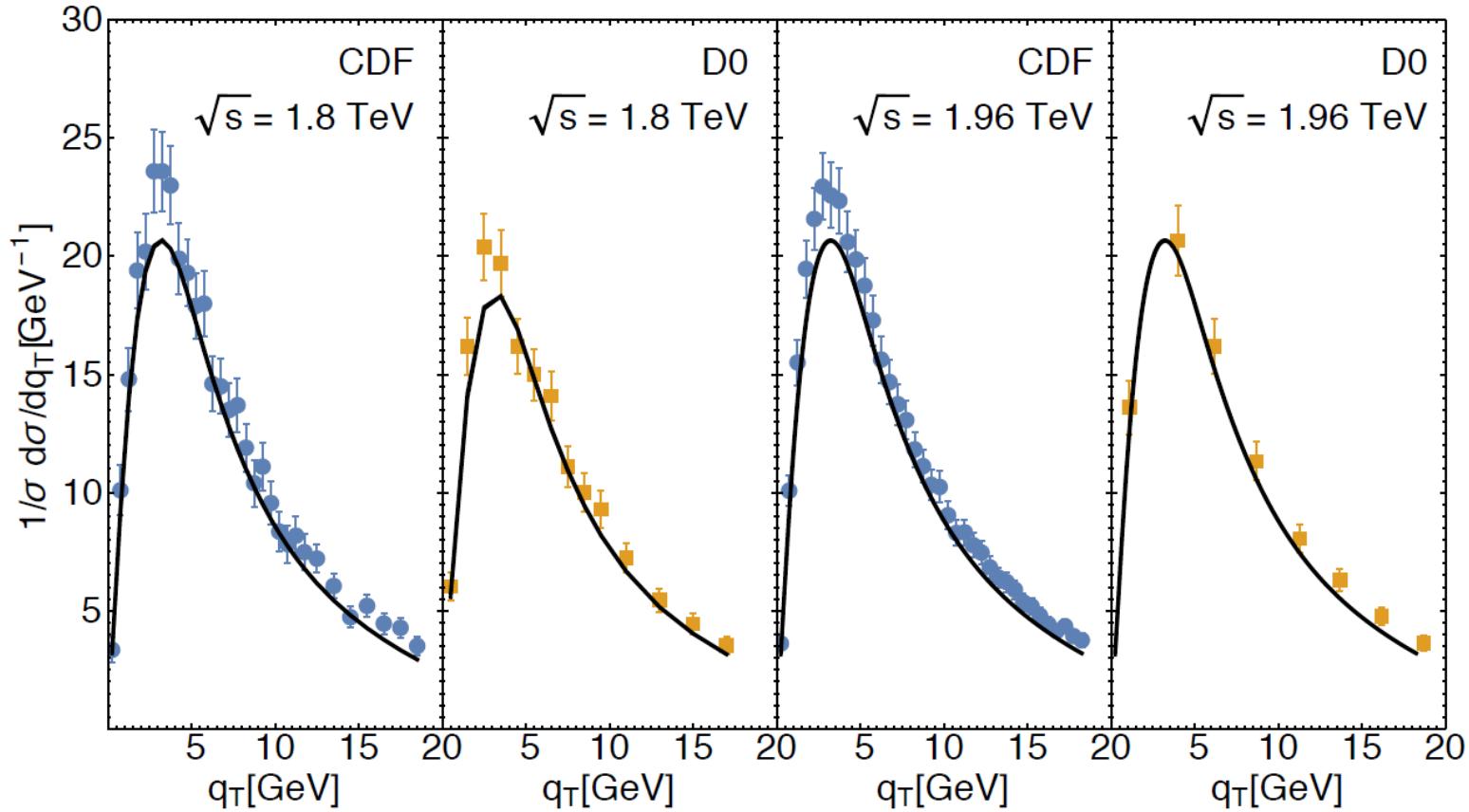


E615, Phys. Rev. D43, 2815 (1991)



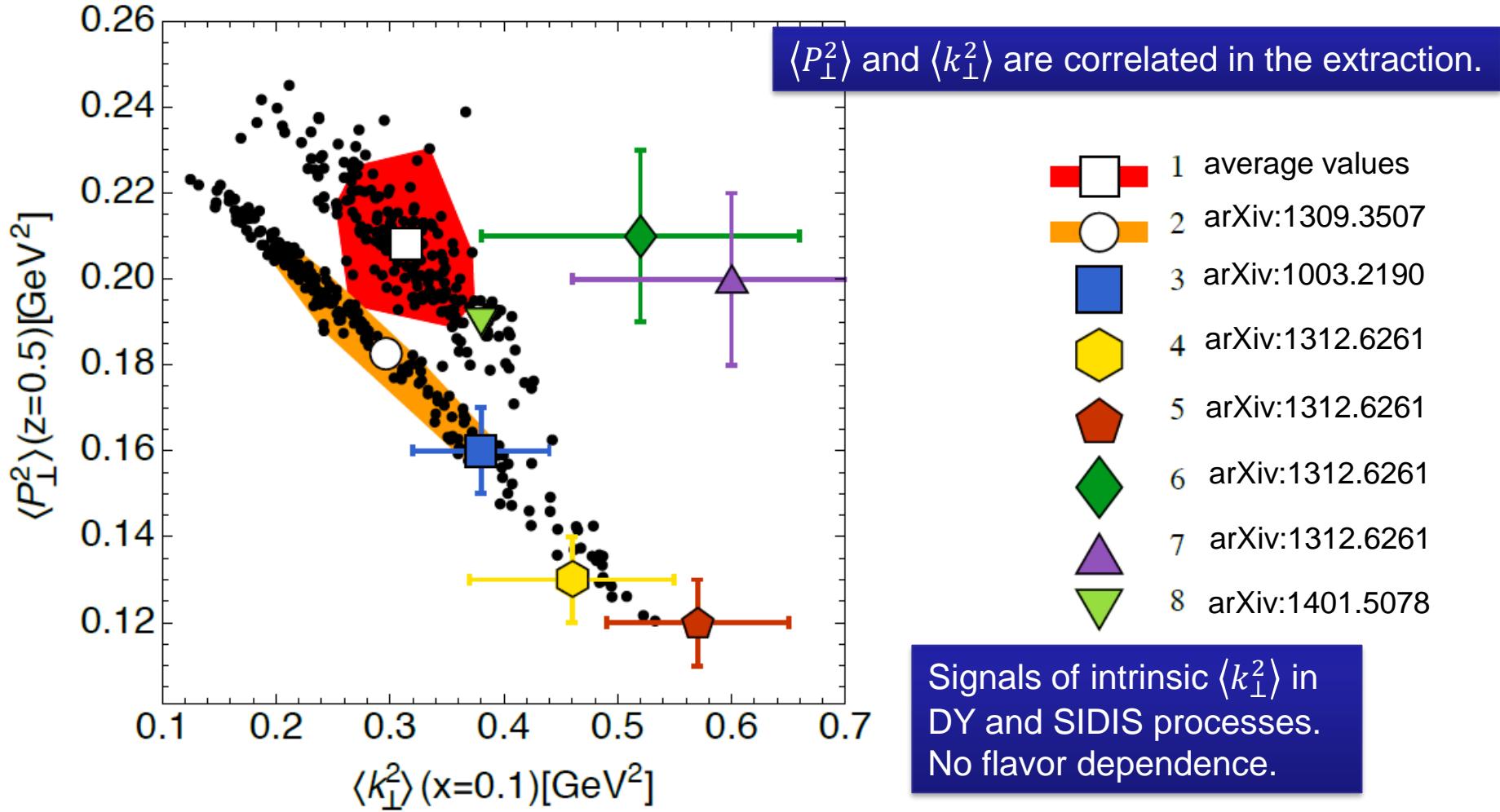
E288, Phys. Rev. D23, 604 (1981) 24

Collider Z Production



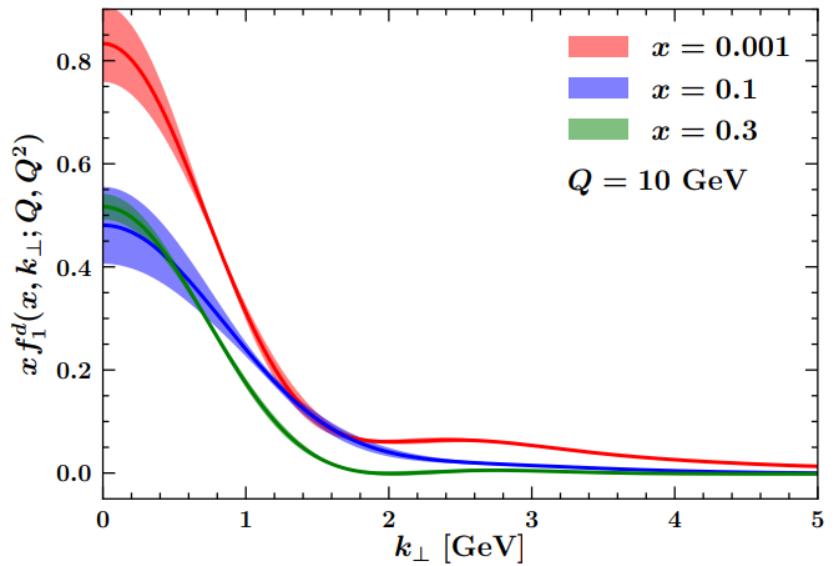
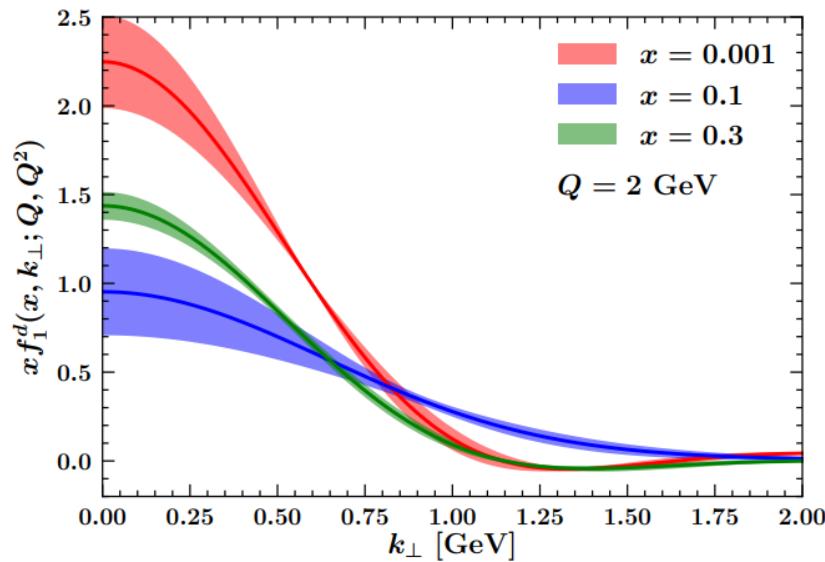
Global Analysis of $f_1^q(x, \textcolor{red}{k}_T^2)$

FFs for SIDIS: NLO DSEHS for π ; LO DSS for K.



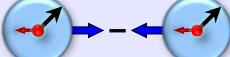
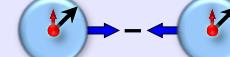
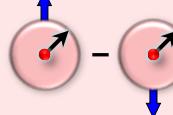
Global Analysis of $f_1^q(x, \textcolor{red}{k}_T^2)$

Drell-Yan ONLY



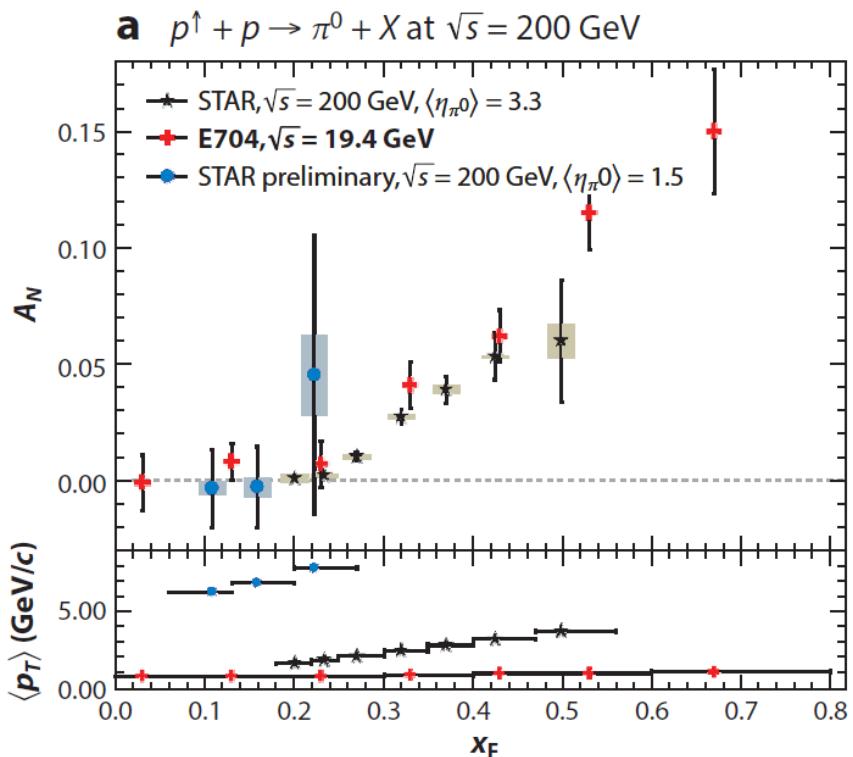
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1912.07550>

Leading-Twist Transverse-momentum Dependent Parton Density Function (TMDs)

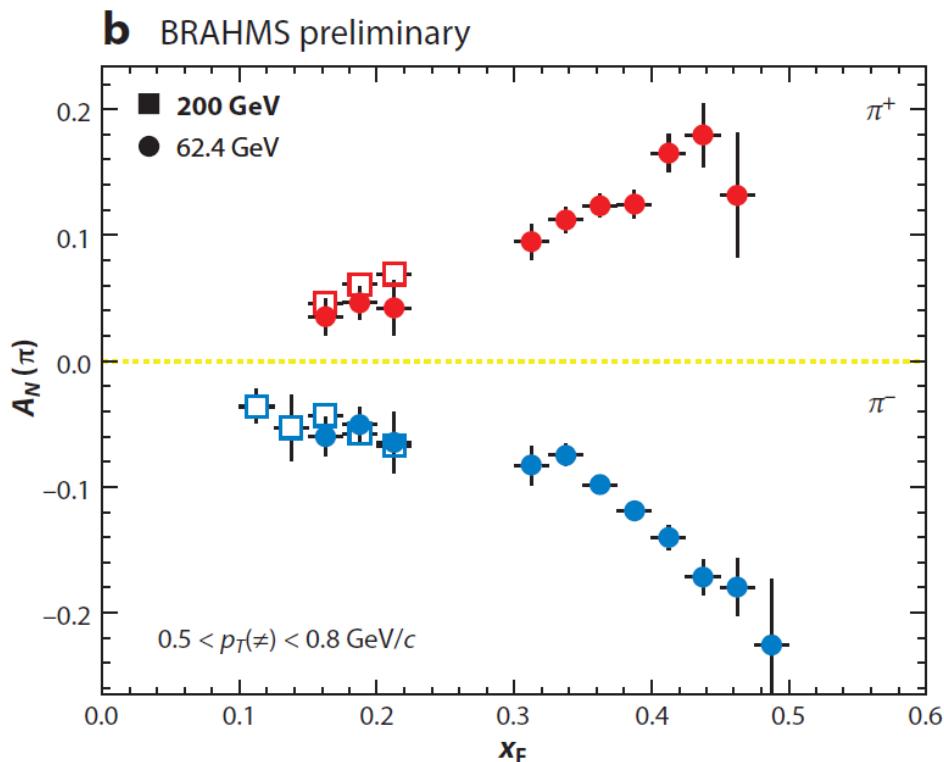
Quark, Gluon		U	L	T
Nucleon				
spin of the nucleon				
spin of the parton				
k_T of the parton				
U		 number density $f_1^{q,g}(x, k_T^2)$		 Boer-Mulders $h_1^{\perp q,g}(x, k_T^2)$
L			 Helicity $g_{1L}^{q,g}(x, k_T^2)$	 worm-gear L $h_{1L}^{\perp q,g}(x, k_T^2)$
T		 Sivers $f_{1T}^{\perp q,g}(x, k_T^2)$	 Kotzinian- Mulders worm-gear T $g_{1T}^{\perp q,g}(x, k_T^2)$	 Transversity $h_1^{q,g}(x, k_T^2)$  Pretzelosity $h_{1T}^{\perp q,g}(x, k_T^2)$

Transverse Single Spin Asymmetry

Left/Right Asymmetry



$$A_N = \frac{d\sigma(S_\perp) - d\sigma(-S_\perp)}{d\sigma(S_\perp) + d\sigma(-S_\perp)}$$

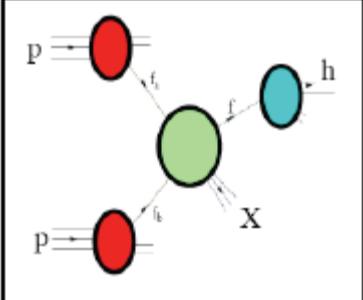
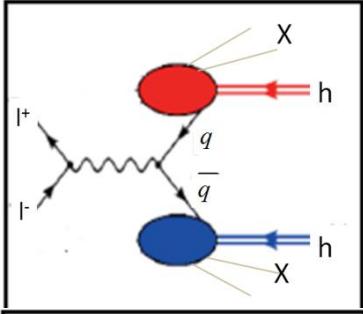
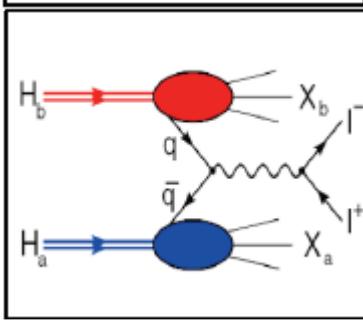
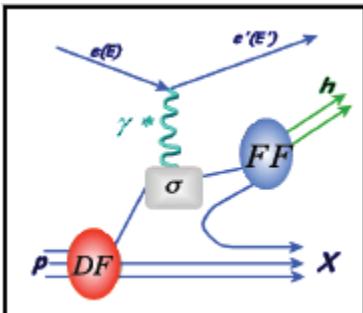


<https://arxiv.org/abs/1510.06783>

Accessing TMDs

SIDIS: $ep \rightarrow e h X$

$$\sigma^{ep \rightarrow ehX} = \sum_q (DF) \otimes (\sigma^{eq \rightarrow eq}) \otimes (FF)$$



Drell-Yan: $pp \rightarrow e^+ e^- X$

$$\sigma^{pp \rightarrow eeX} = \sum_q (DF) \otimes (DF) \otimes (\sigma^{qq \rightarrow ee})$$

Dihadron in $e^+ e^-$: $e^+ e^- \rightarrow h_1 h_2 X$

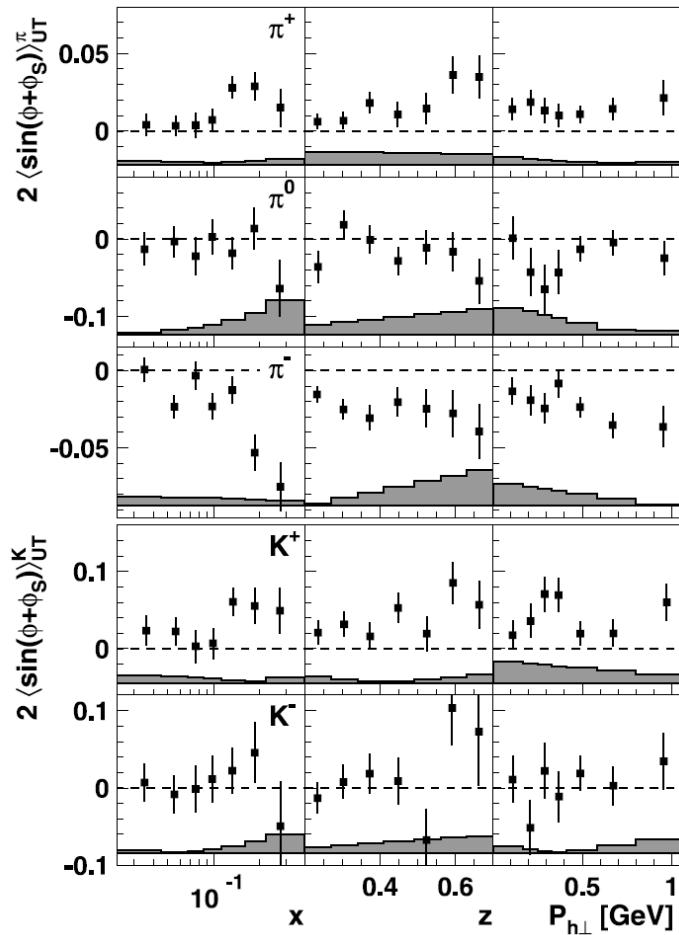
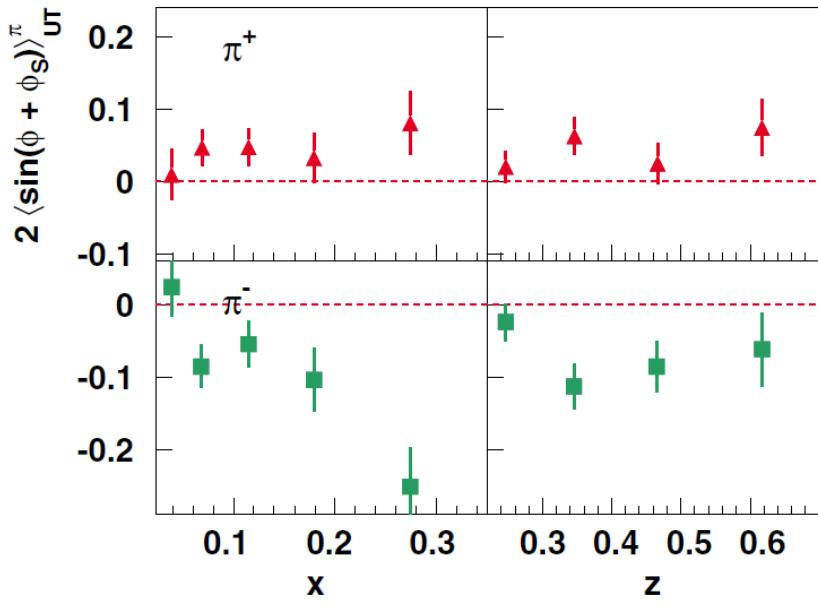
$$\sigma^{ee \rightarrow hhX} = \sum_q (\sigma^{qq \rightarrow ee}) \otimes (FF) \otimes (FF)$$

Hadron production in pp: $pp \rightarrow hX$

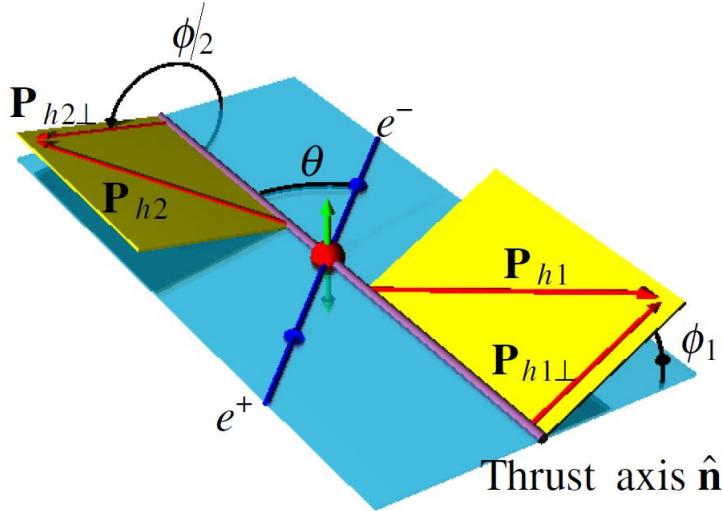
$$\sigma^{pp \rightarrow hX} = \sum_q (DF) \otimes (DF) \otimes (\sigma^{qq \rightarrow qq}) \otimes (FF)$$



Collins Azimuthal Asymmetry off Polarized Protons

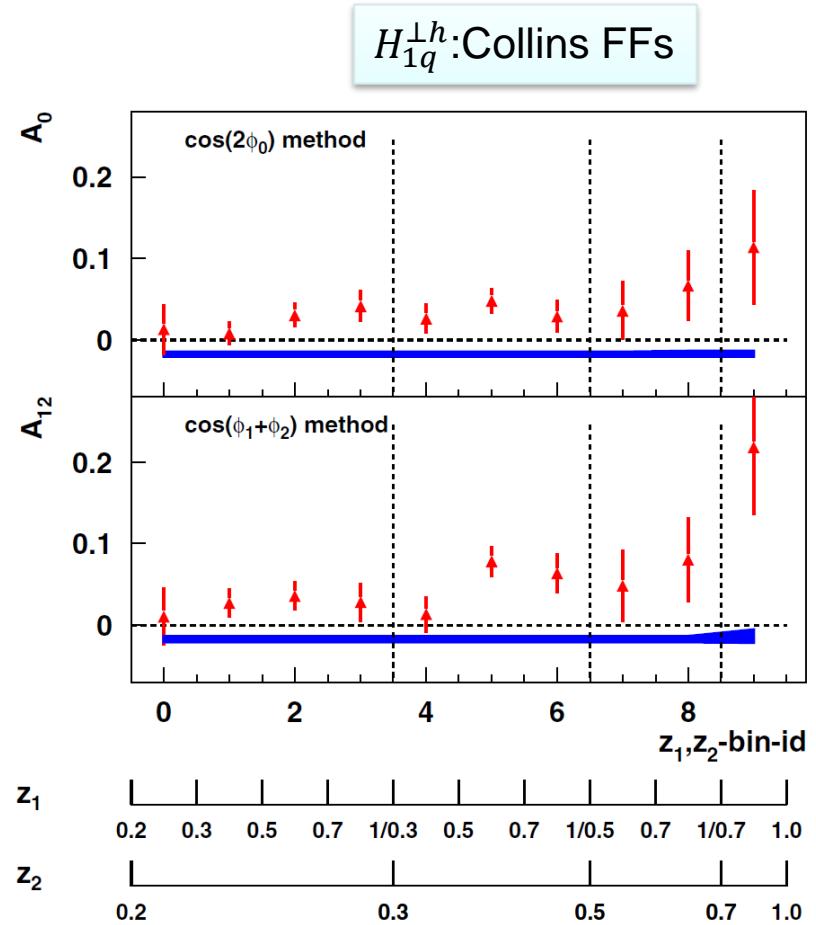


Belle: Two-pion Azimuthal Correlation

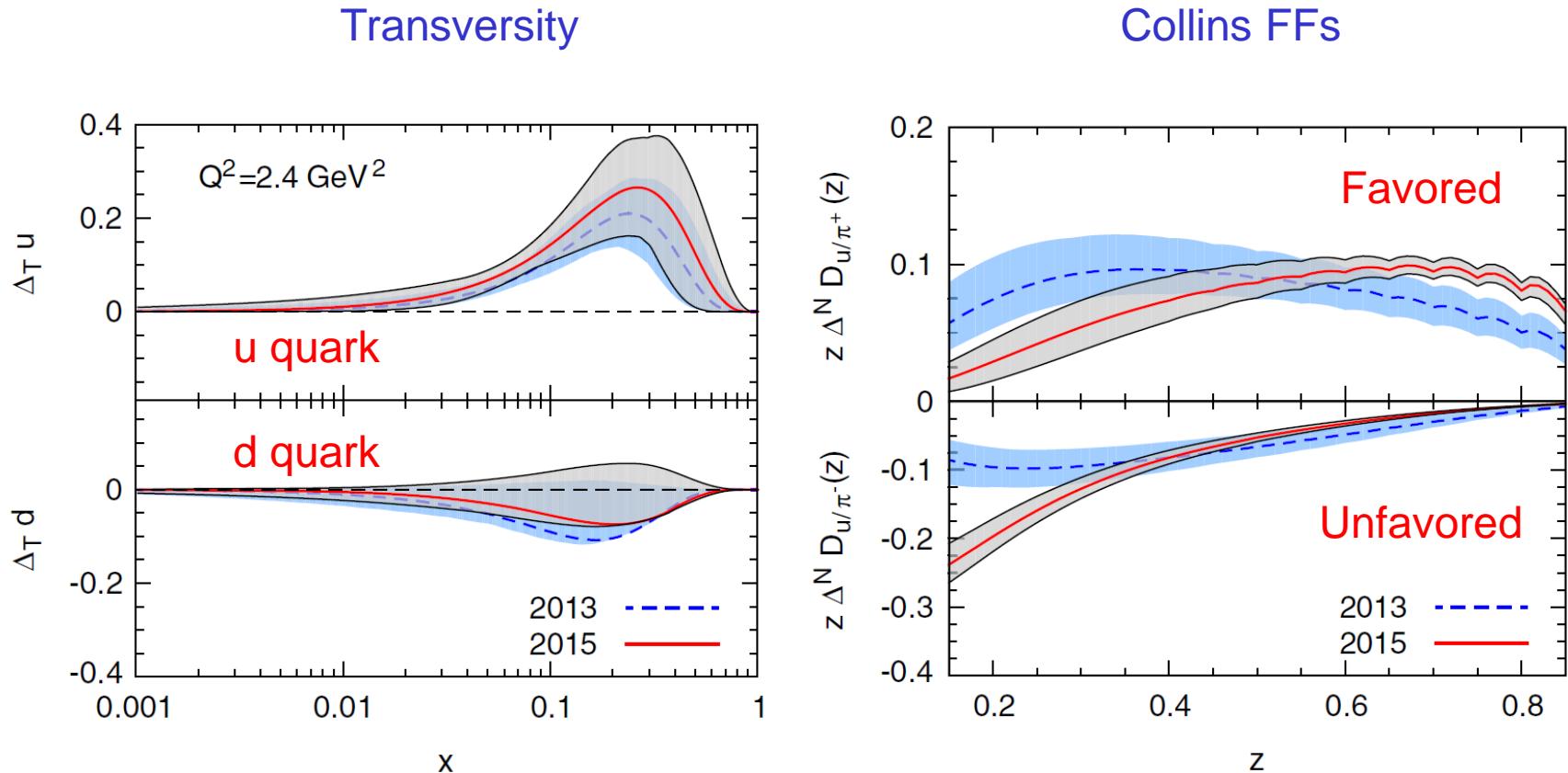


$$\frac{R^{unlike-sign}}{R^{like-sign}} = 1 + A \cos(2\phi) \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{1 + \cos^2 \theta}$$

$$A_0, A_{12} \propto \left\{ \frac{f(H_1^{\perp, \text{fav}} \bar{H}_1^{\perp, \text{fav}} + H_1^{\perp, \text{dis}} \bar{H}_1^{\perp, \text{dis}})}{(D_1^{\text{fav}} \bar{D}_1^{\text{fav}} + D_1^{\text{dis}} \bar{D}_1^{\text{dis}})} - \frac{f(H_1^{\perp, \text{fav}} \bar{H}_1^{\perp, \text{dis}})}{(D_1^{\text{fav}} \bar{D}_1^{\text{dis}})} \right\};$$



Extraction of Transversity and Collins FFs from SIDIS, Belle and Barbar data



Anselmino et al., PRD 92, 114023 (2015) [arXiv:1510.05389]

Signals of transversity and Collins FFs s in SIDIS and ee processes.
Flavor dependence.

Nucleon Tensor Charge from Extracted Transversity

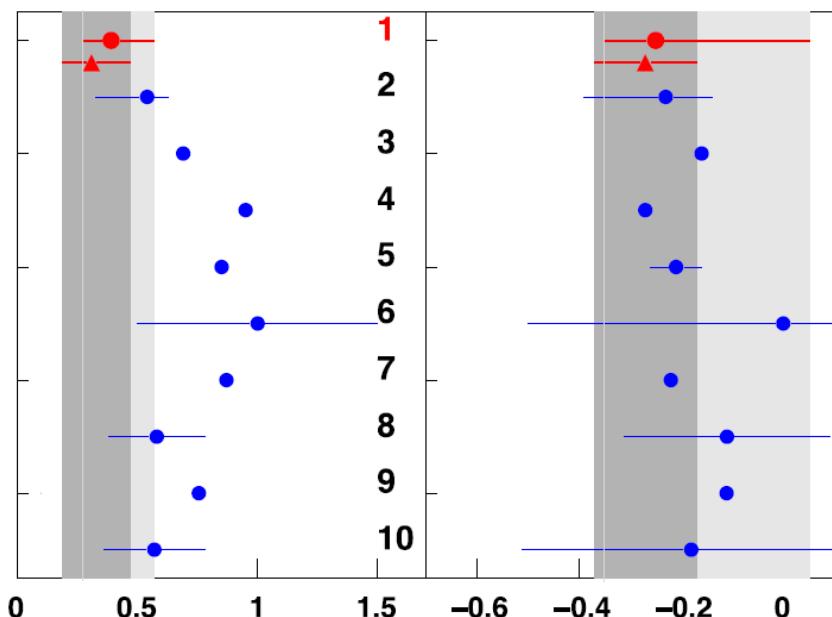
Tensor Charge $\delta q = \int_0^1 [\Delta_T q(x) - \Delta_T \bar{q}(x)] dx$

$$\bullet \delta u = 0.39^{+0.18}_{-0.12}$$

$$\blacktriangle \delta u = 0.31^{+0.16}_{-0.12}$$

$$\bullet \delta d = -0.25^{+0.30}_{-0.10}$$

$$\blacktriangle \delta d = -0.27^{+0.10}_{-0.10}$$



$$\Delta u = 0.787$$

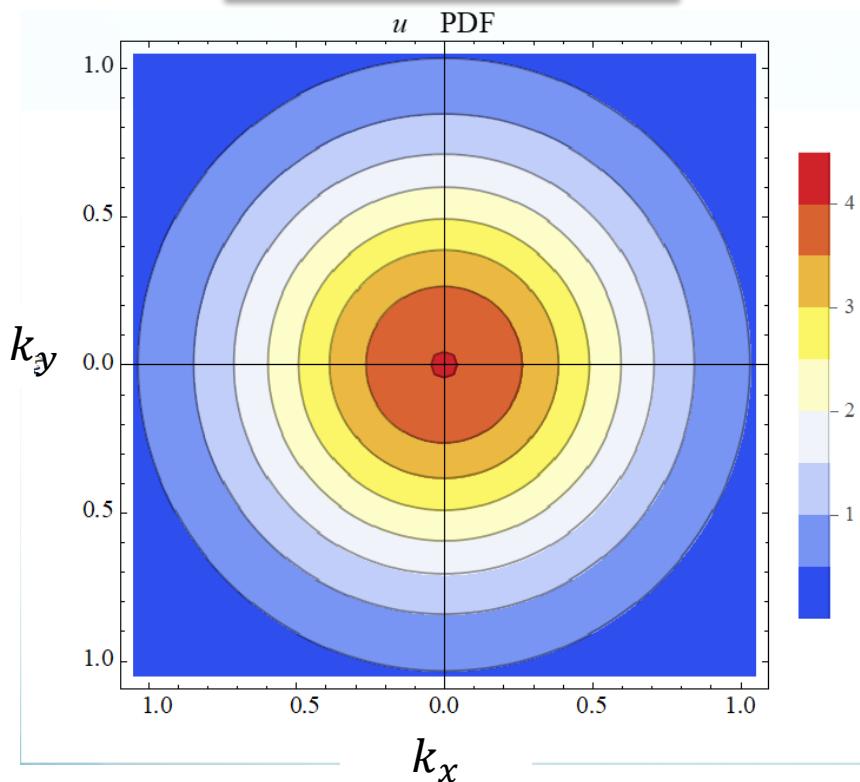
$$\Delta d = -0.319$$

- Tensor charges:
 - 1 : Extractions from global fits (using two different Collins FF parameterizations)
 - 2-10: Predictions from various models (including LQCD)
 - Discrepancy could be caused by neglecting sea quark transversity in the fit
- Tensor charges are smaller than axial charge.

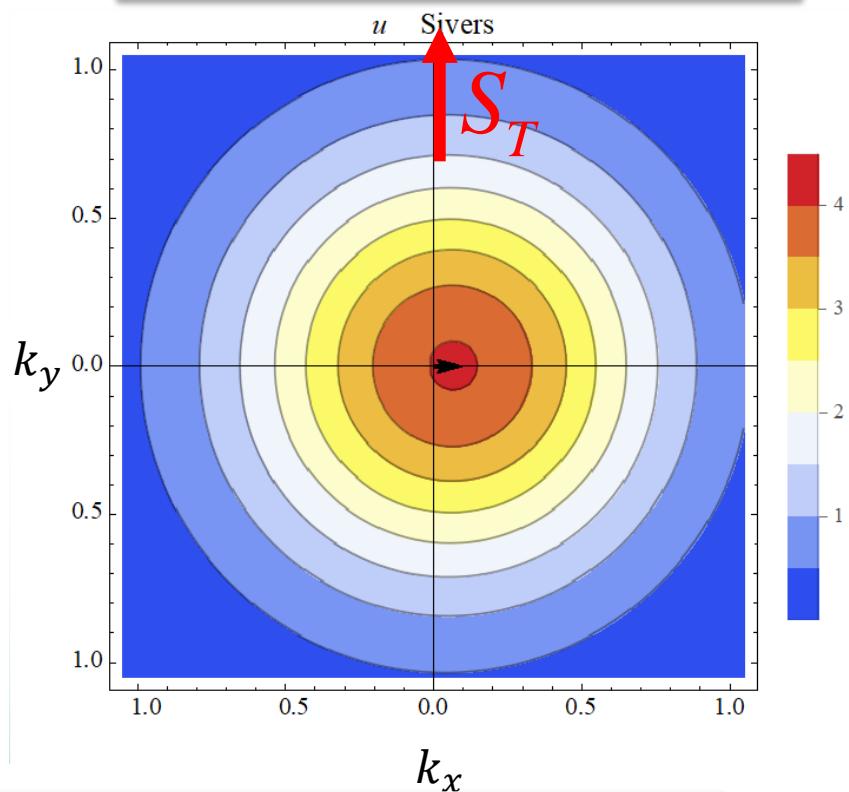
TMD Sivers Function

$$f_{q/p\uparrow}(x, k_T, \vec{S}_T) = f_{q/p}(x, k_T) - \frac{1}{M} f_{1T}^{\perp q}(x, k_T) \vec{S}_T \cdot (\hat{p}_N \times k_T)$$

Unpolarized proton



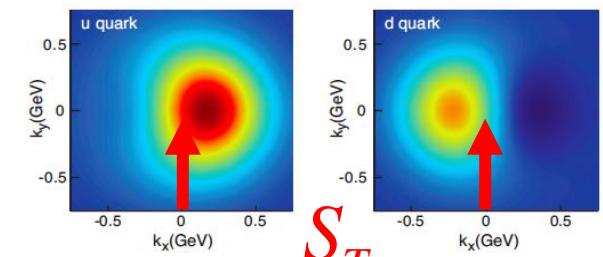
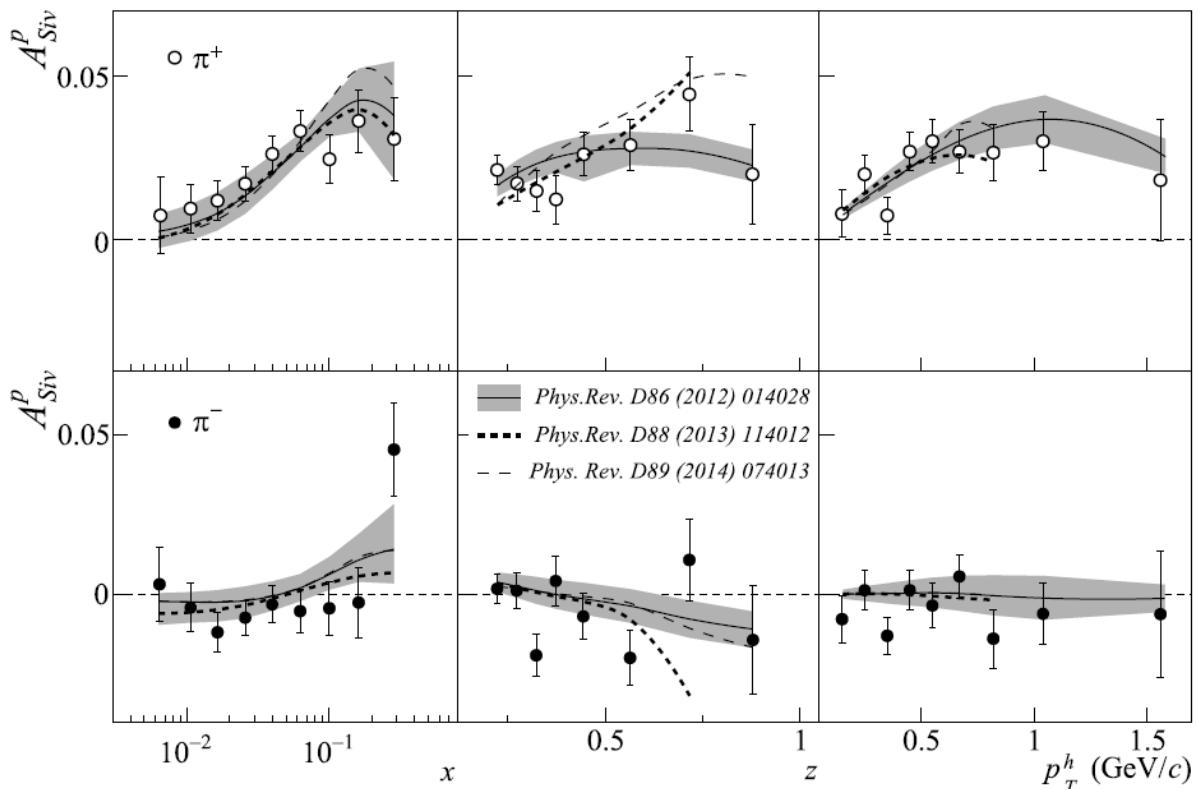
Transversely-polarized proton



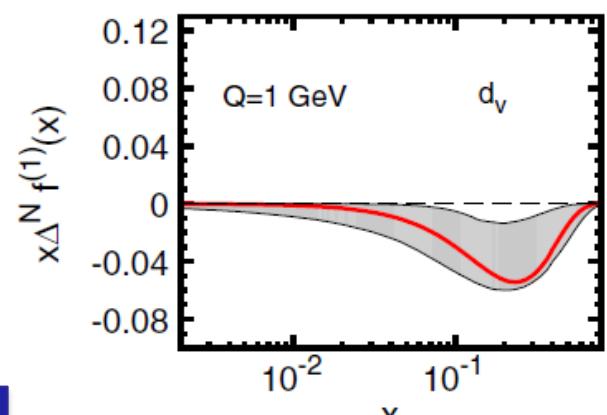
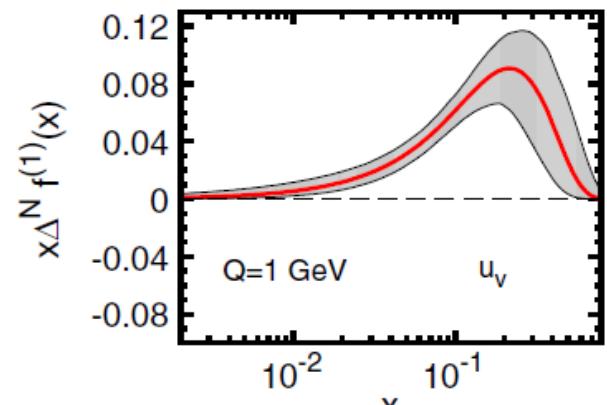
- A nonzero Sivers function is considered to be strong evidence for the presence of quark orbital angular momentum.

Nonzero Sivers Asymmetries from SIDIS

COMPASS, PLB 744 (2015) 250



S_T
Sivers Functions



Signals of Sivers functions in SIDIS.
Flavor dependence.

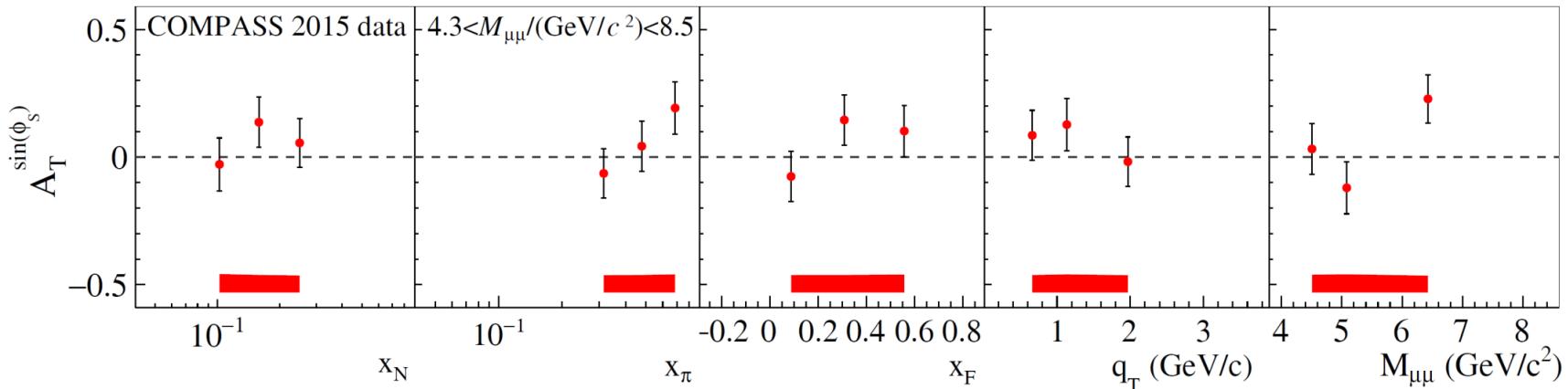
Sivers Asymmetry in Drell-Yan:

$$\frac{d\sigma^{LO}}{d^4 q d\Omega}$$

$$= \frac{\alpha_{em}^2}{F q^2} \hat{\sigma}_U^{LO} \left\{ \left(1 + D_{[\sin^2 \theta]}^{LO} A_U^{\cos 2\phi} \cos 2\phi \right) \right.$$

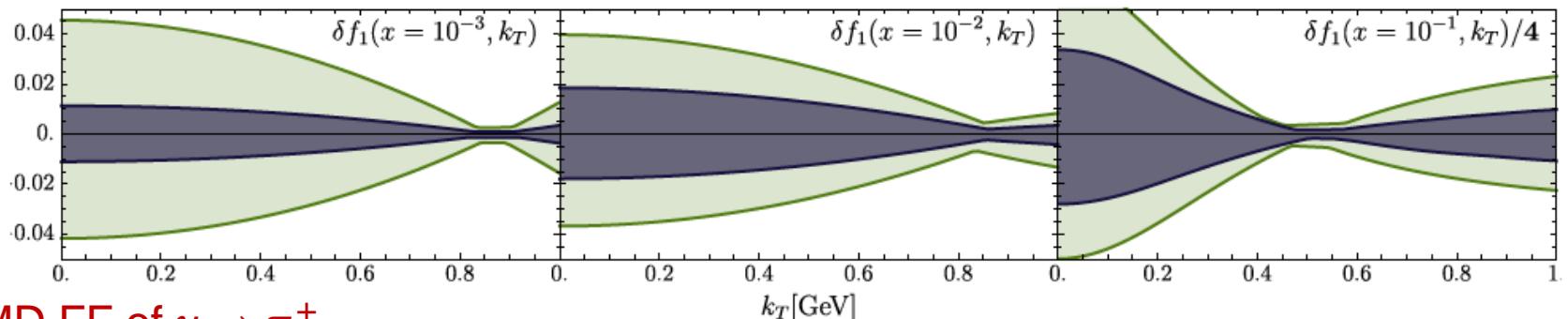
$$+ |\vec{S}_T| \left[A_T^{\sin \phi_s} \sin \phi_s \right]$$

$$\left. + D_{[\sin^2 \theta]}^{LO} \left(A_T^{\sin(2\phi + \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi + \phi_s) + A_T^{\sin(2\phi - \phi_s)} \sin(2\phi - \phi_s) \right) \right\}$$

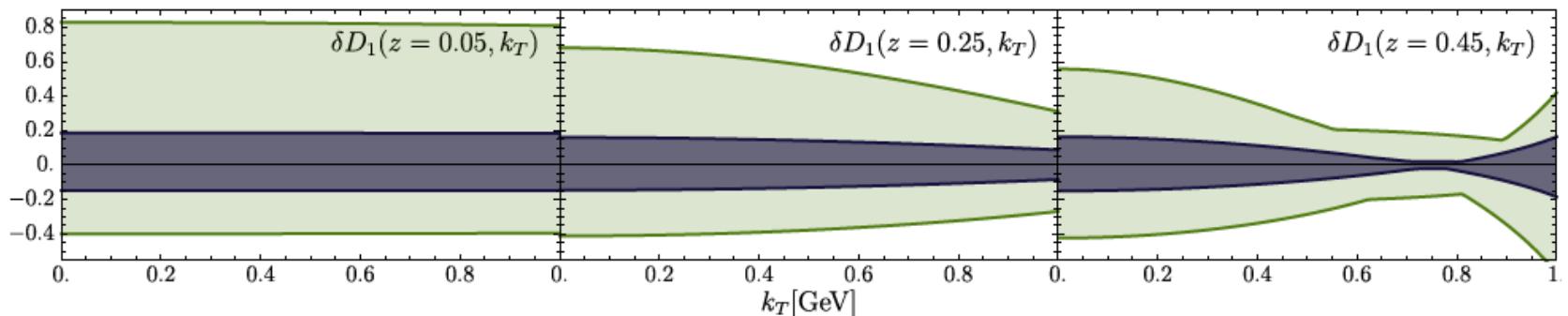


Unpolarized TMDs at EIC (SIDIS)

Unpolarized TMD of u



TMD FF of $u \rightarrow \pi^+$

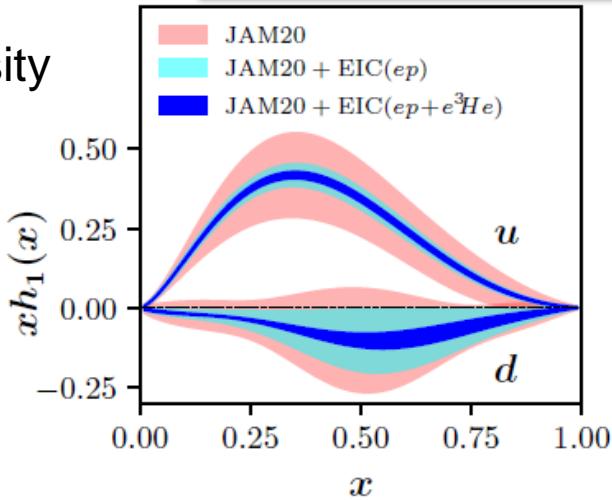


Significantly Improved uncertainties of unpolarized TMDs at small x

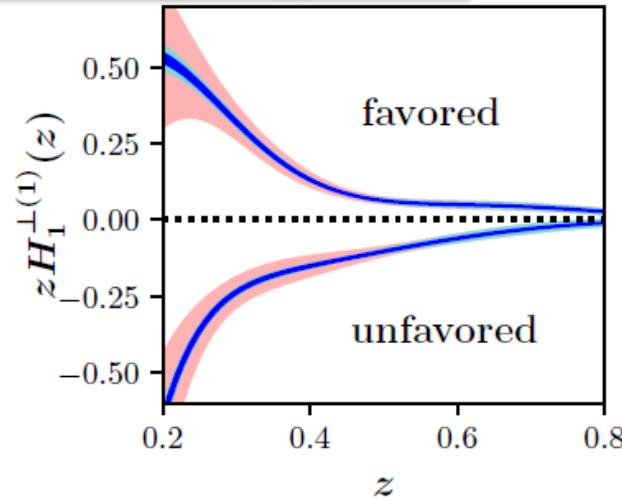
Polarized TMDs at EIC (SIDIS)

Significantly Improved uncertainties of transversity

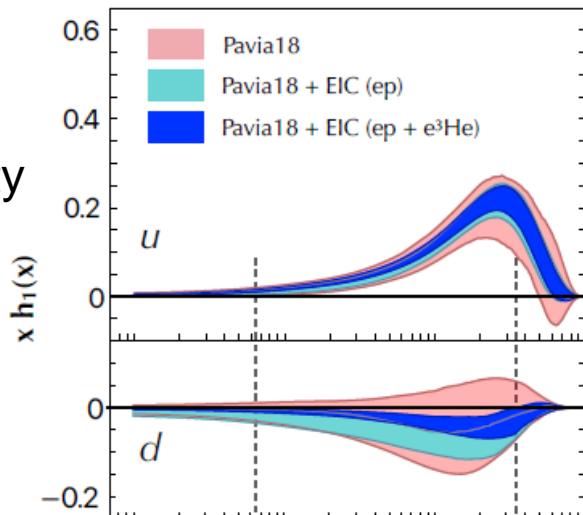
Transversity



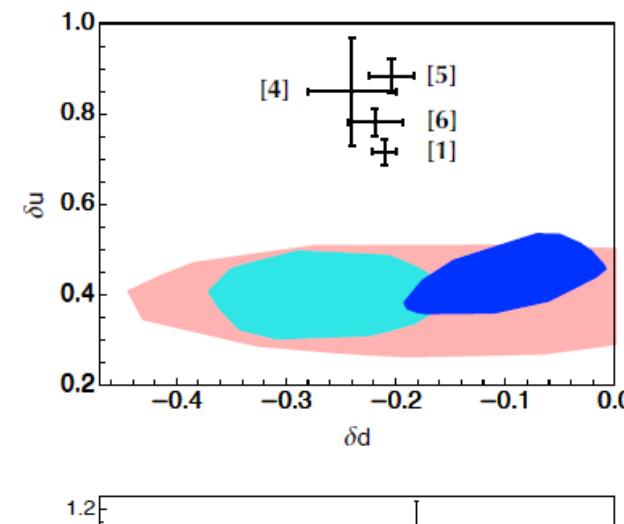
Collins FF



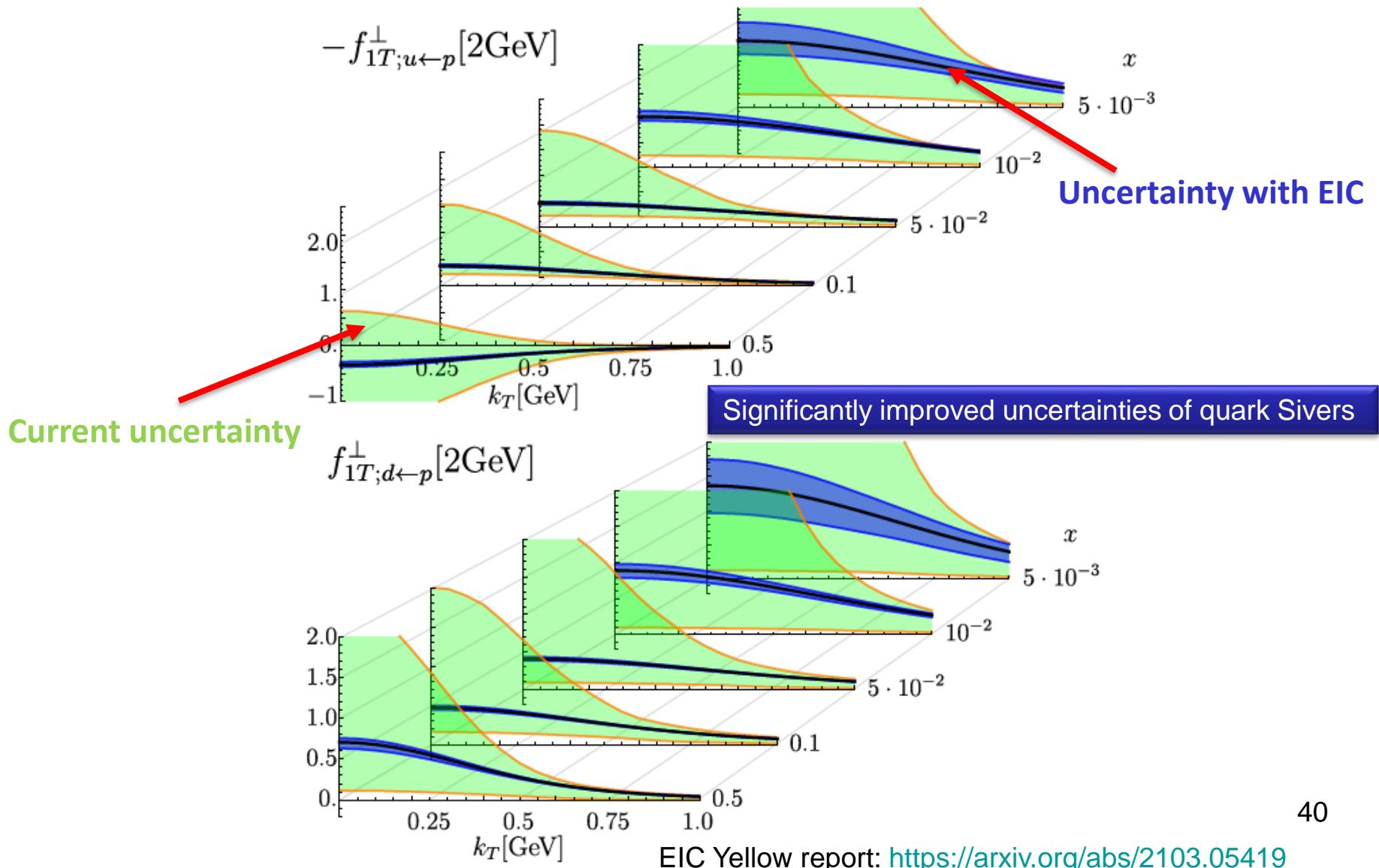
Transversity



Tensor charge



Quark Sivers at EIC (SIDIS)



What EIC could help PDFs & TMDs MOST?

- Unpolarized Nuclear PDFs (**DIS**)
 - Sea quark and gluon at small x
- Polarized Nucleon PDFs (**SIDIS**)
 - Quark, sea quark and gluon at small x
- TMDs (**SIDIS**)
 - Transversity and Sivers
- Pion and Kaon PDFs (**tagged-DIS**)
- Trace anomaly (**threshold Jpsi and Upsilon photoproduction**)

Review Articles

- Unpolarized PDFs:
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/1709.04922>
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/1905.06957>
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.07722>
- Polarized PDFs:
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/1209.2803>
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/1807.05250>
- TMDs:
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/1507.05267>
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/1510.06783>
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/1607.02521>
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.05415>
- GPDs:
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0106012>
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0307382>
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/1303.6600>
 - <https://arxiv.org/abs/1602.02763>